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To: Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL - UTILITY

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is a **utility** patent application:

Inventor(s): Jerry Pelletier, Philippe Gros, Michael DuBow

Title: DEVELOPMENT OF NOVEL ANTI-MICROBIAL AGENTS BASED ON
BACTERIOPHAGE GENOMICS

I. PAPERS ENCLOSED HEREWITH FOR FILING UNDER 37 CFR § 1.53(b):

- 68 Page(s) of Written Description
- 6 Page(s) Claims
- 1 Page(s) Abstract
- 143 Page(s) Tables
- 8 Sheets of Drawings ☐ Informal ☒ Formal

II. ADDITIONAL PAPERS ENCLOSED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS FILING:

- ☐ Declaration
- ☐ Power of Attorney ☐ Separate ☐ Combined with Declaration
- ☐ Assignment to _____ and assignment cover sheet
- ☐ Verified Statement establishing "**Small Entity**" under 37 CFR §§ 1.9 and 1.27
- ☐ Priority Document No(s):
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement w/PTO 1449 ☐ Copy of Citations
- ☐ Preliminary Amendment

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Respectfully submitted,

LYON & LYON LLP

Dated: 2 December 1999

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APPLICATION
FOR
U.S. LETTERS PATENT
DEVELOPMENT OF NOVEL ANTI-MICROBIAL AGENTS
BASED ON BACTERIOPHAGE GENOMICS

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DESCRIPTION

Development of Novel Anti-Microbial Agents Based on Bacteriophage Genomics

RELATED APPLICATIONS

5 This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 09/407,804, filed September 28, 1999, entitled DNA SEQUENCES FROM STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS BACTERIOPHAGE 77 THAT ENCODE ANTI-MICROBIAL POLYPEPTIDES, and claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/110,992, filed December 3, 1999, entitled DEVELOPMENT OF NOVEL
10 ANTIMICROBIAL AGENTS BASED ON BACTERIOPHAGE GENOMICS, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties, including drawings.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 The present invention relates to the field of antibacterial agents and the treatment of infections of animals or other complex organisms by bacteria.

 The frequency and spectrum of antibiotic-resistant infections have, in recent years, increased in both the hospital and community. Certain infections have become
20 essentially untreatable and are growing to epidemic proportions in the developing world as well as in institutional settings in the developed world. The staggering spread of antibiotic resistance in pathogenic bacteria has been attributed to microbial genetic characteristics, widespread use of antibiotic drugs, and changes in society that enhance the transmission of drug-resistant organisms. This spread of drug resistant
25 microbes is leading to ever increasing morbidity, mortality and health-care costs.

 Ironically, it is the very success of antibiotics, resulting in their widespread use, that has contributed the most to rising numbers of drug resistant bacterial strains. The longer a bacterial strain is exposed to a drug, the more likely it is to acquire resistance. Today, a total of 160 antibiotics, all based on a few basic chemical
30 structures and targeting a small number of metabolic pathways, have found their way to market. Over-prescription of these drugs, as well as the failure of patients to comply with the complete antibiotic regimen, has lead to the rapid emergence of antibiotic resistant strains. Such misuse of prescriptions, careless use of antibiotics in virtually all commercial production of beef and fowl, and changing societal
35 conditions, such as the growth of day-care centers, increased long-term care in hospitals, and increased mobility of the population, has provided an environment

where drug-resistant microbes can emerge and spread. Thus, virtually all common infectious bacteria are becoming, or have already become, resistant to one or more groups of antibiotics. Such resistance now reaches all classes of antibiotics currently in use, including: β -lactams, fluoroquinolones, aminoglycosides, macrolide peptides, chloramphenicol, tetracyclines, rifampicin, folate inhibitors, glycopeptides, and mupirocin.

Over the last 45 years bacteria have adapted genetically to avoid the destruction/alteration of the essential pathways that these chemotherapeutic agents target. Antibiotic resistant bacterial strains are now emerging at a higher rate than the rate at which new antibiotics are being developed. The consequence of this dilemma has been a dramatic increase in the cost of treating infections what would otherwise easily succumb to routine antibiotic therapy. Furthermore, and perhaps most importantly, the emergence of multiple drug resistant pathogenic bacteria has led to a significant increase in morbidity and mortality, particularly in institutional settings.

Most major pharmaceutical companies have on-going drug discovery programs for novel anti-microbials. These are based on screens for small molecule inhibitors (natural products, bacterial culture media, libraries of small molecules, combinatorial chemistry) of crucial metabolic pathways of the micro-organism of interest (*e.g.*, bacteria, fungi, parasites, worms). The screening process is largely for cytotoxic compounds and in most cases is not based on a known mechanism of action of the compounds. Pharmaceutical companies have large programs in this area. Classical drug screening programs are being exhausted and many of these pharmaceutical companies are looking towards rational drug design programs.

Several small to mid-size biotechnology companies as well as large pharmaceutical companies have developed systematic high-throughput sequencing programs to decipher the genetic code of specific micro-organisms of interest. The goal is to identify, through sequencing, unique biochemical pathways or intermediates that are unique to the microorganism. Knowledge of this may, in turn, form the rationale for a drug discovery program based on the mechanism of action of the identified enzymes/proteins. Genome Therapeutics Corp., The Institute for Genome Research, Human Genome Sciences Inc., and other companies have such sequencing programs in place. However, one of the most critical steps in this approach is the ascertainment that the identified proteins and biochemical pathways are 1) non-redundant and essential for bacterial survival, and 2) constitute suitable and accessible targets for drug discovery.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

While animals such as humans are, on occasion, infected by pathogenic bacteria, bacteria also have natural enemies. A number of host-specific viruses, known as bacteriophages or phages, infect and kill bacteria in the natural environment. Such bacteriophages generally have small compact genomes and bacteria are their exclusive hosts. Many known bacteria are host to a large number of bacteriophages that have been described in the literature. During the 1940's - 1960's, phage biology was an area of active research. As a testimony to this, the study of phages which infect and inhibit the enteric bacterium *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) contributed much to the early understanding of molecular biology and virology.

This invention utilizes the observation that bacteriophages successfully infect and inhibit or kill host bacteria, targeting a variety of normal host metabolic and physiological traits, some of which are shared by all bacteria, pathogenic and nonpathogenic alike. The term "pathogenic" as used herein denotes a contribution to or implication in disease or a morbid state of an infected organism. The invention thus involves identifying and elucidating the molecular mechanisms by which phages interfere with host bacterial metabolism, an objective being to provide novel targets for drug design. Whether the phage blocks bacterial RNA transcription or translation, or attacks other important metabolic pathways, such as cell wall assembly or membrane integrity, the basic blueprint for a phage's bacteria-inhibiting ability is encoded in its genome and can be unlocked using bioinformatics, functional genomics, and proteomics. By these means, the invention utilizes sequence information from the genomics of bacteriophage to identify novel antimicrobials that can be further used to actively and/or prophylactically treat bacterial infection.

Two important components of the invention thus are: i) the identification of bacteria-inhibiting phage open reading frames ("ORF"s) and corresponding products that can be used to develop antibiotics based on amino acid sequence and secondary structural characteristics of the ORF products, and ii) the use of bacteriophages to map out essential bacterial target genes and homologs, which can in turn lead to the development of suitable anti-microbial agents. These two avenues represent new and general methods for developing novel antimicrobials.

The invention thus concerns the identification of bacteriophage ORFs that supply bacteria-inhibiting functions. In this regard, use of the terms "inhibit", "inhibition", "inhibitory", and "inhibitor" all refer to a function of reducing a biological activity or function. Such reduction in activity or function can, for example, be in connection with a cellular component, *e.g.*, an enzyme, or in

connection with a cellular process, *e.g.*, synthesis of a particular protein, or in connection with an overall process of a cell, *e.g.*, cell growth. In reference to bacterial cell growth, for example, an inhibitory effect (*i.e.*, a bacteria-inhibiting effect) may be bacteriocidal (killing of bacterial cells) or bacteriostatic (*i.e.*, stopping or at least slowing bacterial cell growth). The latter slows or prevents cell growth such that fewer cells of the strain are produced relative to uninhibited cells over a given period of time. From a molecular standpoint, such inhibition may equate with a reduction in the level of, or elimination of, the transcription and/or translation of a specific bacterial target(s), or reduction or elimination of activity of a particular target biomolecule.

It is particularly advantageous to evaluate a plurality of different phage ORFs for inhibitory activity which may be from one, but is preferably from a plurality of different phage. For example, evaluating ORFs from a number of different phage of the same bacterial host provides at least two advantages. One is that the multiple phages will provide identification of a variety of different targets. Second, it is likely that multiple phage will utilize the same cellular target.

As used herein, the terms “bacteriophage” and “phage” are used interchangeably to refer to a virus which can infect a bacterial strain or a number of different bacterial strains.

In the context of this invention, the term “bacteriophage ORF” or “phage ORF” or similar term refers to a nucleotide sequence in or from a bacteriophage. In connection with a particular ORF, the terms refer an open reading frame which has at least 95% sequence identity, preferably at least 97% sequence identity, more preferably at least 98% sequence identity with an ORF from the particular phage identified herein (*e.g.*, with an ORF as identified herein) or to a nucleic acid sequence which has the specified sequence identify percentage with such an ORF sequence.

A first aspect of the invention thus provides a method for identifying a bacteriophage nucleic acid coding region encoding a product active on an essential bacterial target by identifying a nucleic acid sequence encoding a gene product which provides a bacteria-inhibiting function when the bacteriophage infects a host bacterium, preferably one that is an animal or plant pathogen, more preferably a bird or mammalian pathogen, and most preferably a human pathogen. The bacteriophage is an uncharacterized bacteriophage. Thus, the method excludes, for example, phage λ , ϕ x174, m13 and other *E.coli*-specific bacteriophage that have been studied with respect to gene number and/or function. It also excludes, for example, the nucleic acid coding regions described in Tables 13-14, and in preferred embodiments, excludes the phage in which those regions are naturally located. In preferred

embodiments of this and the other aspects of the present invention, the phage is *Staphylococcus aureus* phage 77, 3A, or 96.

In connection with bacteriophage, the term “uncharacterized” means that a certain bacteriophage’s genome has not yet been fully identified such that the genes having function involved in inhibiting host cells have not been identified. In particular, phage for which the description of genomic or protein sequence was first provided herein are uncharacterized. Phage sequences for which host bacteria-inhibiting functions have been identified prior to the filing of the present application (or alternatively prior to the present invention) are specifically excluded from the aspects involving utilization of sequences from uncharacterized bacteriophage, except that aspects may involve a plurality of phage where one or more of those phage are uncharacterized and one or more others have been characterized to some extent. A number of different bacteria-inhibiting phage ORFs are indicated in Tables 12-14. The phage ORFs or sequences identified therein are not within the term “uncharacterized; alternatively, in preferred embodiments the phage containing those ORFs are excluded from this term. Further, any additional phage ORFs (or alternatively the phage which contain those ORFs) which have previously been described in the art as bacteria-inhibiting ORFs are expressly excluded; those ORFs or phage are known to those skilled in the art and the exclusion can be made express by specifically naming such ORFs or phage as needed (likewise for uncharacterized targets as described below). For the sake of brevity, such a listing is not expressly presented, as such information is readily available to those skilled in the art.

Stating that an agent or compound is “active on” a particular cellular target, such as the product of a particular gene, means that the target is an important part of a cellular pathway which includes that target and that the agent acts on that pathway. Thus, in some cases the agent may act on a component upstream or downstream of the stated target, including on a regulator of that pathway or a component of that pathway.

By “essential”, in connection with a gene or gene product, is meant that the host cannot survive without, or is significantly growth compromised, in the absence depletion, or alteration of functional product. An “essential gene” is thus one that encodes a product that is beneficial, or preferably necessary, for cellular growth *in vitro* in a medium appropriate for growth of a strain having a wild-type allele corresponding to the particular gene in question. Therefore, if an essential gene is inactivated or inhibited, that cell will grow significantly more slowly, preferably less than 20%, more preferably less than 10%, most preferably less than 5% of the growth rate of the uninhibited wild-type, or not at all, in the growth medium. Preferably, in

the absence of activity provided by a product of the gene, the cell will not grow at all or will be non-viable, at least under culture conditions similar to the *in vivo* conditions normally encountered by the bacterial cell during an infection. For example, absence of the biological activity of certain enzymes involved in bacterial cell wall synthesis can result in the lysis of cells under normal osmotic conditions, even though protoplasts can be maintained under controlled osmotic conditions. In the context of the invention, essential genes are generally the preferred targets of antimicrobial agents. Essential genes can encode target molecules directly or can encode a product involved in the production, modification, or maintenance of a target molecule.

A “target” refers to a biomolecule that can be acted on by an exogenous agent, thereby modulating, preferably inhibiting, growth or viability of a cell. In most cases such a target will be a nucleic acid sequence or molecule, or a polypeptide or protein. However, other types of biomolecules can also be targets, *e.g.*, membrane lipids and cell wall structural components.

The term “bacterium” refers to a single bacterial strain, and includes a single cell, and a plurality or population of cells of that strain unless clearly indicated to the contrary. In reference to bacteria or bacteriophage, the term “strain” refers to bacteria or phage having a particular genetic content. The genetic content includes genomic content as well as recombinant vectors. Thus, for example, two otherwise identical bacterial cells would represent different strains if each contained a vector, *e.g.*, a plasmid, with different phage ORF inserts.

Preferred embodiments involve expressing at least one recombinant phage ORF(s) in a bacterial host followed by inhibition analysis of that host. Inhibition following expression of the phage ORF is indicative that the product of the ORF is active on an essential bacterial target. Such evaluation can be carried out in a variety of different formats, such as on a support matrix such as a solidified medium in a petri dish, or in liquid culture. Preferably a plurality of phage ORFs are expressed in at least one bacterium. The plurality of phage ORFs can be from one or a plurality of phage. With respect to a single phage or at least one phage in a plurality of phages, the plurality of expressed ORFs preferably represents at least 10%, more preferably at least 20%, 40%, or 60%, still more preferably at least 80% or 90%, and most preferably at least 95% of the ORFs in the phage genome. Preferably, for a plurality of phage, the plurality of expressed ORFs preferably represents at least 10%, more preferably at least 20%, 40%, or 60%, still more preferably at least 80% or 90%, and most preferably at least 95% of the ORFs in the phage genome of each phage. The plurality of phage ORFs can be expressed in a single bacterium, or in a plurality of

bacteria where one ORF is expressed in each bacterium, or in a plurality of bacteria where a plurality of ORFs are expressed in at least one or in all of the plurality of bacteria, or combinations of these.

In embodiments of the above aspect (as well as in other aspects herein) in which a plurality of phage are utilized, a plurality of phage have the same bacterial host species; have different bacterial host species; or both. The plurality of phage includes at least two different phage, preferably at least 3,4,5,6,8,10,15,20, or more different phage. Indeed, more preferably, the plurality of phage will include 50, 75, 100, or more phage. As described herein, the larger number of phage is useful to provide additional target and target evaluation information useful in developing antibacterial agents, for example, by providing identification of a larger range of bacterial targets, and/or providing further indication of the suitability of a particular target (for example, utilization of a target by a number of different unrelated phage can suggest that the target is particularly stable and accessible and effective) and/or can indicate alternate sites on a target which interact with different inhibitors.

Further embodiments involve confirmation of the inhibitor function of the phage ORF, such as by utilizing or incorporating a control(s) designed to confirm the inhibitory nature of the ORF(s) being evaluated. The control can, for example, be provided by expression of an inactive or partially inactive form of the ORF or ORF product, and/or by the absence of expression of the ORF or ORF product in the same or a closely comparable bacterial strain as that used for expression of the test ORF. The reduced level of activity or the absence of active ORF product in the control will thus not provide the inhibition provided by a corresponding inhibitory ORF, or will provide a distinguishably lower level of inhibition. An inactivated or partially inactivated control has a mutation(s), *e.g.*, in the coding region or in flanking regulatory elements, that reduce(s) or eliminate(s) the normal function of the ORF. Thus, the inhibition of a bacterium following expression of a phage ORF is determined by comparison with the effects of expression of an inactivated ORF or the response of the bacteria in the absence of expression in the same or similar type bacterium. Such determination of inhibition of the bacterium following expression of the ORF is indicative of a bacteria-inhibiting function. These manipulations are routinely understood and accomplished by those of skill in the art using standard techniques. In embodiments utilizing absence of expression of the ORF, the bacteria can, for example, contain an empty vector or a vector which allows expression of an unrelated sequence which is preferably non-inhibitory. Alternatively, the bacteria may have no vector at all. Combinations of such controls or other controls may also be utilized as recognized by those skilled in the art.

In embodiments involving expression of a phage ORF in a bacterial strain, in preferred embodiments that expression is inducible. By “inducible” is meant that expression is absent or occurs at a low level until the occurrence of an appropriate environmental stimulus provides otherwise. For the present invention such induction is preferably controlled by an artificial environmental change, such as by contacting a bacterial strain population with an inducing compound (*i.e.*, an inducer). However, induction could also occur, for example, in response to build-up of a compound produced by the bacteria in the bacterial culture, *e.g.*, in the medium. As uncontrolled or constitutive expression of inhibitory ORFs can severely compromise bacteria to the point of eradication, such expression is therefore undesirable in many cases because it would prevent effective evaluation of the strain and inhibitor being studied. For example, such uncontrolled expression could prevent any growth of the strain following insertion of a recombinant ORF, thus preventing determination of effective transfection or transformation. A controlled or inducible expression is therefore advantageous and is generally provided through the provision of suitable regulatory elements, *e.g.*, promoter/operator sequences that can be conveniently transcriptionally linked to a coding sequence to be evaluated. In most cases, the vector will also contain sequences suitable for efficient replication of the vector in the same or different host cells and/or sequences allowing selection of cells containing the vector, *i.e.*, “selectable markers.” Further, preferred vectors include convenient primer sequences flanking the cloning region from which PCR and/or sequencing may be performed.

As knowledge of the nucleotide sequence of phage ORFs is useful, *e.g.*, for assisting in the identification of phage proteins active against essential bacterial host targets, preferred embodiments involve the sequencing of at least a portion of the phage genome in combination with the above methods. This can be done either before or after or independent of expression and inhibition of the ORF in the bacteria, and provides information on the nature and characteristics of the ORF. Such a portion is preferably at least 10%, 20%, 40%, 80%, 90%, or 100% of the phage genome. For embodiments in which a plurality of phage are utilized, preferably each phage is sequenced to an extent as just specified.

Such sequencing is preferably accompanied by computer sequence analysis to define and evaluate ORF(s), ORF products, structural motifs or functional properties of ORF products, and/or their genetic control elements. Thus, certain embodiments incorporate computer sequence analyses or nucleic acid and/or amino acid sequences. Further, existing data banks can provide phage sequence and product information which can be utilized for analysis and identification of ORFs in the sequence.

Computer analysis may further employ known homologous sequences from other

species that suggest or indicate conserved underlying biochemical function(s) for the inhibitory or potentially inhibitory ORF sequence(s) being evaluated. This can include the sequences of signature motifs of identified classes of inhibitors.

In the context of the phage nucleic acid sequences, e.g., gene sequences, of this invention, the terms “homolog” and “homologous” denote nucleotide sequences from different bacteria or phage strains or species or from other types of organisms that have significantly related nucleotide sequences, and consequently significantly related encoded gene products, preferably having related function. Homologous gene sequences or coding sequences have at least 70% sequence identity (as defined by the maximal base match in a computer-generated alignment of two or more nucleic acid sequences) over at least one sequence window of 48 nucleotides, more preferably at least 80 or 85%, still more preferably at least 90%, and most preferably at least 95%. The polypeptide products of homologous genes have at least 35% amino acid sequence identity over at least one sequence window of 18 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 40%, still more preferably at least 50% or 60%, and most preferably at least 70%, 80%, or 90%. Preferably, the homologous gene product is also a functional homolog, meaning that the homolog will functionally complement one or more biological activities of the product being compared. For nucleotide or amino acid sequence comparisons where a homology is defined by a % sequence identity, the percentage is determined using BLAST programs (with default parameters (Altschul et al., 1997, “Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs, *Nucleic Acid Res.* 25:3389-3402). Any of a variety of algorithms known in the art which provide comparable results can also be used, preferably using default parameters. Performance characteristics for three different algorithms in homology searching is described in Salamov et al., 1999, “Combining sensitive database searches with multiple intermediates to detect distant homologues.” *Protein Eng.* 12:95-100. Another exemplary program package is the GCG™ package from the University of Wisconsin.

Homologs may also or in addition be characterized by the ability of two complementary nucleic acid strands to hybridize to each other under appropriately stringent conditions. Hybridizations are typically and preferably conducted with probe-length nucleic acid molecules, preferably 20-100 nucleotides in length. Those skilled in the art understand how to estimate and adjust the stringency of hybridization conditions such that sequences having at least a desired level of complementarity will stably hybridize, while those having lower complementarity will not. For examples of hybridization conditions and parameters, see, e.g., Maniatis, T. et al. (1989)

Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor University Press, Cold Spring, N.Y.; Ausubel, F.M. et al. (1994) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology.

John Wiley & Sons, Secaucus, N.J. Homologs and homologous gene sequences may thus be identified using any nucleic acid sequence of interest, including the phage ORFs and bacterial target genes of the present invention.

A typical hybridization, for example, utilizes, besides the labeled probe of interest, a salt solution such as 6xSSC (NaCl and Sodium Citrate base) to stabilize nucleic acid strand interaction, a mild detergent such as 0.5% SDS, together with other typical additives such as Denhardt's solution and salmon sperm DNA. The solution is added to the immobilized sequence to be probed and incubated at suitable temperatures to preferably permit specific binding while minimizing nonspecific binding. The temperature of the incubations and ensuing washes is critical to the success and clarity of the hybridization. Stringent conditions employ relatively higher temperatures, lower salt concentrations, and/or more detergent than do non-stringent conditions. Hybridization temperatures also depend on the length, complementarity level, and nature (ie, "GC content") of the sequences to be tested. Typical stringent hybridizations and washes are conducted at temperatures of at least 40°C, while lower stringency hybridizations and washes are typically conducted at 37°C down to room temperature (~25°C). One of skill in the art is aware that these conditions may vary according to the parameters indicated above, and that certain additives such as formamide and dextran sulphate may also be added to affect the conditions.

By "stringent hybridization conditions" is meant hybridization conditions at least as stringent as the following: hybridization in 50% formamide, 5X SSC, 50 mM NaH₂PO₄, pH 6.8, 0.5% SDS, 0.1 mg/mL sonicated salmon sperm DNA, and 5X Denhart's solution at 42°C overnight; washing with 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 45°C; and washing with 0.2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 45°C.

In sequence comparison analyses, an ORF, or motif, or set of motifs in a bacteriophage sequence can be compared to known inhibitor sequences, *e.g.*, homologous sequences encoding homologous inhibitors of bacterial function. Likewise, the analysis can include comparison with the structure of essential bacterial gene products, as structural similarities can be indicative of similar or replacement biological function. Such analysis can include the identification of a signature, or characteristic motif(s) of an inhibitor or inhibitor class.

Also, the identification of structural motifs in an encoded product, based on nucleotide or amino acid sequence analysis, can be used to infer a biochemical function for the product. A database containing identified structural motifs in a large number of sequences is available for identification of motifs in phage sequences. The database is PROSITE, which is available at www.expasy.ch/cgi-bin/scanprosite. The identification of motifs can, for example, include the identification of signature motifs for a class or classes of inhibitory proteins. Other such databases may also be used.

In aspects and preferred embodiments described herein, in which a bacterium or host bacterium is specified, the bacterium or host bacterium is preferably selected from a pathogenic bacterial species, for example, one selected from Table 1. Preferably, an animal or plant pathogen is used. For animals, preferably the bacterium is a bird or mammalian pathogen, still more preferably a human pathogen.

In aspects and preferred embodiments involving a bacteriophage or sequences from a bacteriophage, one or more bacteriophage are preferably selected from those listed in Table 1 in the Detailed Description below. Those exemplary bacteriophage are readily obtained from the indicated sources.

In some cases, it is advantageous to utilize phage with non-pathogenic host bacteria. The genome, structural motif, ORF, homolog, and other analyses described herein can be performed on such phage and bacteria. Such analysis provides useful information and compositions. The results of such analyses can also be utilized in aspects of the present invention to identify homologous ORFs, especially inhibitor ORFs in phage with pathogenic bacterial hosts. Similarly, identification of a target in a non-pathogenic host can be used to identify homologous sequences and targets in pathogenic bacteria, especially in genetically closely related bacteria. Those skilled in the art are familiar with bacterial genetic relationships and with how to determine relatedness based on levels of genomic identity or other measures of nucleotide sequence and/or amino acid sequence similarity, and/or other physical and culture characteristics such as morphology, nutritional requirements, or minimal media to support growth.

Also in preferred embodiments, an embodiment of this aspect is combined with an embodiment of the following aspect.

A related aspect of the invention provides methods for identifying a target for antibacterial agents by identifying the bacterial target(s) of at least one uncharacterized or untargeted inhibitor protein or RNA from a bacteriophage. Such identification allows the development of antibacterial agents active on such targets. Preferred embodiments for identifying such targets involve the identification of binding of target and phage ORF products to one another. The phage ORF products may be subportions of a larger ORF product that also binds the host target. In preferred embodiments, the phage protein or RNA is from an uncharacterized bacteriophage in Table 1. This aspect preferably includes the identification of a plurality of such targets in one or a plurality of different bacteria, preferably in one or a plurality of bacteria listed in Table 1.

In preferred embodiments of this aspect and other aspects of this invention involving particular phage ORFs or phage sequences, the ORF is *Staphylococcus*

aureus phage 77 ORF 17, 19, 43, 102, 104, or 182 as identified in U.S. application 09/407,804.

As indicated for the above aspect, preferably the method involves the use of a plurality of different phage, and thus a plurality of different phage inhibitors and/or inhibitor ORFs.

In addition to uncharacterized phage ORF products, it is also useful to identify the targets of phage ORF products which are known to be inhibitors of host bacteria, but where the target has not been identified. Thus, such inhibitors can likewise be utilized as “untargeted” inhibitor phage ORFs and ORF products, *e.g.*, proteins or RNAs.

In the context of inhibitor proteins or RNAs from a phage, the term “uncharacterized” means that a bacteria-inhibiting function for the protein has not previously been identified. Preferably, but not necessarily, the sequence of the protein or the corresponding coding region or ORF was not described in the art before the filing of the present application for patent (or alternatively prior to the present invention). Thus, this term specifically excludes any bacteria-inhibiting phage protein and its associated bacterial target which has been identified as inhibitory before the present invention or alternatively before the filing of the present application, for example those identified in Tables 12-14 or otherwise identified herein. For example, from *E. coli*, phage T7 genes 0.7 and 2.0 target the host RNA polymerase, phage T4 gp55/gp33 alter the specificity of host RNA polymerase. The T4 *regB* gene product also targets the host translation apparatus. As with the uncharacterized bacteriophage ORFs or bacteriophage above, for such identified proteins, the sequences encoding those proteins are excluded from the uncharacterized inhibitor proteins.

The term “fragment” refers to a portion of a larger molecule or assembly. For proteins, the term “fragment” refers to a molecule which includes at least 5 contiguous amino acids from the reference polypeptide or protein, preferably at least 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30, 50 or more contiguous amino acids. In connection with oligo- or polynucleotides, the term “fragment” refers to a molecule which includes at least 15 contiguous nucleotides from a reference polynucleotide, preferably at least 24, 30, 36, 45, 60, 90, 150, or more contiguous nucleotides.

Preferred embodiments involve identification of binding that include methods for distinguishing bound molecules, for example, affinity chromatography, immunoprecipitation, crosslinking, and/or genetic screen methods that permit protein:protein interactions to be monitored. One of skill in the art is familiar with these techniques and common materials utilized (see, *e.g.*, Coligan, J. et al. (eds.) (1995) Current Protocols in Protein Science, John Wiley & Sons, Secaucus, N.J.).

Genetic screening for the identification of protein:protein interactions typically involves the co-introduction of both a chimeric bait nucleic acid sequence (here, the phage ORF to be tested) and a chimeric target nucleic acid sequence that, when co-expressed and having affinity for one another in a host cell, stimulate reporter gene expression to indicate the relationship. A “positive” can thus suggest a potential inhibitory effect in bacteria. This is discussed in further detail in the Detailed Description section below. In this way, new bacterial targets can be identified that are inhibited by specific phage ORF products or derivatives, fragments, mimetics, or other molecules.

Other embodiments involve the identification and/or utilization of mutant targets by virtue of their host’s relatively unresponsive nature in the presence of expression of ORFs previously identified as inhibitory to the non-mutant or wild-type strain. Such mutants have the effect of protecting the host from an inhibition that would otherwise occur and indirectly allow identification of the precise responsible target for follow-up studies and anti-microbial development. In certain embodiments, rescue from inhibition occurs under conditions in which a bacterial target or mutant target is highly expressed. This is performed, for example, through coupling of the sequence with regulatory element promoters, *e.g.*, as known in the art, which regulate expression at levels higher than wild-type, *e.g.*, at a level sufficiently higher that the inhibitor can be competitively bound to the highly expressed target such that the bacterium is detectably less inhibited.

Identification of the bacterial target can involve identification of a phage-specific site of action. This can involve a newly identified target, or a target where the phage site of action differs from the site of action of a previously known antibacterial agent or inhibitor. For example, phage T7 genes 0.7 and 2.0 target the host RNA polymerase, which is also the cellular target for the antibacterial agent, rifampin. To the extent that a phage product is found to act at a different site than previously described inhibitors, aspects of the present invention can utilize those new, phage-specific sites for identification and use of new agents. The site of action can be identified by techniques well-known to those skilled in the art, for example, by mutational analysis, binding competition analysis, and/or other appropriate techniques.

Once a bacterial host target protein or nucleic acid or mutant target sequence has been identified and/or isolated, it too can be conveniently sequenced, sequence analyzed (*e.g.*, by computer), and the underlying gene(s), and corresponding translated product(s) further characterized. Preferred embodiments include such analysis and identification. Preferably such a target has not previously been identified as an appropriate target for antibacterial action.

Certain embodiments include the identification of at least one inhibitory phage ORF or ORF product, *e.g.*, as described for the above aspect, and thus are a combination of the two aspects.

5 Additionally, the invention provides methods for identifying targets for antibacterial agents by identifying homologs of a *Enterococcus* sp. target of a bacteriophage inhibitory ORF product. Such homologs may be utilized in the various aspects and embodiments described herein as described for the host *Enterococcus* sp. for bacteriophage 182.

10 Other aspects of the invention provide isolated, purified, or enriched specific phage nucleic acid and amino acid sequences, subsequences, and homologs thereof for phage selected from uncharacterized phage listed in Table 1, preferably from bacteriophage 77, 3A, 96. For example, such sequences do not include sequences identified in any of Tables 11-14. Such nucleotide sequences are at least 15
15 nucleotides in length, preferably at least 18, 21, 24, or 27 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 30, 50, or 90 nucleotides in length. In certain embodiments, longer nucleic acids are preferred, for example those of at least 120, 150, 200, 300, 600, 900 or more nucleotides. Such sequences can, for example, be amplification oligonucleotides (*e.g.*, PCR primers), oligonucleotide probes, sequences encoding a portion or all of a phage-encoded protein, or a fragment or all of a phage-encoded
20 protein. In preferred embodiments, the nucleic acid sequence contains a sequence which is within a length range with a lower length as specified above, and an upper length limit which is no more than 50, 60, 70, 80, or 90% of the length of the corresponding full-length ORF. The upper length limit can also be expressed in terms of the number of base pairs of the ORF (coding region). In preferred embodiments,
25 the nucleic acid sequence is from *Staphylococcus aureus* phage 77 ORF 17, 19, 43, 102, 104, or 182 as identified in U.S. application 09/407,804.

As it is recognized that alternate codons will encode the same amino acid for most amino acids due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, the sequences of this aspect includes nucleic acid sequences utilizing such alternate codon usage for one or
30 more codons of a coding sequence. For example, all four nucleic acid sequences GCT, GCC, GCA, and GCG encode the amino acid, alanine. Therefore, if for an amino acid there exists an average of three codons, a polypeptide of 100 amino acids in length will, on average, be encoded by 3^{100} , or 5×10^{47} , nucleic acid sequences. Thus, a nucleic acid sequence can be modified (*e.g.*, a nucleic acid sequence from a
35 phage as specified above) to form a second nucleic acid sequence encoding the same polypeptide as encoded by the first nucleic acid sequence using routine procedures and without undue experimentation. Thus, all possible nucleic acid sequences that encode the specified amino acid sequences are also fully described herein, as if all

were written out in full, taking into account the codon usage, especially that preferred in the host bacterium. The alternate codon descriptions are available in common textbooks, for example, Stryer, BIOCHEMISTRY 3rd ed., and Lehninger, BIOCHEMISTRY 3rd ed. Codon preference tables for various types of organisms are available in the literature. Sequences with alternate codons at one or more sites can also be utilized in the computer-related aspects and embodiments herein. Because of the number of sequence variations involving alternate codon usage, for the sake of brevity, individual sequences are not separately listed herein. Instead the alternate sequences are described by reference to the natural sequence with replacement of one or more (up to all) of the degenerate codons with alternate codons from the alternate codon table (Table 6), preferably with selection according to preferred codon usage for the normal host organism or a host organism in which a sequence is intended to be expressed. Those skilled in the art also understand how to alter the alternate codons to be used for expression in organisms where certain codons code differently than shown in the "universal" codon table.

For amino acid sequences or polypeptides, sequences contain at least 5 peptide-linked amino acid residues, and preferably at least 6, 7, 10, 15, 20, 30, or 40, amino acids having identical amino acid sequence as the same number of contiguous amino acid residues in a particular phage ORF product. In some cases longer sequences may be preferred, for example, those of at least 50, 60, 70, 80, or 100 amino acids in length. In preferred embodiments, the amino acid sequence contains a sequence which is within a length range with a lower length as specified above, and an upper length limit which is no more than 50, 60, 70, 80, or 90% of the length of the corresponding full-length ORF product. The upper length limit can also be expressed in terms of the number of amino acid residues of the ORF product. In preferred embodiments, the amino acid sequence or polypeptide has bacteria-inhibiting function when expressed or otherwise present in a bacterial cell that is a host for the bacteriophage from which the sequence was derived.

By "isolated" in reference to a nucleic acid is meant that a naturally occurring sequence has been removed from its normal cellular (*e.g.*, chromosomal) environment or is synthesized in a non-natural environment (*e.g.*, artificially synthesized). Thus, the sequence may be in a cell-free solution or placed in a different cellular environment. The term does not imply that the sequence is the only nucleotide chain present, but that it is essentially free (about 90-95% pure at least) of non-nucleotide material naturally associated with it, and thus is distinguished from isolated chromosomes.

The term "enriched" means that the specific DNA or RNA sequence constitutes a significantly higher fraction (2-5 fold) of the total DNA or RNA present

in the cells or solution of interest than in normal or diseased cells or in cells from which the sequence was originally taken. This could be caused by a person by preferential reduction in the amount of other DNA or RNA present, or by a preferential increase in the amount of the specific DNA or RNA sequence, or by a combination of the two. However, it should be noted that enriched does not imply that there are no other DNA or RNA sequences present, just that the relative amount of the sequence of interest has been significantly increased.

The term "significant" is used to indicate that the level of increase is useful to the person making such an increase and an increase relative to other nucleic acids of about at least 2-fold, more preferably at least 5- to 10-fold or even more. The term also does not imply that there is no DNA or RNA from other sources. The other source DNA may, for example, comprise DNA from a yeast or bacterial genome, or a cloning vector such as pUC19. This term distinguishes from naturally occurring events, such as viral infection, or tumor type growths, in which the level of one mRNA may be naturally increased relative to other species of mRNA. That is, the term is meant to cover only those situations in which a person has intervened to elevate the proportion of the desired nucleic acid.

It is also advantageous for some purposes that a nucleotide sequence be in purified form. The term "purified" in reference to nucleic acid does not require absolute purity (such as a homogeneous preparation). Instead, it represents an indication that the sequence is relatively more pure than in the natural environment (compared to the natural level, this level should be at least 2-5 fold greater, *e.g.*, in terms of mg/mL). Individual clones isolated from a cDNA library may be purified to electrophoretic homogeneity. The claimed DNA molecules obtained from these clones could be obtained directly from total DNA or from total RNA. The cDNA clones are not naturally occurring, but rather are preferably obtained via manipulation of a partially purified naturally occurring substance (messenger RNA). The construction of a cDNA library from mRNA involves the creation of a synthetic substance (cDNA) and pure individual cDNA clones can be isolated from the synthetic library by clonal selection of the cells carrying the cDNA library. Thus, the process which includes the construction of a cDNA library from mRNA and isolation of distinct cDNA clones yields an approximately 10^6 -fold purification of the native message. Thus, purification of at least one order of magnitude, preferably two or three orders, and more preferably four or five orders of magnitude is expressly contemplated.

The terms "isolated", "enriched", and "purified" as used with respect to nucleic acids, above, may similarly be used to denote the relative purity and abundance of polypeptides (multimers of amino acids joined one to another by α -

carboxyl: α -amino group (peptide) bonds). These, too, may be stored in, grown in, screened in, and selected from libraries using biochemical techniques familiar in the art. Such polypeptides may be natural, synthetic or chimeric and may be extracted using any of a variety of methods, such as antibody immunoprecipitation, other
5 “tagging” techniques, conventional chromatography and/or electrophoretic methods. Some of the above utilize the corresponding nucleic acid sequence.

As indicated above, aspects and embodiments of the invention are not limited to entire genes and proteins. The invention also provides and utilizes fragments and portions thereof, preferably those which are “active” in the inhibitory sense described
10 above. Such peptides or oligopeptides and oligo or polynucleotides have preferred lengths as specified above for nucleic acid and amino acid sequences from phage; corresponding recombinant constructs can be made to express the encoded same. Also included are homologous sequences and fragments thereof.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences identified herein are believed to be
15 correct, however, certain sequences may contain a small percentage of errors, *e.g.*, 1-5%. In the event that any of the sequences have errors, the corrected sequences can be readily provided by one skilled in the art using routine methods. For example, the nucleotide sequences can be confirmed or corrected by obtaining and culturing the relevant phage, and purifying phage genomic nucleic acids. A region or regions of
20 interest can be amplified, *e.g.*, by PCR from the appropriate genomic template, using primers based on the described sequence. The amplified regions can then be sequenced using any of the available methods (*e.g.*, a dideoxy termination method). This can be done redundantly to provide the corrected sequence or to confirm that the described sequence is correct. Alternatively, a particular sequence or sequences can
25 be identified and isolated as an insert or inserts in a phage genomic library and isolated, amplified, and sequenced by standard methods. Confirmation or correction of a nucleotide sequence for a phage gene provides an amino acid sequence of the encoded product by merely reading off the amino acid sequence according to the normal codon relationships and/or expressed in a standard expression system and the
30 polypeptide product sequenced by standard techniques. The sequences described herein thus provide unique identification of the corresponding genes and other sequences, allowing those sequences to be used in the various aspects of the present invention.

In other aspects the invention provides recombinant vectors and cells
35 harboring at least one of the phage ORFs or portion thereof, or bacterial target sequences described herein. As understood by those skilled in the art, vectors may be provided in different forms, including, for example, plasmids, cosmids, and virus-based vectors. See, *e.g.*, Maniatis, T. et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory
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Manual, Cold Spring Harbor University Press, Cold Spring, N.Y.; See also, Ausubel, F.M. et al. (eds.) (1994) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology. John Wiley & Sons, Secaucus, N.J.

In preferred embodiments, the vectors will be expression vectors, preferably shuttle vectors that permit cloning, replication, and expression within bacteria. An “expression vector” is one having regulatory nucleotide sequences containing transcriptional and translational regulatory information that controls expression of the nucleotide sequence in a host cell. Preferably the vector is constructed to allow amplification from vector sequences flanking an insert locus. In certain embodiments, the expression vectors may additionally or alternatively support expression, and/or replication in animal, plant and/or yeast cells due to the presence of suitable regulatory sequences, *e.g.*, promoters, enhancers, 3’ stabilizing sequences, primer sequences, etc. In preferred embodiments, the promoters are inducible and specific for the system in which expression is desired, *e.g.*, bacteria, animal, plant, or yeast. The vectors may optionally encode a “tag” sequence or sequences to facilitate protein purification. Convenient restriction enzyme cloning sites and suitable selective marker(s) are also optionally included. Such selective markers can be, for example, antibiotic resistance markers or markers which supply an essential nutritive growth factor to an otherwise deficient mutant host, *e.g.*, tryptophan, histidine, or leucine in the Yeast Two-Hybrid systems described below.

The term “recombinant vector” relates to a single- or double-stranded circular nucleic acid molecule that can be transfected into cells and replicated within or independently of a cell genome. A circular double-stranded nucleic acid molecule can be cut and thereby linearized upon treatment with appropriate restriction enzymes. An assortment of nucleic acid vectors, restriction enzymes, and the knowledge of the nucleotide sequences cut by restriction enzymes are readily available to those skilled in the art. A nucleic acid molecule encoding a desired product can be inserted into a vector by cutting the vector with restriction enzymes and ligating the two pieces together. Preferably the vector is an expression vector, *e.g.*, a shuttle expression vector as described above.

By “recombinant cell” is meant a cell possessing introduced or engineered nucleic acid sequences, *e.g.*, as described above. The sequence may be in the form of or part of a vector or may be integrated into the host cell genome. Preferably the cell is a bacterial cell.

In another aspect, the invention also provides methods for identifying and/or screening compounds “active on” at least one bacterial target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein or RNA. Preferred embodiments involve contacting such a bacterial target or targets (*e.g.*, bacterial target proteins) with a test compound, and determining

whether the compound binds to or reduces the level of activity of the bacterial target (e.g., a bacterial target protein). Preferably this is done either *in vivo* (i.e., in a cell-based assay) or *in vitro*, e.g., in a cell-free system under approximately physiological conditions.

5 The compounds that can be used may be large or small, synthetic or natural, organic or inorganic, proteinaceous or non-proteinaceous. In preferred embodiments, the compound is a peptidomimetic, as described herein, a bacteriophage inhibitor protein or fragment or derivative thereof, preferably an “active portion”, or a small molecule.

10 In particular embodiments, the methods include the identification of bacterial targets or the site of action of an inhibitor on a bacterial target as described above or otherwise described herein.

 In embodiments involving binding assays, preferably binding is to a fragment or portion of a bacterial target protein, where the fragment includes less than 90%,
15 80%, 70%, 60%, 50%, 40%, or 30% of an intact bacterial target protein. Preferably, the at least one bacterial target includes a plurality of different targets of bacteriophage inhibitor proteins, preferably a plurality of different targets. The plurality of targets can be in or from a plurality of different bacteria, but preferably is from a single bacterial species.

20 A “method of screening” refers to a method for evaluating a relevant activity or property of a large plurality of compounds (e.g., a bacteria-inhibiting activity), rather than just one or a few compounds. For example, a method of screening can be used to conveniently test at least 100, more preferably at least 1000, still more preferably at least 10,000, and most preferably at least 100,000 different compounds,
25 or even more.

 In the context of this invention, the term “small molecule” refers to compounds having molecular mass of less than 2000 Daltons, preferably less than 1500, still more preferably less than 1000, and most preferably less than 600 Daltons. Preferably but not necessarily, a small molecule is not an oligopeptide.

30 In a related aspect or in preferred embodiments, the invention provides a method of screening for potential antibacterial agents by determining whether any of a plurality of compounds, preferably a plurality of small molecules, is active on at least one target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein or RNA. Preferred embodiments include those described for the above aspect, including embodiments which involve
35 determining whether one or more test compounds bind to or reduce the level of activity of a bacterial target, and embodiments which utilize a plurality of different targets as described above.

The identification of bacteria-inhibiting phage ORFs and their encoded products also provides a method for identifying an active portion of such an encoded product. This also provides a method for identifying a potential antibacterial agent by identifying such an active portion of a phage ORF or ORF product. In preferred
5 embodiments, the identification of an active portion involves one or more of mutational analysis, deletion analysis, or analysis of fragments of such products. The method can also include determination of a 3-dimensional structure of an active portion, such as by analysis of crystal diffraction patterns. In further embodiments, the method involves constructing or synthesizing a peptidomimetic compound, where
10 the structure of the peptidomimetic compound corresponds to the structure of the active portion. In this context, "corresponds" means that the peptidomimetic compound structure has sufficient similarities to the structure of the active portion that the peptidomimetic will interact with the same molecule as the phage protein and preferably will elicit at least one cellular response in common which relates to the
15 inhibition of the cell by the phage protein.

The methods for identifying or screening for compounds or agents active on a bacterial target of a phage-encoded inhibitor can also involve identification of a phage-specific site of action on the target.

Preferably in the methods for identifying or screening for compounds active
20 on such a bacterial target, the target is uncharacterized; the target is from an uncharacterized bacterium from Table 1; the site of action is a phage-specific site of action.

Further embodiments include the identification of inhibitor phage ORFs and bacterial targets as in aspects above.

An "active portion" as used herein denotes an epitope, a catalytic or regulatory domain, or a fragment of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein that is responsible for, or a significant factor in, bacterial target inhibition. The active portion preferably may be removed from its contiguous sequences and, in isolation, still effect inhibition.

By "mimetic" is meant a compound structurally and functionally related to a
30 reference compound that can be natural, synthetic, or chimeric. In terms of the present invention, a "peptidomimetic," for example, is a compound that mimics the activity-related aspects of the 3-dimensional structure of a peptide or polypeptide in a non-peptide compound, for example mimics the structure of a peptide or active portion of a phage- or bacterial ORF-encoded polypeptide.

A related aspect provides a method for inhibiting a bacterial cell by contacting the bacterial cell with a compound active on a bacterial target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein or RNA, where the target was uncharacterized. In preferred
35 embodiments, the compound is such a protein, or a fragment or derivative thereof; a

structural mimetic, *e.g.*, a peptidomimetic, of such a protein or fragment; a small molecule; the contacting is performed *in vitro*, the contacting is performed *in vivo* in an infected or at risk organism, *e.g.*, an animal such as a mammal or bird, for example, a human, or other mammal described herein; the bacterium is selected from a genus and/or species listed in Table 1; the bacteriophage inhibitor protein is uncharacterized; and the bacteriophage inhibitor protein is from an uncharacterized phage listed in Table 1.

In the context of targets in this invention, the term “uncharacterized” means that the target was not recognized as an appropriate target for an antibacterial agent prior to the filing of the present application or alternatively prior to the present invention. Such lack of recognition can include, for example, situations where the target and/or a nucleotide sequence encoding the target were unknown, situations where the target was known, but where it had not been identified as an appropriate target or as an essential cellular component, and situations where the target was known as essential but had not been recognized as an appropriate target due to a belief that the target would be inaccessible or otherwise that contacting the cell with a compound active on the target *in vitro* would be ineffective in cellular inhibition, or ineffective in treatment of an infection. Methods described herein utilizing bacterial targets, *e.g.*, for inhibiting bacteria or treating bacterial infections, can also utilize “uncharacterized target sites”, meaning that the target has been previously recognized as an appropriate target for an antibacterial agent, but where an agent or inhibitor of the invention is used which acts at a different site than that at which the previously utilized antibacterial agent, *i.e.*, a phage-specific site. Preferably the phage-specific site has different functional characteristics from the previously utilized site. In the context of targets or target sites, the term “phage-specific” indicates that the target or site is utilized by at least one bacteriophage as an inhibitory target and is different from previously identified targets or target sites.

In the context of this invention, the term “bacteriophage inhibitor protein” refers to a protein encoded by a bacteriophage nucleic acid sequence which inhibits bacterial function in a host bacterium. Thus, it is a bacteria-inhibiting phage product.

In the context of this invention, the phrase “contacting the bacterial cell with a compound active on a bacterial target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein” or equivalent phrases refer to contacting with an isolated, purified, or enriched compound or a composition including such a compound, but specifically does not rely on contacting the bacterial cell with an intact phage which encodes the compound. Preferably no intact phage are involved in the contacting.

Related aspects provide methods for prophylactic or therapeutic treatment of a bacterial infection by administering to an infected, challenged or at risk organism a

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therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a compound active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein or RNA, or as described for the previous aspect. Preferably the bacterium involved in the infection or risk of infection produces the identified target of the bacteriophage inhibitor protein or alternatively produces a homologous target compound. In preferred embodiments, the host organism is a plant or animal, preferably a mammal or bird, and more preferably, a human or other mammal described herein. Preferred embodiments include, without limitation, those as described for the preceding aspect.

Compounds useful for the methods of inhibiting, methods of treating, and pharmaceutical compositions can include novel compounds, but can also include compounds which had previously been identified for a purpose other than inhibition of bacteria. Such compounds can be utilized as described and can be included in pharmaceutical compositions.

In preferred embodiments of this and other aspects of the invention utilizing bacterial target sequences of a bacteriophage inhibitory ORF product, the target sequence is encoded by a *Staphylococcus* nucleic acid coding sequence, preferably *S. aureus*. Possible target sequences are described herein by reference to sequence source sites.

The amino acid sequence of a polypeptide target is readily provided by translating the corresponding coding region. For the sake of brevity, the sequences are not reproduced herein. For the sake of brevity, the sequences are described by reference to the GenBank entries instead of being written out in full herein. In cases where the TIGR or GenBank entry for a coding region is not complete, the complete sequence can be readily obtained by routine methods, e.g., by isolating a clone in a phage host genomic library, and sequencing the clone insert to provide the relevant coding region. The boundaries of the coding region can be identified by conventional sequence analysis and/or by expression in a bacterium in which the endogenous copy of the coding region has been inactivated and using subcloning to identify the functional start and stop codons for the coding region.

In the context of nucleic acid or amino acid sequences of this invention, the term "corresponding" indicates that the sequence is at least 95% identical, preferably at least 97% identical, and more preferably at least 99% identical to a sequence from the specified phage genome, a ribonucleotide equivalent, a degenerate equivalent (utilizing one or more degenerate codons), or a homologous sequence, where the homolog provides functionally equivalent biological function.

By "treatment" or "treating" is meant administering a compound or pharmaceutical composition for prophylactic and/or therapeutic purposes. The term "prophylactic treatment" refers to treating a patient or animal that is not yet infected

but is susceptible to or otherwise at risk of a bacterial infection. The term “therapeutic treatment” refers to administering treatment to a patient already suffering from infection.

5 The term “bacterial infection” refers to the invasion of the host organism, animal or plant, by pathogenic bacteria. This includes the excessive growth of bacteria which are normally present in or on the body of the organism, but more generally, a bacterial infection can be any situation in which the presence of a bacterial population(s) is damaging to a host organism. Thus, for example, an organism suffers from a bacterial population when excessive numbers of a bacterial population are
10 present in or on the organism’s body, or when the effects of the presence of a bacterial population(s) is damaging to the cells, tissue, or organs of the organism.

The terms “administer”, “administering”, and “administration” refer to a method of giving a dosage of a compound or composition, *e.g.*, an antibacterial pharmaceutical composition, to an organism. Where the organism is a mammal, the
15 method is, *e.g.*, topical, oral, intravenous, transdermal, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, or intrathecal. The preferred method of administration can vary depending on various factors, *e.g.*, the components of the pharmaceutical composition, the site of the potential or actual bacterial infection, the bacterium involved, and the infection severity.

20 The term “mammal” has its usual biological meaning referring to any organism of the Class Mammalia of higher vertebrates that nourish their young with milk secreted by mammary glands, *e.g.*, mouse, rat, and, in particular, human, bovine, sheep, swine, dog, and cat.

In the context of treating a bacterial infection a “therapeutically effective amount” or “pharmaceutically effective amount” indicates an amount of an
25 antibacterial agent, *e.g.*, as disclosed for this invention, which has a therapeutic effect. This generally refers to the inhibition, to some extent, of the normal cellular functioning of bacterial cells that renders or contributes to bacterial infection.

The dose of antibacterial agent that is useful as a treatment is a
30 “therapeutically effective amount.” Thus, as used herein, a therapeutically effective amount means an amount of an antibacterial agent that produces the desired therapeutic effect as judged by clinical trial results and/or animal models. This amount can be routinely determined by one skilled in the art and will vary depending on several factors, such as the particular bacterial strain involved and the particular
35 antibacterial agent used.

In connection with claims to methods of inhibiting bacteria and therapeutic or prophylactic treatments, “a compound active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein” or terms of equivalent meaning differ from administration of or contact with
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an intact phage naturally encoding the full-length inhibitor compound. While an intact phage may conceivably be incorporated in the present methods, the method at least includes the use of an active compound as specified different from a full length inhibitor protein naturally encoded by a bacteriophage and/or a delivery or contacting method different from administration of or contact with an intact phage encoding the full-length protein. Similarly, pharmaceutical compositions described herein at least include an active compound different from a full-length inhibitor protein naturally encoded by a bacteriophage or such a full-length protein is provided in the composition in a form different from being encoded by an intact phage. Preferably the methods and compositions do not include an intact phage.

In accord with the above aspects, the invention also provides antibacterial agents and compounds active on bacterial targets of bacteriophage inhibitor proteins or RNAs, where the target was uncharacterized as indicated above. As previously indicated, such active compounds include both novel compounds and compounds which had previously been identified for a purpose other than inhibition of bacteria. Such previously identified biologically active compounds can be used in embodiments of the above methods of inhibiting and treating. In preferred embodiments, the targets, bacteriophage, and active compound are as described herein for methods of inhibiting and methods of treating. Preferably the agent or compound is formulated in a pharmaceutical composition which includes a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent. In addition, the invention provides agents, compounds, and pharmaceutical compositions where an active compound is active on an uncharacterized phage-specific site.

In preferred embodiments, the target is as described for embodiments of aspects above.

Likewise, the invention provides a method of making an antibacterial agent. The method involves identifying a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor polypeptide or protein or RNA, screening a plurality of compounds to identify a compound active on the target, and synthesizing the compound in an amount sufficient to provide a therapeutic effect when administered to an organism infected by a bacterium naturally producing the target. In preferred embodiments, the identification of the target and identification of active compounds include steps or methods and/or components as described above (or otherwise herein) for such identification. Likewise, the active compound can be as described above, including fragments and derivatives of phage inhibitor proteins, peptidomimetics, and small molecules. As recognized by those skilled in the art, peptides can be synthesized by expression systems and purified, or can be synthesized artificially.

As indicated above, sequence analysis of nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences can beneficially utilize computer analysis. Thus, in additional aspects the invention provides computer-related hardware and media and methods utilizing and incorporating sequence data from uncharacterized phage, *e.g.*, uncharacterized phage listed in Table 1, preferably at least one of bacteriophage 77, 3A, and 96, (*Staphylococcus aureus* phage). In general, such aspects can facilitate the above described aspects. Various embodiments involve the analysis of genetic sequence and encoded products, as applied to the evaluating bacteriophage inhibitor ORFs and compounds and fragments related thereto. The various sequence analyses, as well as function analyses, can be used separately or in combination, as well as in preceding aspects and embodiments. Use in combination is often advantageous as the additional information allows more efficient prioritizing of phage ORFs for identification of those ORFs that provide bacteria-inhibiting function.

In one aspect, the invention provides a computer-readable device which includes at least one recorded amino acid or nucleotide sequence corresponding to one of the specified phage and a sequence analysis program for analyzing a nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence. The device is arranged such that the sequence information can be retrieved and analyzed using the analysis program. The analysis can identify, for example, homologous sequences or the indicated %s of the phage genome and structural motifs. Preferably the sequence includes at least 1 phage ORF or encoded product, more preferably at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 70%, 90%, or 100% of the genomic phage ORFs and/or equivalent cDNA, RNA, or amino acid sequences. Preferably the sequence or sequences in the device are recorded in a medium such as a floppy disk, a computer hard drive, an optical disk, computer random access memory (RAM), or magnetic tape. The program may also be recorded in such medium. The sequences can also include sequences from a plurality of different phage.

In this context, the term "corresponding" indicates that the sequence is at least 95% identical, preferably at least 97% identical, and more preferably at least 99% identical to a sequence from the specified phage genome, a ribonucleotide equivalent, a degenerate equivalent (utilizing one or more degenerate codons), or a homologous sequence, where the homolog provides functionally equivalent biological function.

Similarly, the invention provides a computer analysis system for identifying biologically important portions of a bacteriophage genome. The system includes a data storage medium, *e.g.*, as identified above, which has recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence corresponding to at least a portion of at least one uncharacterized bacteriophage genome, a set of program instructions to allow searching of the sequence or sequences to analyze the sequence, and an output device where the

portion includes at least the sequence length as specified in the preceding aspect. The output device is preferably a printer, a video display, or a recording medium. More one than one output device may be included. For each of the present computer-related aspects, the bacteriophage are preferably selected from the uncharacterized phage listed in Table 1, more preferably from bacteriophage 77, 3A, and 96.

In keeping with the computer device aspects, the invention also provides a method for identifying or characterizing a bacteriophage ORF by providing a computer-based system for analyzing nucleotide or amino acid sequences, *e.g.*, as describe above. The system includes a data storage medium which has recorded a sequences or sequences as described for the above devices, a set of instructions as in the preceding aspect, and an output device as in the preceding aspect. The method further involves analyzing at least one sequence, and outputting the analysis results to at least one output device.

In preferred embodiments, the analysis identifies a sequence similarity or homology with a sequence or sequences selected from bacterial ORFs encoding products with related biological function; ORFs encoding known inhibitors; and essential bacterial ORFs. Preferably the analysis identifies a probable biological function based on identification of structural elements or characteristic or signature motifs of an encoded product or on sequence similarity or homology. Preferably the uncharacterized bacteriophage is from Table 1, more preferably at least one of bacteriophage 77, 3A, and 96. In preferred embodiments, the method also involves determining at least a portion of the nucleotide sequence of at least one uncharacterized bacteriophage as indicated, and recording that sequence on data storage medium of the computer-based system.

As used in the claims to describe the various inventive aspects and embodiments, "comprising" means including, but not limited to, whatever follows the word "comprising". Thus, use of the term "comprising" indicates that the listed elements are required or mandatory, but that other elements are optional and may or may not be present. By "consisting of" is meant including, and limited to, whatever follows the phrase "consisting of". Thus, the phrase "consisting of" indicates that the listed elements are required or mandatory, and that no other elements may be present. By "consisting essentially of" is meant including any elements listed after the phrase, and limited to other elements that do not interfere with or contribute to the activity or action specified in the disclosure for the listed elements. Thus, the phrase "consisting essentially of" indicates that the listed elements are required or mandatory, but that other elements are optional and may or may not be present depending upon whether or not they affect the activity or action of the listed elements.

Further embodiments will be apparent from the following Detailed Description and from the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5

FIGURE 1A and 1B are flow schematics showing the manipulations necessary to convert pT0021, an arsenite inducible vector containing the luciferase gene, into pTHA or pTM, two *ars* inducible vectors. Vector pTHA contains BamH I, Sal I, and Hind III cloning sites and a downstream HA epitope tag. Vector pTM contains Bam

10 HI and Hind III cloning sites and no HA epitope tag.

FIGURE 2 is a schematic representation of the cloning steps involved to place the DNA segments of any of ORFs 17/ 19/ 43/ 102/104/182 or other sequences into pTHA to assess inhibitory potential. For subcloning into pTM or pT0021, Individual

15 ORFs were amplified by the PCR using oligonucleotides targeting the ATG and stop codons of the ORFs. Using this strategy, Bam HI and Hind III sites were positioned immediately upstream or downstream, respectively of the start and stop codons of each ORF. Following digestion with Bam HI and Hind III, the PCR fragments were subcloned into the same sites of pT0021 or pTM. Clones were verified by PCR and

20 direct sequencing.

FIGURE 3 shows a schematic representation of the functional assays used to characterize the bactericidal and bacteriostatic potential of all predicted ORFs (>33 amino acids) encoded by bacteriophage 77. Fig. 3A) Functional assay on semi-solid support media. Fig. 3B) Functional assay in liquid culture.

25

FIGURE 4A, B, and C is a bar graph showing the results of a screen in liquid media to assess bacteriostatic or bactericidal activity of 93 predicted ORFs (>33 amino acids) encoded by bacteriophage 77. Growth inhibition assays were performed as

30 detailed in the Detailed Description. The relative growth of *Staphylococcus aureus* transformants harboring a given bacteriophage 77 ORF (identified on the bottom of the graph), in the absence or presence of arsenite, is plotted relative to growth of a *Staphylococcus aureus* transformant containing ORF 5, a non-toxic bacteriophage 77

ORF (which is set at 100%). Each bar represents the average obtained from three Staph A transformants grown in duplicate. Bacteriophage 77 ORFs showing significant growth inhibition are plotted in red and consist of ORF 17, 19, 102, 104, and 182.

5

FIGURE 5 shows a block diagram of major components of a general purpose computer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

10

The invention may be more clearly understood from the following description. The tables will first be briefly described.

Table 1 is a listing of a large number of available bacteriophage that can be readily obtained and used in the present invention.

15

Table 2 shows the complete nucleotide sequence of the genome of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77.

Table 3 shows a list of all the ORFs from Bacteriophage 77 that were screened in the functional assay to identify those with anti-microbial activity.

20

Table 4 shows the predicted nucleotide sequence, predicted amino acid sequence, and physiochemical parameters of ORF 17/ 19/ 43/ 102/ 104/ 182]. These include the primary amino acid sequence of the predicted protein, the average molecular weight, amino acid composition, theoretical pI, hydrophobicity map, and predicted secondary structure map.

25

Table 5 shows homology search results. BLAST analysis was performed with ORFs 17/ 19/ 43/ 102/ 104/ 182 against NCBI non-redundant nucleotide and Swissprot databases. The results of this search indicate that: I) ORF 17 has no significant homology to any gene in the NCBI non-NCBI non-redundant nucleotide database, II) ORF 19 has significant homology to one gene in the NCBI non-redundant nucleotide database - the gene encoding ORF 59 of bacteriophage phi PVL, III) ORF 43 has significant homology to one gene in the NCBI non-redundant nucleotide database - the gene encoding ORF 39 of phi PVL, IV) ORF 102 has significant homology to one gene in the NCBI non-redundant nucleotide database - the gene encoding ORF 38 of phi PVL, V) ORF 104 has no significant homology to

30

any gene in the NCBI non-redundant nucleotide database, VI) ORF 182 has significant homology to one gene in the NCBI non-redundant nucleotide database - the gene encoding ORF 39 of phi PVL.

Table 6 is a table from Alberts et al., MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF THE CELL 3rd ed., showing the redundancy of the “universal” genetic code.

Table 7 shows the complete nucleotide sequence of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 3A.

Table 8 is a listing of the ORFs identified in *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 3A.

Table 9 shows the complete nucleotide sequence of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 96.

Table 10 is a listing of the ORFs identified in *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 96.

Table 11 is a listing of sequences deposited in the NCBI public database (GeneBank) for bacteriophage listed in Table 1.

Table 12 is a listing of phage which encode a known lysis function , including the identified lysis gene.

Table 13 is a listing of bacteriophage which encode holin genes, where holin genes encode proteins which form pores and eventually enable other enzymes to kill the host bacterium.

Table 14 is a listing of bacteriophage which encode kil genes.

Table 15 is a list of *Staphylococcus aureus* sequences which may include sequences from genes coding for target sequences for the phage 77-encoded antimicrobial proteins or peptides.

Background:

As indicated in the Summary above, the present invention is concerned with the use of bacteriophage coding sequences and the encoded polypeptides or RNA transcripts to identify bacterial targets for potential new antibacterial agents. Thus, the invention concerns the selection of relevant bacteria. Particularly relevant bacteria are those which are pathogens of a complex organism such as an animal, e.g., mammals, reptiles, and birds, and plants. However, the invention can be applied to any bacterium (whether pathogenic or not) for which bacteriophage are available or which are found to have cellular components closely homologous to components targeted by phage of another bacterium, e.g., a pathogenic bacterium, e.g., a pathogenic bacterium.

Thus, the invention also concerns the bacteriophage which can infect a selected bacterium. Identification of ORFs or products from the phage which inhibit the host bacterium both provides an inhibitor compound and allows identification of the bacterial target affected by the phage-encoded inhibitor. Such targets are thus
5 identified as potential targets for development of other antibacterial agents or inhibitors and the use of those targets to inhibit those bacteria. As indicated above, even if such a target is not initially identified in a particular bacterium, such a target can still be identified if a homologous target is identified in another bacterium. Usually, but not necessarily, such another bacterium would be a genetically closely
10 related bacterium. Indeed, in some cases, a phage-encoded inhibitor can also inhibit such a homologous bacterial cellular component.

The demonstration that bacteriophage have adapted to inhibiting a host bacterium by acting on a particular cellular component or target provides a strong indication that that component is an appropriate target for developing and using
15 antibacterial agents, *e.g.*, in therapeutic treatments. Thus, the present invention provides additional guidance over mere identification of bacterial essential genes, as the present invention also provides an indication of accessibility of the target to an inhibitor, and an indication that the target is sufficiently stable over time (*e.g.*, not subject to high rates of mutation) as phage acting on that target were able to develop and persist. Thus, the present invention identifies a subset of essential cellular
20 components which are particularly likely to be appropriate targets for development of antibacterial agents.

The invention also, therefore, concerns the development or identification of inhibitors of bacteria, in addition to the phage-encoded inhibitory proteins (or RNA
25 transcripts), which are active on the targets of bacteriophage-encoded inhibitors. As described herein, such inhibitors can be of a variety of different types, but are preferably small molecules.

The following description provides preferred methods for developing the various aspects of the invention. However, as those skilled in the art will readily
30 recognize, other approaches can be used to obtain and process relevant information. Thus the invention is not limited to the specifically described methods. In addition, the following description provides a set of steps in a particular order. That series of steps describes the overall development involved in the present invention. However, it is clear that individual steps or portions of steps may be usefully practiced
35 separately, and, further, that certain steps may be performed in a different order or even bypassed if appropriate information is already available or is provided by other sources or methods.

Selecting and Growing Phage, and Isolating DNA

Conceptually, the first step involves selecting bacterial hosts of interest. Preferably, but not necessarily, such hosts will be pathogens of clinical importance. Alternatively, because bacteria all share certain fundamental metabolic and structural features, these features can be targeted for study in one strain, for example a nonpathogenic one, and extrapolated to similarly succeed in pathogenic ones. Nonpathogenic strains may also exhibit initial advantages in being not only less dangerous, but also, for example, in having better growth and culturing characteristics and/or better developed molecular biology techniques and reagents. Consequently, advantageously the invention provides the ability target virtually any bacteria, but preferably pathogenic bacteria, with antimicrobial compounds designed and/or developed using bacteriophage inhibitory proteins and peptides from phage with non-pathogenic and/or pathogenic hosts.

We have selected *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, various *Enterococci*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* as initial exemplary pathogens. These bacteria are a major cause of morbidity and mortality in hospital-based infections, and the appearance of antibiotics resistance in all three organisms makes it increasingly difficult to treat benign infections involving these organisms. Such infections can include, for example, otitis media, sinusitis, and skin, and airway infections (Neu, H.C. (1992). *Science* 257, 1064-1073). However, the approach described below is clearly applicable to any human bacterial pathogens including but not restricted to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, *Nesseria gonorrhoeae*, *Haemophilus influenza*, *Acinobacter*, *Escherichia coli*, *Shigella dysenteria*, *Streptococcus pyogenes*, *Helicobacter pylori*, and *Mycoplasma* species. This invention can also be applied to the discovery of anti-bacterial compounds directed against pathogens of animals other than humans, for example, sheep, cattle, swine, dogs, cats, birds, and reptiles. Similarly, the invention is not limited to animals, but also applies to plants.

The bacteria are grown according to standard methodologies employed in the art, including solid, semi-solid or liquid culturing, which procedures can be found in or extrapolated from standard sources such as Maloy, S.R., Stewart, V.J., and Taylor, R.K. Genetic Analysis of Pathogenic Bacteria (1996) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, or Maniatis, T. et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor University Press, Cold Spring, N.Y.; or Ausubel, F.M. et al. (1994) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology. John Wiley & Sons, Secaucus, N.J. Culture conditions are selected which are adapted to the particular bacterium generally using culture conditions known in the art as appropriate, or adaptations of those conditions.

Nucleic acids within these bacteria can be routinely extracted through common procedures such as described in the above-referenced manuals and as generally known

to those skilled in the art. Those nucleic acid stocks can then be used to practice the other inventive aspects described below.

Selection and Growth of Bacteriophage, and Isolation of DNA

5 The second step involves assembling a group of bacteriophages (phage collection) for each of the targeted bacterial hosts. While the invention can be utilized with a single bacteriophage for a pathogen or other bacterium, it is preferable to utilize a plurality of phage for each bacterium, as comparisons between a plurality of such phage provides useful additional information. Non-limiting examples of phage and
10 sources for some of the above-mentioned pathogenic bacteria are found in Table 1. The criteria used to select such phages is that they are infectious for the microbe targeted, and replicate in, lyse, or otherwise inhibit growth of the bacterium in a measurable fashion. These phages can be very different from one another (representing different families), as judged by criteria such as morphology (head, tail, plate, etc.), and similarity of genome nucleotide sequence (cross-hybridization). Since
15 such diverse bacteriophages are expected to block bacterial host metabolism and ultimately inhibit by a variety of mechanisms, their combined study will lead to the identification of different mechanisms by which the phages independently inhibit bacterial targets. Examples include degradation of host DNA (Parson K.A., and
20 Snustad, D.P. (1975). *J. Virol.* 15, 221-444) and inhibition of host RNA transcription (Severinova, E., Severinov, K. and Darst, S.A. (1998). *J.Mol. Biol.* 279, 9-18). This, in turn, yields novel information on phage proteins that can inhibit the targeted microbe. As explained below, this 1) forms the basis of novel drug discovery efforts based on knowledge of the primary amino acid sequence of the phage inhibitor
25 protein (e.g., peptide fragments or peptidomimetics) and/or 2) leads to the identification of bacterial biochemical pathways, the proteins of which are essential or significant for survival of the targeted microbe, and which enzymatic steps or chemical reactions can be targeted by classical drug discovery methods using molecular inhibitors, for example, small molecule inhibitors.

30 Bacteriophage are generally either of two types, lytic or filamentous, meaning they either outright destroy their host and seek out new hosts after replication, or else continuously propagate and extrude progeny phage from the same host without destroying it. Regardless of the phage life cycle and type, preferred embodiments incorporate phage which impede cell growth in measurable fashion and preferably
35 stop cell growth. To this end, lytic phage are preferred, although certain nonlytic species may also suffice, e.g., if sufficiently bacteriostatic.

 Various procedures that are commonly understood by those of skill in the art can be routinely employed to grow, isolate, and purify phage. Such procedures are
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exemplified by those found in such common laboratory aids such as Maloy, S.R., Stewart, V.J., and Taylor, R.K. Genetic Analysis of Pathogenic Bacteria (1996) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press; Maniatis, T. et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor University Press, Cold Spring, N.Y.; and

5 Ausubel, F.M. et al. (eds.) (1994) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology. John Wiley & Sons, Secaucus, N.J. The techniques generally involve the culturing of infected bacterial cells that are lysed naturally and/or chemically assisted, for example, by the use of an organic solvent such as chloroform that destroys the host cells thereby liberating the phage within. Following this, the cellular debris is

10 centrifuged away from the supernatant containing the phage particles, and the phage then subsequently and selectively precipitated out of the supernatant using various methods usually employing the use of alcohols and/or other chemical compounds such as polyethylene glycol (PEG). The resulting phage can be further purified using various density gradient/centrifugation methodologies. The resulting phage are then

15 chemically lysed, thereby releasing their nucleic acids that can be conveniently precipitated out of the supernatant to yield a viral nucleic acid supply of the phage of interest.

Exemplary bacteriophage are indicated in Table 1, along with sources where those phage may be obtained.

20 Exemplary bacteria include the reference bacteria for the identified viral strains, available from the same sources.

Characterizing Bacteriophage Genomes for ORFs

The third step involves systematically characterizing the genetic information

25 contained in the phage genome. Within this genetic information is the sequence of all RNAs and proteins encoded by the phage, including those that are essential or instrumental in inhibiting their host. This characterization is preferably done in a systematic fashion. For example, this can be done by first isolating high molecular weight genomic DNA from the phage using standard bacterial lysis methods, followed

30 by phage purification using density gradient ultracentrifugation, and extraction of nucleic acid from the purified phage preparation. The high molecular weight DNA is then analyzed to determine its size and to evaluate a proper strategy for its sequencing. The DNA is broken down into smaller size fragments by sonication or partial digestion with frequently cutting restriction enzymes such as Sau3A to yield

35 predominantly 1 to 2 kilobase length DNA, which DNA can then be resolved by gel electrophoresis followed by extraction from the gel.

The ends of the fragments are enzymatically treated to render them suitable for cloning and the pools of fragments are cloned in a bacterial plasmid to generate a

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library of the phage genome. Several hundred of these random DNA fragments contained in the plasmid vector are isolated as clones after introduction into an appropriate bacterium, usually *Escherichia coli*. They are then individually expanded in culture and the DNA from each individual clone is purified. The nucleotide sequences of the inserts of these clones are determined by standard automated or manual methods, using oligonucleotide primers located on either side of the cloning site to direct polymerase mediated sequencing (e.g., the Sanger sequencing method or a modification of that method). Other sequencing methods can also be used.

The sequence of individual clones is then deposited in a computer, and specific software programs (for example Sequencher™, Gene Codes Corp.) are used to look for overlap between the various sequences, resulting in ordering of contig sequences and ultimately providing the complete sequence of the entire bacteriophage genome (one such example is given in Table 2 for *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77). This complete nucleotide sequence is preferably determined with a redundancy of 3- to 5-fold (number of independent sequencing events covering the same region) in order to minimize sequencing errors.

Preferably, the bacterial strain used as a phage host should not possess any other innate plasmids, transposons, or other phage or incompatible sequences that would complicate or otherwise make the various manipulations and analyses more difficult.

Commercially available computer software programs are used to translate the nucleotide sequence of the phage to identify all protein sequences encoded by the phage (hereafter called open reading frames or ORFs). As phages are known to transcribe their genome into RNA from both strands, in both directions, and sometimes in more than one frame for the same sequence, this exercise is done for both strands and in all six possible reading frames. As evolutionary constraints have forced the phage to conserve all of its vital protein sequences in as small a genome as possible, it is straightforward to identify all the proteins encoded by the phage by simple examination of the 6 translation frames of the genome. Once these ORFs are identified, they are cataloged into a phage proteome database (Table 3 lists ORFs identified from phage 77). This analysis is preferably performed for each phage under study. The process of ORF identification can be varied depending on the desired results. For example, the minimum length for the putative encoded polypeptide can be varied, and/or putative coding regions that have an associated Shine-Dalgarno sequence can be selected. In the case of phage 77 ORFs, such parameter adjustment was performed and resulted in the identification of ORFs as listed herein. Different parameters had resulted in the identification of the ORFs listed in the preceding U.S.

Provisional Application 60/110,992, filed December 3, 1998, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Correlation of exemplary ORFs identified in that provisional application and as identified herein are shown in the following table:

5

ORF ID from 60/110,992	Genomic position	a.a. size	Start codon	ORF ID from 09/407,804	Genomic position	a.a. size	Start codon
77ORF016	2369-24024	251	TTG	77ORF017	23269-23982	237	ATG
77ORF019	39845-40501	218	ATA	77ORF019	39851-40501	216	ATG
77ORF050	29268-29564	98	ATG	77ORF182	29268-29564	98	ATG
77ORF050	29268-29564	98	ATG	77ORF043	29304-29564	86	ATG
77ORF067	34312-34551	79	CTG	77ORF104	34393-34551	52	ATG
77ORF146	29051-29212	53	ATG	77ORF102	29051-29212	53	ATG

Identifying and Characterizing Inhibitory Phage ORFs

The fourth step entails identifying the phage protein or proteins or RNA transcripts that have the ability to inhibit their bacterial hosts. This can be accomplished, for example, by either or both of two non-mutually exclusive methods. The first method makes use of bioinformatics. Over the past few years, a large amount of nucleotide sequence information and corresponding translated products have become available through large genome sequencing projects for a variety of organisms including mammals, insects, plants, unicellular eukaryotes (yeast and fungi), as well as several bacterial genomes such as *E. coli*, *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, *Bacillus subtilis*, *Staphylococcus aureus* and many others. Such sequences have been deposited in public databases (for example, non-redundant sequence database at GenBank and SwissProt protein sequence database) (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov)) and can be freely accessed to compare any specific query sequence to those present in such databases. For example, GenBank contains over 1.6 billion nucleotides corresponding to 2.3 million sequence records. Several computer programs and servers (*e.g.*, TBLASTN) have been created to allow the rapid identification of homology between any given sequence from one organism to that of another present in such databases, and such programs are public and available free of charge.

In addition, it has been well established that basic biochemical pathways can be conserved in very distant organisms (for example bacteria and man), and that the proteins performing the various enzymatic steps in these pathways are themselves conserved at the amino acid sequence level. Thus, proteins performing similar functions (*e.g.* DNA repair, RNA transcription, RNA translation) have frequently preserved key structural signatures, identifiable by similarities across regions of

proteins (domains and motifs). The antimicrobials of the present invention will preferably target features and targets that are highly characteristic or conserved in microbes, and not higher organisms.

Most genomes encode individual proteins or groups of proteins that can be assembled into protein families that have been evolutionarily conserved. Therefore, similarity between a new query sequence and that of a member of a protein family (reference sequences from public databases) can immediately suggest a biochemical function for the novel query sequence, which in our case is a phage ORF.

The sequence homology between individual members of evolutionarily distant members of a protein family is usually not randomly distributed along the entire length of the sequence but is often clustered into “motifs”. These correspond to key three-dimensional folds that form key catalytic and/or regulatory structures that perform key biochemical function(s) for the group of proteins. Commercially available computer software programs can identify such motifs in a new query sequence, again providing functional information for the query sequence. Such structural and functional motifs have also been derived from the combined analysis of primary sequence databases (protein sequences) and protein structure databases (X-ray crystallography, nuclear magnetic resonance) using so-called “threading” methods (Rost B,1 and Sander C. (1996).*Ann. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct.* 25, 113-136).

Such motifs and folds are themselves deposited in public databases which can be directly accessed (for example, SwissProt database; 3D-ALI at EMBL, Heidelberg; PROSITE). This basic exercise leads to a structural homology map in which each of the phage ORFs has been probed for such similarities, and where initial structural and functional hits are identified (selected examples of sequence homologies detected between individual ORFs from the genome of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77 and sequences deposited in public databases are shown in Table 5; listed are the proteins showing homologies and the TBLASTN scores quantifying the degree of sequence similarity between the two compared sequences).

This analysis can point out phage proteins with similarity to proteins from other phages (such as those for *E. coli*) playing an important role in the basic biochemical pathways of the phage (such as DNA replication, RNA transcription, tRNAs, coat protein and assembly). Selected examples of such proteins are shown in Tble 5. Therefore, this analysis enables identification and elimination of non-essential ORFs as candidates for an inhibitor function, as well as the identification of (potentially) useful ones.

In addition, this analysis can point out specific ORFs as possible inhibitor ORFs. For example these ORFs may encode proteins or enzymes that alter bacterial cell structure, metabolism or physiology, and ultimately viability. Examples of such

proteins present in the genome of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77 include orf14 (deoxyuridine triphosphatase from bacteriophage T5), and orf15 (sialidase).

In addition, it is well known that bacterial and eukaryotic viruses can usurp pathways from their host in order to use them to their advantage in blocking host cellular pathways upon infection. The phage can achieve this, for example, by overexpressing part or whole host-related sequences which are themselves regulating or rate limiting in key biochemical pathways of the host. The identification of sequence similarity between phage ORFs and bacterial host genome sequences will be highly indicative of such a mechanism (Selected examples of such homologies are listed in Table 5, e.g. orf4 (homologous to autolysin), orf20 (hypothetical protein from *Staphylococcus aureus*) and orf29 (hypothetical protein from *Staphylococcus aureus*). These ORFs can be analyzed by a standard biochemical approach to directly test their inhibitor functions (e.g., as described below).

Alternatively, a homology search may reveal that a given phage ORF is related to a protein present in the databases having an activity known to be inhibitory, (e.g. inhibitor of host RNA polymerase by *E. coli* bacteriophage T7. Such a finding would implicate the phage ORF product in a related activity. This will also suggest that a new antimicrobial could be derived by a mimetic approach (e.g., peptidomimetic) imitating this function or by a small molecule inhibitor to the bacterial target of the phage ORF, or any steps in the relevant host metabolic pathway, e.g., high throughput screening of small molecule libraries. Selected examples of such similarity between ORFs of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77 and proteins with inhibitor functions for bacterial hosts are listed in Table 5. These include orf9 (similar to bacteriophage P1 *kilA* function), and orf4 (autolysin of *Staphylococcus aureus*, amidase enzymatic activity).

A reason for the biochemical study of individual ORFs for inhibitor function is that their expression or overexpression will block cellular pathways of the host, ultimately leading to arrest and/or inhibition of host metabolism. In addition, such ORFs can alter host metabolism in different ways, including modification of pathogenicity. Therefore, individual ORFs identified above are expressed, preferably overexpressed, in the host and the effect of this expression or overexpression on host metabolism and viability is measured. This approach can be systematically applied to every ORF of the phage, if necessary, and does not rely on the absolute identification of candidate ORFs by bioinformatics. Individual ORFs are resynthesized from the phage genomic DNA, e.g., by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), preferably using oligonucleotide primers flanking the ORF on either side. These single ORFs are preferably engineered so that they contain appropriate cloning sites at their extremities to allow their introduction into a new bacterial expression plasmid, allowing

propagation in a standard bacterial host such as *E. coli*, but containing the necessary information for plasmid replication in the target microbe such as *S. aureus* (hereafter referred to as shuttle vector). Shuttle vectors and their use are well known in the art.

Such shuttle vectors preferably also contain regulatory sequences that allow
5 inducible expression of the introduced ORF. As the candidate ORF may encode an inhibitor function that will eliminate the host, it is beneficial that it not be expressed prior to testing for activity. Thus, screening for such sequences when expressed in a constitutive fashion is less likely to be successful when the inhibitor is lethal. In the exemplary inducible system presented in Figures 1A, 1B, and 2, regulatory sequences
10 from the *ars* operon of *S. aureus* are used to direct individual ORF expression in *S. aureus*. The *ars* operon encodes a series of proteins which normally mediate the extrusion of arsenite and other trivalent oxyanions from the cells when they are exposed to such toxic substances in their environment. The operon encoding this detoxifying mechanism is normally silent and only induced when arsenite-related
15 compounds are present. (Tauriainen, S. et al. (1997) *App. Env. Microb.*, Vol. 63, No. 11, p. 4456-4461.)

Therefore, individual phage ORFs can be expressed in *S. aureus* in an inducible fashion by adding to the culture medium non-toxic arsenite concentrations during the growth of individual *S. aureus* clones expressing such individual phage
20 ORFs. Toxicity of the phage inhibitor ORF for the host is monitored by reduction or arrest of growth under induction conditions, as measured by optical density in liquid culture or after plating the induced cultures on solid medium. Subsequently, interference of the phage ORF with the host biochemical pathways ultimately leading to reduced or arrested host metabolism can be measured by pulse-chase experiments
25 using radiolabeled precursors of either DNA replication, RNA transcription, or protein synthesis.

Those skilled in the art are familiar with a variety of other inducible systems which can also be used for the controlled expression of phage ORFs, including, for example, lactose (see *e.g.*, Stratagene's LacSwitchTMII system; La Jolla, CA) and
30 tetracycline-based systems (see, *e.g.* Clontech's Tet On/Tet OffTM system; Palo Alto, CA). The arsenite-inducible system described is further depicted in Figures 1A, 1B, and 2.

The selection or construction of shuttle vectors and the selection and use of inducible systems are well known and thus other shuttle vectors appropriate for other
35 bacteria can be readily provided by those skilled in the art.

Standard methodologies for expressing proteins from constructs, and isolating and manipulating those proteins, for example in cross-linking and affinity chromatography studies, may be found in various commonly available and known
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laboratory manuals. See, *e.g.*, Current Protocols in Protein Science, John Wiley & Sons, Secaucus, N.J., and Maniatis, T. et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor University Press, Cold Spring, N.Y.

It has been found that certain phage or other viruses inhibit host cells, at least in part, by producing an antisense RNA which binds to and inhibits translation from a bacterial RNA sequence. Thus, in the case of potentially inhibitor RNA transcripts encoded by the phage genome, a strong indicator of a possible inhibitory function is provided by the identification of phage sequence which is the identical to or fully complementary (or with only a small percentage of mismatch, *e.g.*, <10%, preferably less than 5%, most preferably less than 3%, to a bacterial sequence. This approach is convenient in the case of bacteria which have been essentially completely sequenced, as the comparison can be performed by computer using public database information.

The inhibitory effect of the transcript can be confirmed using expression of the phage sequence in a host bacterium. If needed, such inhibitory can also be tested by transfecting the cells with a vector which will transcribe the phage sequence to form RNA in such manner that the RNA produced will not be translated into a polypeptide. Inhibition under such conditions provides a strong indication that the inhibition is due to the transcript rather than to an encoded polypeptide.

In an alternative, the expression of an ORF in a host bacterium is found to be inhibitory, but the inhibition is found to be due to an RNA product of the genomic coding region. For antisense inhibition, the sequence of the bacterial target nucleic acid sequence can be identified by inspection of the phage sequence, and the full sequence of the relevant coding region for the bacterial product can be found from a database of the bacterial genomic sequence or can be isolated by standard techniques (*e.g.*, a clone in a genomic library can be isolated which contains the full bacterial ORF, and then sequenced).

In either case, the identification of a target which is inhibited by an RNA transcript produced by a phage provides both the possible inhibition of bacteria naturally containing the same target nucleic acid sequence, as well as the ability to use the target sequence in screening for other types of compounds which will act directly on the target nucleic acid sequence or on a polypeptide product expressed or regulated, at least in part, by the target of the inhibitory phage RNA.

In some cases it will be found that the target of an inhibitory phage RNA or protein has previously been found to be a target of an inhibitory phage RNA or protein has previously been found to be a target for an antibacterial agent. In such cases, the phage inhibitor can still provide useful information if it is found that the phage-encoded product acts at a different site than the previously identified antibacterial agent or inhibitor, *i.e.*, acts at a phage-specific site. For many targets,

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action at a different site provides highly beneficial characteristics and/or information. For example, an alternate site of inhibitor action can at least partially overcome a resistance mechanism in a bacterium. As an illustration, in many cases, resistance is due, in large part, to altered binding characteristics of the immediate target to the antibacterial agent. The altered binding is due to a structural change which prevents or destabilizes the binding. However, the structural change is frequently quite local, so that compounds which bind at different local sites will be unaffected or affected to a much lesser degree. Indeed, in some cases the local sites will be on a different molecule and so may be completely unaffected by the local structural change creating resistance to the original agent(s). An example of resistance due to altered binding is provided by methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*, in which the resistance is due to an altered penicillin-binding protein.

In other cases, a new site of action can have improved accessibility as compared to a site acted on by a previously identified agent. This can, for example, assist in allowing effective treatment at lower doses, or in allowing access by a larger range of types of compounds, potentially allowing identification of more potential active agents.

Another advantage is that the structural characteristics of a different site of action will lead to identification and/or development of inhibitors with different structures and different pharmacological parameters. This can allow a greater range of possibilities when selecting an antibacterial agent.

Yet further, different sites often produce different inhibitory characteristics in the target organism. This is commonly the case for multi-domain target proteins. Thus, inhibition targeting an alternate site can produce more efficacious action, e.g., faster killing, slower development of resistance, lower numbers of surviving cells, and different secondary effects (for example, different nutrient utilization).

Validating Identified Inhibitory Phage ORFs

A fifth step involves validating the identified phage inhibitor ORF by independent methods, and delineating further possible smaller segments of the ORFs that have inhibitory activity. Several methods exist to validate the role of the identified ORF as an inhibitor ORF.

One example utilizes the creation of a mutant variant of the phage ORF in which the candidate ORF carries a partial or complete loss-of-function mutation that is measurable as compared with the non-mutant ORF. Comparison of the effects of expression of the loss of function mutant with the normal ORF provides confirmation of the identification of an inhibitor ORF where the loss of function mutant provides a

measurably lower level of inhibition, preferably no inhibition. The loss of function may be conditional, *e.g.*, temperature sensitive.

Once validation of the inhibitor ORF is achieved, a bi-directional deletion analysis can be carried out using the same experimental system to identify the minimal polypeptide segment that has inhibitor activity. This may be carried out by a variety of means, *e.g.*, by exonuclease or PCR methodologies, and is used to determine if a relatively small segment of the ORF (*i.e.*, the product of the ORF) still possesses inhibitory activity when isolated away from its native sequence. If so, a portion of the ORF encoding this “active portion” can be used as a template for the synthesis of novel anti-microbial agents and further allowing derivation of the peptide sequence, *e.g.*, using modified peptides and/or peptidomimetics.

In creation of certain peptidomimetics, the peptide backbone is transformed into a carbon-based hydrophobic structure that can retain inhibitor activity against the bacterium. This is done by standard medicinal chemistry methods, typically monitored by measuring growth inhibition of the various molecules in liquid cultures or on solid medium. These mimetics can also represent lead compounds for the development of novel antibiotics.

Recently, a major effort has been undertaken by the pharmaceutical industry and their biotechnology partners for the sequencing of bacterial pathogen genomes. The rationale is that the systematic sequencing of the genome will identify all of the bacterial proteins and therefore this proteome will be the target for designing novel inhibitor antibiotics. Although systematic, this approach has several major problems. The first is that analysis of primary amino acid sequences of bacterial proteins does not immediately reveal which protein will be essential for viability of the bacterium, and target validation is thus a major issue. The second problem is one of redundancy, as several biochemical pathways are either structurally duplicated in bacteria (different isoforms of the same enzyme), or functionally duplicated by the presence of salvage pathways in the event of a metabolic block in one pathway (different nutritional conditions). The third is that even a valid target may not be structurally or functionally amenable to inhibition by small molecules because of inaccessibility (sequestration of target).

Therefore, there is considerable interest within the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industry in identifying key targets for drug discovery amongst the mass of novel targets generated by large-scale genomic sequencing projects.

On the other hand, and underscoring the instant invention, the phages herein described have, over millions of years, evolved specific mechanisms to target such key biochemical pathways and proteins. In the few cases where inhibition by phages has been elucidated (*e.g.*, see ref. 3), such bacterial targets are invariably rate-limiting

in their respective biochemical pathways, are not redundant, and/or are readily accessible for inhibition by the phage (or by another inhibitory compound). Therefore, the sixth step of this invention involves identifying the host biochemical pathways and proteins that are targeted by the phage inhibitory mechanisms.

5

Identifying, Validating, and Characterizing Bacterial Host Target Proteins and Affected Pathways

A rationale for this step is that the inhibitor ORF product from the phage physically interacts with and/or modifies certain microbial host components to block their function. Exemplary approaches which can be used to identify the host bacterial pathways and proteins that interact with, and preferably also are inhibited by, phage ORF product(s) are described below.

The first approach is a genetic screen to determine physiological protein:protein interaction, for example, using a yeast two hybrid system. In this assay, the phage ORF is fused to the carboxyl terminus of the yeast Gal4 activation domain II (amino acids 768-881) to create a bait vector. A cDNA library of cloned *S. aureus* sequences which have been engineered into a plasmid where the *S. aureus* sequences are fused to the DNA binding domain of Gal4 is also generated. These plasmids are introduced alone, or in combination, into yeast strain Y190 - previously engineered with chromosomally integrated copies of the *E. coli lacZ* and the selectable HIS3 genes, both under Gal4 regulation (Durfee, T., Becherer, K., Chen, P.-L., Yeh, S.-H., Yang, Y., Kilburn, A.E., Lee, W.-H., and Elledge, S.J. (1993). *Genes & Dev.* 7, 555-569). If the two proteins expressed in yeast interact, the resulting complex will activate transcription from promoters containing Gal4 binding sites. A *lacZ* and His3 gene, each driven by a promoter containing Gal4 binding sites, have been integrated into the genome of the host yeast system used for measuring protein-protein interactions. Such a system provides a physiological environment in which to detect potential protein interactions. This system has been extensively used to identify novel protein-protein interaction partners and to map the sites required for interaction (for example, to identify interacting partners of translation factors (Qiu, H., Garcia-Barrio, M.T., and Hinnebusch, A.G. (1998). *Mol & Cell Biology* 18, 2697-2711), transcription factors (Katagiri, T., Saito, H., Shinohara, A., Ogawa, H., Kamada, N., Nakamura, Y., and Miki, Y. (1998). *Genes, Chromosomes & Cancer* 21, 217-222), and proteins involved in signal transduction (Endo, T.A., Masuhara, M., Yokouchi,

M., Suzuki, R., Sakamoto, H., Mitsui, K., Matsumoto, A., Tanimura, S., Ohtsubo, M., Misawa, H., Miyazaki, T., Leonor N., Taniguchi, T., Fujita, T., Kanakura, Y., Komiya, S., and Yoshimura, A. *Nature*. 387, 921-924). This approach has also been used in many published reports to identify interaction between mammalian viral and mammalian cell proteins.

For example, the non-structural protein NS1 of parvovirus is essential for viral DNA amplification and gene expression and is also the major cytopathic effector of these viruses. A yeast two-hybrid screen with NS1 identified a novel cellular protein of unknown function that interacts with NS-1, called SGT, for small glutamine-rich tetratricopeptide repeat (TPR)-containing protein (Cziepluch C. Kordes E. Poirey R. Grewenig A. Rommelaere, J, and Jauniaux JC. (1998) *J Virol*. 72, 4149-4156). In another screen, the adenovirus E3 protein was recently shown to interact with a novel tumor necrosis factor alpha-inducible protein and to modulate some of the activities of E3 (Li Y. Kang J. and Horwitz M.S. (1998). *Mol & Cell Biol*. 18, 1601-1610). In yet another recent screen, the herpes simplex virus 1 alpha regulatory protein ICP0 was found to interact with (and stabilize) the cell cycle regulator cyclin D3 (Kawaguchi Y. Van Sant C. and Roizman B. (1997). *J Virol*. 71,7328-7336).

Another two-hybrid system for identifying protein:protein interactions is commercially available from STRATEGENETM as the CYTO-TRAPTM system (Chang et al., *Strategies Newsletter* 11(3), 65-68 (1998)(from Stratagene)). The system is a yeast-based method for detecting protein:protein interactions *in vivo*, using activation of the Ras signal transduction cascade by localizing a signal pathway component, human Sos (hSos), to its activation site in the yeast plasma membrane. The system uses a temperature-sensitive *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* mutant, strain cdc25H, which contains a point mutation at amino acid residue 1328 of the cdc25 gene. This gene encodes a guanyl nucleotide exchange factor which binds and activates Ras, leading to cell growth. The mutation in the cdc25 gene prevents host growth at 37°C, but at a permissive temperature of 25°C, growth is normal. The system utilizes the ability of (hSos) to complement the cdc25 defect and activate the yeast Ras signaling pathway. Once (hSos) is expressed and localized to the plasma membrane, the cdc25H yeast strain grows at 37°C. Localizing hSos to the plasma membrane occurs through a protein:protein interaction. A protein of interest, or bait, is expressed as a fusion protein with hSos. The library, or target proteins are

expressed with the myristylation membrane-localization signal. The yeast cells are then incubated under restrictive conditions (37°C). If the bait and the target protein interact, the hSos protein is recruited to the membrane, activating the Ras signaling pathway and allowing the cdc25H yeast strain to grow at the restrictive temperature.

5 The second approach is based on identifying protein:protein interactions between the phage ORF product and bacterial *S. aureus*, e.g., proteins using a biochemical approach based, for example, on affinity chromatography. This approach has been used, for example, to identify interactions between lambda phage proteins and proteins from their *E. coli* host (Sopta, M., Carthew, R.W., and Greenblatt, J. 10 (1985) *J. Biol. Chem.* 260, 10353-10369). The phage ORF is fused to a peptide tag (e.g. glutathione-S-transferase ("GST"), 6xHIS, ("HIS") and/or calmodulin binding protein ("CPB")) within a commercially available plasmid vector that directs high level expression on induction of a suitably responsive promoter driving the fusion's expression. The translated fusion protein is expressed in *E. coli*, purified, and 15 immobilized on a solid phase matrix via, for example the tag. Total cell extracts from the host bacterium, e.g., *S. aureus*, are then passed through the affinity matrix containing the immobilized phage ORF fusion protein; host proteins retained on the column are then eluted under different conditions of ionic strength, pH, detergents etc., and characterized by gel electrophoresis and other techniques. Appropriate 20 controls are run to guard against nonspecific binding to the resin. Target proteins thus recovered should be enriched for the phage protein/peptide of interest and are subsequently electrophoretically or otherwise separated, purified, sequenced, or biochemically analyzed. Usually sequencing entails individual digestion of the proteins to completion with a protease (e.g.-trypsin), followed by molecular mass and 25 amino acid composition and sequence determination using, for example, mass spectrometry, e.g., by MALDI-TOF technology (Qin, J., Fenyo, D., Zhao, Y., Hall, W.W., Chao, D.M., Wilson, C.J., Young, R.A. and Chait, B.T. (1997). *Anal. Chem.* 69, 3995-4001).

30 The sequence of the individual peptides from a single protein are then analyzed by the bioinformatics approach described above to identify the *S. aureus* protein interacting with the phage ORF. This analysis is performed by a computer search of the *S. aureus* genome for an identified sequence. Alternatively, all tryptic peptide fragments of the *S. aureus* genome can be predicted by computer software,

and the molecular mass of such fragments compared to the molecular mass of the peptides obtained from each interacting protein eluted from the affinity matrix. The responsible gene sequence can be obtained, for example by using synthetic degenerate nucleic acid sequences to pull out the corresponding homologous bacterial sequence.

- 5 Alternatively, antibodies can be generated against the peptide and used to isolate nascent peptide/mRNA transcript complexes, from which the mRNA can be reverse transcribed, cloned, and further characterized using the procedures discussed herein.

A variety of other binding assay methods are known in the art and can be used to identify interactions between phage proteins and bacterial proteins or other bacterial cell components. Such methods which allow or provide identification of the bacterial component can be used in this invention for identifying putative targets.

Validation of the interaction between the phage ORF product and the bacterial proteins or other components can be obtained by a second independent assay (*e.g.*, co-immunoprecipitation or protein-protein crosslinking experiments (Qiu, H., Garcia-Barrio, M.T., and Hinnebusch, A.G. (1998). *Mol & Cell Biology* 18, 2697-2711; 15 Brown, S. and Blumenthal, T. (1976). *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 73, 1131-1135)).

Finally, the essential nature of the identified bacterial proteins is preferably determined genetically by creating a constitutive or inducible partial or complete loss-of-function mutation in the gene encoding the identified interacting bacterial protein. 20 This mutant is then tested for bacterial survival and replication.

The protein target of the phage inhibitor function can also be identified using a genetic approach. Two exemplary approaches will be delineated here. The first approach involves the overexpression of a predetermined phage inhibitor protein in mutagenized host bacteria, *e.g.*, *S. aureus*, followed by plating the cells and searching 25 for colonies that can survive the inhibitor. These colonies will then be grown, their DNA extracted and cloned into an expression vector that contains a replicon of a different incompatibility group, and preferably having a different selectable marker than the plasmid expressing the phage inhibitor. Thus, host DNA fragments from the mutant that can protect the cell from phage ORF inhibition can be sequenced and 30 compared with that of the bacterial host to determine in which gene the mutation lies. This approach allows rapid determination of the targets and pathways that are affected by the inhibitor.

Alternatively, the bacterial targets can be determined in the absence of selecting for mutations using an approach known as "multicopy suppression". In this approach, the DNA from the wild type host is cloned into an expression vector that can coexist, as previously described, with one containing a predetermined phage inhibitor. Those plasmids that contain host DNA fragments and genes that protect the host from the phage inhibitor can then be isolated and sequenced to identify putative targets and pathways in the host bacteria.

Regardless of the specific mode of identification, screening assays may additionally utilize gene fusions to specific "reporter genes" to identify a bacterial gene(s) whose expression is affected when the host target pathway is affected by the phage inhibitor. Such gene fusions can be used to search a number of small molecule compounds for inhibitors that may affect this pathway and thus cause cell inhibition. This approach will allow the screening of a large number of molecules on petri dishes or 96-well format by monitoring for a simple color change in the bacterial colonies. In this manner, we can validate host targets and classes of compounds for further study and clinical development. These inhibitors also represent lead compounds for the development of other antibiotics.

Bioinformatics and comparative genomics are preferably then applied to the identified bacterial gene products to predict biochemical function. The biochemical activity of the protein can be verified *in vitro* in cell free assays or *in vivo* in intact cells. *In vitro* biochemical assays utilizing cell-free extracts or purified protein are established as a basis for the screening and development of inhibitors.

These inhibitors, preferably small molecule inhibitors, may comprise peptides, antibodies, products from natural sources such as fungal or plant extracts or small molecule organic compounds. In general, small molecule organic compounds are preferred. These compounds may, for example, be identified within large compound libraries, including combinatorial libraries. For example, a plurality of compounds, preferably a large number of compounds can be screened to determine whether any of the compounds binds or otherwise disrupts or inhibits the identified bacterial target. Compounds identified as having any of these activities can then be evaluated further in cell culture and/or animal model systems to determine the pharmacological properties of the compound, including the specific anti-microbial ability of the compound.

For mixtures of natural products, including crude preparations, once a preparation or fraction of a preparation is shown to have an anti-microbial activity, the active substance can be isolated and identified using techniques well known in the art, if the compound is not already available in a purified form.

- 5 Identified compounds possessing anti-microbial activity and similar compounds having structural similarity can be further evaluated and, if necessary, derivatized according to synthesis and/or modification methods available in the art selected as appropriate for the particular starting molecule.

10 Derivatization of identified anti-microbials

- In cases where the identified anti-microbials above might represent peptidal compounds, the *in vivo* effectiveness of such compounds may be advantageously enhanced by chemical modification using the natural polypeptide as a starting point and incorporating changes that provide advantages for use, for example, increased stability to proteolytic degradation, reduced antigenicity, improved tissue penetration, and/or improved delivery characteristics.

- In addition to active modifications and derivative creations, it can also be useful to provide inactive modifications or derivatives for use as negative controls or introduction of immunologic tolerance. For example, a biologically inactive derivative which has essentially the same epitopes as the corresponding natural antimicrobial can be used to induce immunological tolerance in a patient being treated. The induction of tolerance can then allow uninterrupted treatment with the active anti-microbial to continue for a significantly longer period of time.

- 25 Modified anti-microbial polypeptides and derivatives can be produced using a number of different types of modifications to the amino acid chain. Many such methods are known to those skilled in the art. The changes can include, for example, reduction of the size of the molecule, and/or the modification of the amino acid sequence of the molecule. In addition, a variety of different chemical modifications of the naturally occurring polypeptide can be used, either with or without modifications to the amino acid sequence or size of the molecule. Such chemical modifications can, for example, include the incorporation of modified or non-natural amino acids or non-amino acid moieties during synthesis of the peptide chain, or the post-synthesis modification of incorporated chain moieties.

The oligopeptides of this invention can be synthesized chemically or through an appropriate gene expression system. Synthetic peptides can include both naturally occurring amino acids and laboratory synthesized, modified amino acids.

Also provided herein are functional derivatives of anti-microbial proteins or polypeptides. By "functional derivative" is meant a "chemical derivative," "fragment," "variant," "chimera," or "hybrid" of the polypeptide or protein, which terms are defined below. A functional derivative retains at least a portion of the function of the protein, for example reactivity with a specific antibody, enzymatic activity or binding activity.

A "chemical derivative" of the complex contains additional chemical moieties not normally a part of the protein or peptide. Such moieties may improve the molecule's solubility, absorption, biological half-life, and the like. The moieties may alternatively decrease the toxicity of the molecule, eliminate or attenuate any undesirable side effect of the molecule, and the like. Moieties capable of mediating such effects are disclosed in Alfonso and Gennaro (1995). Procedures for coupling such moieties to a molecule are well known in the art. Covalent modifications of the protein or peptides are included within the scope of this invention. Such modifications may be introduced into the molecule by reacting targeted amino acid residues of the peptide with an organic derivatizing agent that is capable of reacting with selected side chains or terminal residues, as described below.

Cysteiny l residues most commonly are reacted with alpha-haloacetates (and corresponding amines), such as chloroacetic acid or chloroacetamide, to give carboxymethyl or carboxyamidomethyl derivatives. Cysteiny l residues also are derivatized by reaction with bromotri fluoroacetone, chloroacetyl phosphate, N-alkylmaleimides, 3-nitro-2-pyridyl disulfide, methyl 2-pyridyl disulfide, p-chloro-mercuribenzoate, 2-chloromercuri-4-nitrophenol, or chloro-7-nitrobenzo-2-oxa-1,3-diazole.

Histidyl residues are derivatized by reaction with diethylprocarbonate at pH 5.5-7.0 because this agent is relatively specific for the histidyl side chain. Para-bromophenacyl bromide also is useful; the reaction is preferably performed in 0.1 M sodium cacodylate at pH 6.0.

Lysiny l and amino terminal residues are reacted with succinic or other carboxylic acid anhydrides. Derivatization with these agents has the effect of

reversing the charge of the lysinyl residues. Other suitable reagents for derivatizing primary amine- containing residues include imidoesters such as methyl picolinimide; pyridoxal phosphate; pyridoxal; chloroborohydride; trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid; O-methylisourea; 2,4 pentanedione; and transaminase- catalyzed reaction with glyoxylate.

Arginyl residues are modified by reaction with one or several conventional reagents, among them phenylglyoxal, 2,3-butanedione, 1,2-cyclohexanedione, and ninhydrin. Derivatization of arginine residues requires that the reaction be performed in alkaline conditions because of the high pK_a of the guanidine functional group. Furthermore, these reagents may react with the groups of lysine as well as the arginine alpha-amino group.

Tyrosyl residues are well-known targets of modification for introduction of spectral labels by reaction with aromatic diazonium compounds or tetranitromethane. Most commonly, N-acetylimidazole and tetranitromethane are used to form O-acetyl tyrosyl species and 3-nitro derivatives, respectively.

Carboxyl side groups (aspartyl or glutamyl) are selectively modified by reaction carbodiimide ($R'-N-C-N-R'$) such as 1-cyclohexyl-3-(2-morpholinyl(4-ethyl) carbodiimide or 1-ethyl-3-(4-azonia-4,4-dimethylpentyl) carbodiimide. Furthermore, aspartyl and glutamyl residues are converted to asparaginyl and glutaminyl residues by reaction with ammonium ions.

Glutaminyl and asparaginyl residues are frequently deamidated to the corresponding glutamyl and aspartyl residues. Alternatively, these residues are deamidated under mildly acidic conditions. Either form of these residues falls within the scope of this invention.

Derivatization with bifunctional agents is useful, for example, for cross-linking component peptides to each other or the complex to a water-insoluble support matrix or to other macromolecular carriers. Commonly used cross-linking agents include, for example, 1,1-bis (diazoacetyl)-2-phenylethane, glutaraldehyde, N-hydroxysuccinimide esters, for example, esters with 4-azidosalicylic acid, homobifunctional imidoesters, including disuccinimidyl esters such as 3,3'-dithiobis(succinimidylpropionate), and bifunctional maleimides such as bis-N-maleimido-1,8-octane. Derivatizing agents such as methyl-3-[p-azidophenyl] dithiolpropionimide yield photoactivatable intermediates that are capable of forming

crosslinks in the presence of light. Alternatively, reactive water-insoluble matrices such as cyanogen bromide-activated carbohydrates and the reactive substrates described in U.S. Patent Nos. 3,969,287; 3,691,016; 4,195,128; 4,247,642; 4,229,537; and 4,330,440 are employed for protein immobilization.

5 Other modifications include hydroxylation of proline and lysine, phosphorylation of hydroxyl groups of seryl or threonyl residues, methylation of the alpha-amino groups of lysine, arginine, and histidine side chains (Creighton, T.E., *Proteins: Structure and Molecular Properties*, W.H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco, pp. 79-86 (1983)), acetylation of the N-terminal amine, and, in some instances, 10 amidation of the C-terminal carboxyl groups.

Such derivatized moieties may improve the stability, solubility, absorption, biological half life, and the like. The moieties may alternatively eliminate or attenuate any undesirable side effect of the protein complex. Moieties capable of mediating such effects are disclosed, for example, in Alfonso and Gennaro (1995).

15 The term "fragment" is used to indicate a polypeptide derived from the amino acid sequence of the protein or polypeptide having a length less than the full-length polypeptide from which it has been derived. Such a fragment may, for example, be produced by proteolytic cleavage of the full-length protein. Preferably, the fragment is obtained recombinantly by appropriately modifying the DNA sequence encoding 20 the proteins to delete one or more amino acids at one or more sites of the C-terminus, N-terminus, and/or within the native sequence.

Another functional derivative intended to be within the scope of the present invention is a "variant" polypeptide which either lacks one or more amino acids or contains additional or substituted amino acids relative to the native polypeptide. The 25 variant may be derived from a naturally occurring polypeptide by appropriately modifying the protein DNA coding sequence to add, remove, and/or to modify codons for one or more amino acids at one or more sites of the C-terminus, N-terminus, and/or within the native sequence.

A functional derivative of a protein or polypeptide with deleted, inserted 30 and/or substituted amino acid residues may be prepared using standard techniques well-known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, the modified components of the functional derivatives may be produced using site-directed mutagenesis techniques (as exemplified by Adelman et al., 1983, *DNA* 2:183;

Sambrook et al., 1989) wherein nucleotides in the DNA coding sequence are modified such that a modified coding sequence is produced, and thereafter expressing this recombinant DNA in a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cell, using techniques such as those described above. Alternatively, components of functional derivatives of
5 complexes with amino acid deletions, insertions and/or substitutions may be conveniently prepared by direct chemical synthesis, using methods well-known in the art.

Insofar as other anti-microbial inhibitor compounds identified by the invention described herein may not be peptidal in nature, other chemical techniques exist to
10 allow their suitable modification, as well, and according the desirable principles discussed above.

Administration and Pharmaceutical Compositions

15 For the therapeutic and prophylactic treatment of infection, the preferred method of preparation or administration of anti-microbial compounds will generally vary depending on the precise identity and nature of the anti-microbial being delivered. Thus, those skilled in the art will understand that administration methods known in the art will also be appropriate for the compounds of this invention.

20 The particularly desired anti-microbial can be administered to a patient either by itself, or in pharmaceutical compositions where it is mixed with suitable carriers or excipient(s). In treating an infection, a therapeutically effective amount of an agent or agents is administered. A therapeutically effective dose refers to that amount of the compound that results in amelioration of one or more symptoms of bacterial infection
25 and/or a prolongation of patient survival or patient comfort.

Toxicity, therapeutic and prophylactic efficacy of anti-microbials can be determined by standard pharmaceutical procedures in cell cultures and/or experimental organisms such as animals, *e.g.*, for determining the LD₅₀ (the dose lethal to 50% of the population) and the ED₅₀ (the dose therapeutically effective in
30 50% of the population). The dose ratio between toxic and therapeutic effects is the therapeutic index and it can be expressed as the ratio LD₅₀/ED₅₀. Compounds which exhibit large therapeutic indices are preferred. The data obtained from these cell culture assays and animal studies can be used in formulating a range of dosage for use in humans. The dosage of such compounds lies preferably within a range of

circulating concentrations that include the ED₅₀ with little or no toxicity. The dosage may vary within this range depending upon the dosage form employed and the route of administration utilized.

For any compound identified and used in the method of the invention, the therapeutically effective dose can be estimated initially from cell culture assays. Such information can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in organisms such as plants and animals, preferably mammals, and most preferably humans. Levels in plasma may be measured, for example, by HPLC or other means appropriate for detection of the particular compound.

The exact formulation, route of administration and dosage can be chosen by the individual physician in view of the patient's condition (see *e.g.* Fingl et. al., in The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 1975, Ch. 1 p.1).

It should be noted that the attending physician would know how and when to terminate, interrupt, or adjust administration due to toxicity, organ dysfunction, or other systemic malady. Conversely, the attending physician would also know to adjust treatment to higher levels if the clinical response were not adequate (precluding toxicity). The magnitude of an administered dose in the management of the disorder of interest will vary with the severity of the condition to be treated and the route of administration. The severity of the condition may, for example, be evaluated, in part, by standard prognostic evaluation methods. Further, the dose and perhaps dose frequency, will also vary according to the age, body weight, and response of the individual patient. A program comparable to that discussed above also may be used in veterinary or phyto medicine.

Depending on the specific infection target being treated and the method selected, such agents may be formulated and administered systemically or locally, *i.e.*, topically. Techniques for formulation and administration may be found in Alfonso and Gennaro (1995). Suitable routes may include , for example, oral, rectal, transdermal, vaginal, transmucosal, intestinal, parenteral, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intramedullary injections, as well as intrathecal, intravenous, or intraperitoneal injections.

For injection, the agents of the invention may be formulated in aqueous solutions, preferably in physiologically compatible buffers such as Hanks' solution, Ringer's solution, or physiological saline buffer. For transmucosal administration,

penetrants appropriate to the barrier to be permeated are used in the formulation. Such penetrants are generally known in the art.

Use of pharmaceutically acceptable carriers to formulate identified anti-microbials of the present invention into dosages suitable for systemic administration is within the scope of the invention. With proper choice of carrier and suitable manufacturing practice, the compositions of the present invention, in particular those formulated as solutions, may be administered parenterally, such as by intravenous injection. Appropriate compounds can be formulated readily using pharmaceutically acceptable carriers well known in the art into dosages suitable for oral administration. Such carriers enable the compounds of the invention to be formulated as tablets, pills, capsules, liquids, gels, syrups, slurries, suspensions and the like, for oral ingestion by a patient to be treated.

Agents intended to be administered intracellularly may be administered using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such agents may be encapsulated into liposomes, then administered as described above. Liposomes are spherical lipid bilayers with aqueous interiors. All molecules present in an aqueous solution at the time of liposome formation are incorporated into the aqueous interior. The liposomal contents are both protected from the external microenvironment and, because liposomes fuse with cell membranes, are efficiently delivered into the cell cytoplasm. Additionally, due to their hydrophobicity, small organic molecules may be directly administered intracellularly.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for use in the present invention include compositions wherein the active ingredients are contained in an effective amount to achieve the intended purpose. Determination of the effective amounts is well within the capability of those skilled in the art.

In addition to the active ingredients, these pharmaceutical compositions may contain suitable pharmaceutically acceptable carriers comprising excipients and auxiliaries which facilitate processing of the active compounds into preparations which can be used pharmaceutically. The preparations formulated for oral administration may be in the form of tablets, dragees, capsules, or solutions, including those formulated for delayed release or only to be released when the pharmaceutical reaches the small or large intestine.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention may be manufactured in a manner that is itself known, *e.g.*, by means of conventional mixing, dissolving, granulating, dragee-making, levitating, emulsifying, encapsulating, entrapping or lyophilizing processes.

5 Pharmaceutical formulations for parenteral administration include aqueous solutions of the active anti-microbial compounds in water-soluble form. Alternatively, suspensions of the active compounds may be prepared as appropriate oily injection suspensions. Suitable lipophilic solvents or vehicles include fatty oils such as sesame oil, or synthetic fatty acid esters, such as ethyl oleate or triglycerides, 10 or liposomes. Aqueous injection suspensions may contain substances which increase the viscosity of the suspension, such as sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, sorbitol, or dextran. Optionally, the suspension may also contain suitable stabilizers or agents which increase the solubility of the compounds to allow for the preparation of highly concentrated solutions.

15 Pharmaceutical preparations for oral use can be obtained by combining the active compounds with solid excipient, optionally grinding a resulting mixture, and processing the mixture of granules, after adding suitable auxiliaries, if desired, to obtain tablets or dragee cores. Suitable excipients are, in particular, fillers such as sugars, including lactose, sucrose, mannitol, or sorbitol; cellulose preparations such 20 as, for example, maize starch, wheat starch, rice starch, potato starch, gelatin, gum tragacanth, methyl cellulose, hydroxypropylmethyl-cellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, and/or polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP). If desired, disintegrating agents may be added, such as the cross-linked polyvinyl pyrrolidone, agar, or alginic acid or a salt thereof such as sodium alginate.

25 Dragee cores are provided with suitable coatings. For this purpose, concentrated sugar solutions may be used, which may optionally contain gum arabic, talc, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, carbopol gel, polyethylene glycol, and/or titanium dioxide, lacquer solutions, and suitable organic solvents or solvent mixtures. Dyestuffs or pigments may be added to the tablets or dragee coatings for identification 30 or to characterize different combinations of active compound doses.

Pharmaceutical preparations which can be used orally include push-fit capsules made of gelatin, as well as soft, sealed capsules made of gelatin and a plasticizer, such as glycerol or sorbitol. The push-fit capsules can contain the active

ingredients in admixture with filler such as lactose, binders such as starches, and/or lubricants such as talc or magnesium stearate and, optionally, stabilizers. In soft capsules, the active compounds may be dissolved or suspended in suitable liquids, such as fatty oils, liquid paraffin, or liquid polyethylene glycols. In addition, stabilizers may be added.

The above methodologies may be employed either actively or prophylactically against an infection of interest.

Computer-related Aspects and Embodiments

In addition to the provision of compounds as chemical entities, nucleotide sequences, or fragments thereof at least 95%, preferably at least 97%, more preferably at least 99%, and most preferably at least 99.9% identical to phage inhibitor sequences can also be provided in a variety of additional media to facilitate various uses.

Thus, as used in this section, "provided" refers to an article of manufacture, rather than an actual nucleic acid molecule, which contains a nucleotide sequence of the present invention; *e.g.*, a nucleotide sequence of an exemplary bacteriophage or a sequence encoding a bacterial target or a fragment thereof, preferably a nucleotide sequence at least 95%, more preferably at least 99% and most preferably at least 99.9% identical to such a bacteriophage or bacterial sequence, for example, to a polynucleotide of an unsequenced phage listed in Table 1, preferably of bacteriophage 77 (*S. aureus* host) or bacteriophage 3A (*S. aureus* host) or bacteriophage 96 (*S. aureus* host). Such an article provides a large portion of the particular bacteriophage genome or bacterial gene and parts thereof (*e.g.*, a bacteriophage open reading frame (ORF)) in a form which allows a skilled artisan to examine and/or analyze the sequence using means not directly applicable to examining the actual genome or gene or subset thereof as it exists in nature or in purified form as a chemical entity.

In one application of this aspect, a nucleotide sequence of the present invention can be recorded on computer readable media. As used herein, "computer readable media" refers to any medium that can be read and accessed directly by a computer. Such media include, but are not limited to: magnetic storage media, such as floppy discs, hard disc storage medium, magnetic tape; optical storage media such as CD-ROM; electrical storage media such as RAM and ROM; and hybrids of these categories, such as magnetic/optical storage media. A skilled artisan can readily appreciate how any of the presently known computer readable mediums can be used to create an article of manufacture which includes one or more computer readable media having recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence or sequences of the present invention. Likewise, it will be clear to those of skill how additional computer

readable media that may be developed also can be used to create analogous manufactures having recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence of the present invention.

As used herein, "recorded" refers to a process for storing information on computer readable medium. A skilled artisan can readily adopt any of the presently known methods for recording information on computer readable medium to generate manufactures comprising the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention.

A variety of data storage structures are available to a skilled artisan for creating a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence of the present invention. The choice of the data storage structure will generally be based on the means chosen to access the stored information. In addition, a variety of data processor programs and formats can be used to store the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention on computer readable medium. The sequence information can, for example, be presented in a word processing test file, formatted in commercially available software such as WordPerfect and Microsoft Word, or represented in the form of an ASCII file, stored in a database application, such as DB2, Sybase, Oracle, or the like. A skilled artisan can readily adapt any number of data processor structuring formats (e.g., text file or database) in order to obtain computer readable medium having recorded thereon the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention.

Computer software is publicly available which allows a skilled artisan to access sequence information provided in a computer readable medium. Thus, by providing in computer readable form a nucleotide sequence of an unsequenced bacteriophage, such as an exemplary bacteriophage listed in Table 1 or of a sequence encoding a bacterial target or a fragment thereof, preferably a nucleotide sequence at least 95%, more preferably at least 99% and most preferably at least 99.9% identical to such a bacteriophage or bacterial sequence, for example, to a polynucleotide of bacteriophage 77 (*S. aureus* host) or bacteriophage 3A (*S. aureus* host) or bacteriophage 96 (*S. aureus* host), the present invention enables the skilled artisan to routinely access the provided sequence information for a wide variety of purposes.

Those skilled in the art understand that software can implement a variety of different search or analysis software which implement sequence search and analysis algorithms, e.g., the BLAST (Altschul et al., J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410 (1990) and BLAZE (Brutlag et al., Comp. Chem 17:203-207 (1993)) search algorithms. For example, such search algorithms can be implemented on a Sybase system and used to identify open reading frames (ORFs) within the bacteriophage genome which contain homology to ORFs or proteins from other viruses, e.g., other bacteriophage, and other organisms, e.g., the host bacterium. Among the ORFs discussed herein are protein

encoding fragments of the bacteriophage genomes which encode bacteria-inhibiting proteins or fragments.

The present invention further provides systems, particularly computer-based systems, which contain the sequence information described. Such systems are designed to identify, among other things, useful fragments of the bacteriophage genomes.

As used herein, "a computer-based system" refers to the hardware, software, and data storage media used to analyze the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention. The minimum hardware of the computer-based systems of the present invention comprises a central processing unit (CPU), input device, output device, and data storage medium or media. A skilled artisan will readily recognize that any of the currently available general purpose computer-based system are suitable for use in the present invention, as well as a variety of different specialized or dedicated computer-based systems.

As stated above, the computer-based systems of the present invention comprise data storage media having stored therein a nucleotide sequence of the present invention and the necessary hardware and software for supporting and implementing a search and/or analysis program.

As used herein, "data storage media" refers to memory which can store nucleotide sequence information of the present invention, or a memory access means which can access manufactures having recorded thereon the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention.

As used herein, "search program" refers to one or more programs which are implemented on the computer-based system to compare a target sequence or target structural motif with the sequence information stored within the data storage means. Search means are used to identify fragments or regions of the present genomic sequences which match a particular target sequence or target motif. A variety of known algorithms are disclosed publicly and a variety of commercially available software for conducting search means are and can be used in the computer-based systems of the present invention. Examples of such software includes, but is not limited to, MacPattern (EMBL), BLASTN and BLASTX (NCBIA). A skilled artisan can readily recognize that any one of the available algorithms or implementing software packages for conducting homology searches and/or sequence analyses can be adapted for use in the present computer-based systems.

As used herein in connection with sequence searches and analyses, a "target sequence" can be any DNA or amino acid sequence of six or more nucleotides or two or more amino acids. A skilled artisan can readily recognize that the longer a target sequence is, the less likely a target sequence will be present as a random occurrence in

the database. Also, the target sequence length is preferably selected to include sequence corresponding to a biologically relevant portion of an encoded product, for example a region which is expected to be conserved across a range of source organisms. Preferably the sequence length of a target polypeptide sequence is from 5-100 amino acids, more preferably 7-50 or 7-100 amino acids, and still more preferably 10-80 or 10-100 amino acids. Preferably the sequence length of a target polynucleotide sequence is from 15-300 nucleotide residues, more preferably from 21-240 or 21-300, and still more preferably 30-150 or 30-300 nucleotide residues. However, it is well recognized that searches for commercially important fragments, such as sequence fragments involved in gene expression and protein processing, may be of shorter length. Likewise, it may be desirable to search and/or analyze longer sequences.

As used herein, "a target structural motif," or "target motif," refers to any rationally selected sequence or combination of sequences in which the sequence(s) are chosen based on a three-dimensional configuration which is formed upon the folding of the target motif. There are a variety of target motifs known in the art. Protein target motifs include, but are not limited to, enzymatic active sites and signal sequences. Nucleic acid target motifs include, but are not limited to promoter sequences, hairpin structures and inducible expression elements (protein binding sequences).

A variety of structural formats for the input and output devices can be used to input and output the information in the computer-based systems of the present invention. A preferred format for an output device ranks fragments of the bacteriophage or bacterial sequences possessing varying degrees of homology to the target sequence or target motif. Such presentation provides a skilled artisan with a ranking of sequences which contain various amounts of the target sequence or target motif and identifies the degree of homology contained in the identified fragment.

A variety of comparing methods and/or devices and/or formats can be used to compare a target sequence or target motif with the sequence stored in data storage media to identify sequence fragments of the bacteriophage or bacterium in question. One skilled in the art can readily recognize that any one of the publicly available homology search programs can be used as the search program for the computer-based systems of the present invention. Of course, suitable proprietary systems that may be known to those of skill, or later developed, also may be employed in this regard.

Figure 5 provides a block diagram of a computer system illustrative of embodiments of this aspect of present invention. The computer system 102 includes a processor 106 connected to a bus 104. Also connected to the bus 104 are a main memory 108 (preferably implemented as random access memory, RAM) and a variety

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of secondary storage devices 110, such as a hard drive 112 and a removable medium storage device 114. The removable medium storage device 114 may represent, for example, a floppy disk drive, a CD-ROM drive, a magnetic tape drive, etc. A removable storage medium 116 (such as a floppy disk, a compact disk, a magnetic tape, etc.) containing control logic and/or data recorded therein may be inserted into the removable medium storage device 114. The computer system 102 includes appropriate software for reading the control logic and/or the data from the removable medium storage device 114, once it is inserted into the removable medium storage device 114.

10 A nucleotide sequence of the present invention may be stored in a well-known manner in the main memory 108, any of the secondary storage devices 110, and/or a removable storage medium 116. During execution, software for accessing and processing the sequence (such as search tools, comparing tools, etc.) reside in main memory 108, in accordance with the requirements and operating parameters of the operating system, the hardware system and the software program or programs.

15 The data storage medium in which the sequence is embodied and the central processor need not be part of a single stand-alone computer, but may be separated so long as data transfer can occur. For example, the processor or processors being utilized for a search or analysis can be part of one general purpose computer, and the data storage medium can be part of a second general purpose computer connected to a network, or the data storage medium can be part of a network server. As another example the data storage medium can be part of a computer system or network accessible over telephone lines or other remote connection method.

EXAMPLES

Example 1: Propagation of Bacteriophage 77 of *Staphylococcus aureus*

5 **Bacterial propagating strain and Bacteriophage:**

The *Staphylococcus aureus* propagating strain 77 (PS 77) was used as a host to propagate its respective phage 77 (ATCC # 27699-B1).

Purification of bacteriophage and preparation of phage DNA:

10 The propagation method was carried out by using the agar layer method described by Swanström and Adams (Swanström, M. and Adams, M.H. (1951). Agar layer method for production of high titer phage stocks. *Proc. Soc. Exptl. Biol. & Med.* 78: 372-375). Briefly, the PS 77 strain was grown overnight at 37°C in Nutrient broth [NB: 3 g Bacto Beef Extract, 5 g Bacto Peptone per liter, (Difco Laboratories)]. The culture was then diluted 20x in NB and incubated at 37°C until the OD₅₄₀ = .2. The
15 suspension (15x10⁷ Bacteria) was then mixed with 15x10⁵ phage particles to give a ratio of 100 bacteria/phage particle in the presence of 400 µg/ml of CaCl₂. After incubation of 15 min at room temperature, 7.5 ml of melted soft agar (NB supplemented with 0.6% of agar), were added to the mixture and poured onto the surface of 100 mm nutrient agar plates (3 g Bacto Beef Extract, 5 g Bacto Peptone and
20 15 g of Bacto Agar per liter) and incubated overnight at 30°C. To collect the lysate, 20 ml of NB were added to each plate and the soft agar layer was collected by scrapping off with a clean microscope slide and shaken vigorously for 5 min to break up the agar. The mixture was then centrifuged for 10 min at 4,000 rpm and the supernatant (lysate) is collected and subjected to a treatment with 10 µg /ml of DNase I and
25 RNase A for 30 min at 37°C. To precipitate the phages particles, 10% (w/v) of PEG 8000 and 0.5 M of NaCl were added to the lysate and the mixture was incubated on ice for 16 h. The phages were recovered by centrifugation at 4,000 rpm for 20 min at 4°C on a GS-6R table top centrifuge (Beckman) . The pellet was resuspended with 2 ml of phage buffer (1 mM MgSO₄, 5 mM MgCl₂, 80 mM NaCl and .1% Gelatin). The
30 phage suspension was extracted with 1 volume of chloroform and purified by centrifugation using a TLS 55 rotor and the Optima TLX ultracentrifuge (Beckman), for 2 h at 28,000 Rpm at 4°C in preformed cesium chloride gradient as described in Sambrook et al. (Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E.F. and Maniatis, T (1989). Molecular

cloning: A laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, New York. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press). Banded phages were collected and ultracentrifuged again on an isopycnic cesium chloride gradient at 40,000 rpm for 24 h rpm at 4°C using a TLV rotor (Beckman). The phage was dialyzed for 4 h at room temperature against 4 L of dialysis buffer consisting of 10 mM NaCl, 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8 and 10 mM MgCl₂. Phage DNA was prepared from the phages by adding 20 mM EDTA, 50 mg/ml Proteinase K and 0.5% SDS and incubating for 1 h at 65°C, followed by successive extractions with 1 volume of phenol, 1 volume of phenol-chloroform and 1 volume of chloroform. The DNA was then dialyzed overnight at 4°C against 4 L of T.E (10 mM Tris_{8.0}, 1mM EDTA).

Example 2: Preparation of Bacteriophage 77 DNA for Sequencing

Sonication of DNA:

4 µg of phage DNA was diluted in 200 µl of T.E pH 8.0 in a 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube and sonication was performed (550 Sonic Dismembrator, Fisher Scientific). Samples were sonicated under an amplitude of 3 µm with bursts of 5 s spaced by 15 s cooling in ice/water for 3 to 4 cycles and size-fractionated on 1% agarose gels. Fractions ranging from 1 to 2 kbp were isolated and gel purified by using the Qiagen kit according to the instructions of the manufacturer (Qiagen) and eluted in 50 µl of Tris 1mM, pH 8.5.

Repair of fragmented DNA ends:

The ends of the sonicated DNA fragments were repaired with a combination of T4 DNA polymerase and Klenow as follows. Reactions were performed in a final volume of 100 µl containing DNA, 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 50 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM DTT, 5 µg BSA, 100 µM of each dNTP and 15 units of T4 DNA polymerase (New England Biolabs) for 20 min at 12°C followed by addition of 12.5 units of Klenow large fragment (New England Biolabs) for 15 min at room temperature. The reaction was stopped by two phenol/chloroform extractions and the DNA was ethanol precipitated and resuspended in 20 µl of H₂O.

Cloning into pKSII and transformation:

Blunt-ended DNA fragments were cloned by ligation directly into *Hin*II (New England Biolabs) and calf intestinal phosphatase (New England Biolabs)-treated pKSII vector (Stratagene). A typical reaction contained 100 ng of vector, 2 to 5 µl of repaired sonicated phage DNA in a final volume of 20 µl containing, 800 units of T4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs) for overnight at 16 °C. Transformation and selection of positive clones was performed in the host strain DH10 β of E.coli using ampicillin as a selective antibiotic as described in Sambrook et al. (*supra*)

Preparation of sequencing templates:

Recombinant clones were picked from agar plates into 96-well plates. The presence of foreign insert was confirmed by PCR analysis using T3 and T7 primers. PCR amplification of foreign insert was performed in a 15-µl reaction volume containing 10 mM Tris (pH 8.3), 50 mM KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.02% gelatin, 1 µM primer, 187.5 µM each dNTP, and 0.75 units *Taq* polymerase (BRL). The thermocycling parameters were as follows: 2 min initial denaturation at 94°C for 2 min, followed by 20 cycles of 30 sec denaturation at 94°C, 30 sec annealing at 58°C, and 2 min extension at 72°C, followed by a single extension step at 72°C for 10 min. Clones with insert sizes of 1 to 2 kbp were selected and miniprep DNA of the selected clones were prepared using QIAprep spin miniprep kit (Qiagen).

Example 3: DNA Sequencing

DNA sequencing:

The ends of each recombinant clone were sequenced on an ABI 377-36 automated sequencer with two types of chemistry: ABI prism bigdye primer or ABI prism bigdye terminator cycle sequencing ready reaction kit (Applied Biosystems). To ensure co-linearity of the sequence data and the genome, all regions of phage genome were sequenced at least once from both directions on two separate clones. In areas that this criteria was not met, a sequencing primer was selected and phage DNA was used directly as sequencing template employing ABI prism bigdye terminator cycle sequencing ready reaction kit.

Sequence contig assembly:

Sequence contigs were assembled using Sequencher 3.1 software (GeneCodes). To close contig gaps, sequencing primers were selected near the edge of the contigs. Phage DNA was used directly as sequencing template employing ABI prism bigdye terminator cycle sequencing ready reaction kit.

- 5 The sequence obtained for phage 77 is shown in Table 2. The sequences for phage 3A and 96 were obtained by similar sequencing methods; the sequences of those phage genomes are shown in Tables 7 & 9 respectively.

Example 4: Sequence Analysis

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Sequence analysis:

- 15 An implementation of the publicly available program SEQUIN, available for download at <ftp://negi.nlm.nih.gov/sequin/>, was used on phage genome sequence to identify all putative ORFs larger than 33 codons. A listing of such ORFs for *S. aureus* phage 77 is shown in Table 3, with predicted amino acid sequences for selected ORFs shown in Table 4. Listings of ORFs for phage 3A and 96 are provided in Tables 8 and 10 respectively. A variety of other ORF identification could be used as alternatives and are known to those skilled in the art. Sequence homology searches for each ORF are then carried out using a standard implementation of blast programs.
- 20 Downloaded public databases used for sequence analysis include:
 non-redundant GenBank (<ftp://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/db/nr.Z>),
 Swissprot (<ftp://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/db/swissprot.Z>);
 vector (<ftp://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/db/vector.Z>);
 pdbaa databases (<ftp://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/db/pdbaa.Z>);
 25 staphylococcus aureus NCTC 8325 (<ftp://ftp.genome.ou.edu/pub/staph/staph-1k.fa>);
 streptococcus pyogenes (<ftp://ftp.genome.ou.edu/pub/strep/strep-1k.fa>);
 streptococcus pneumoniae
 (ftp://ftp.tigr.org/pub/data/s_pneumoniae/gsp.contigs.112197.Z);
 mycobacterium tuberculosis CSU#9
 30 (ftp://ftp.tigr.org/pub/data/m_tuberculosis/TB_091097.Z); and
 pseudomonas aeruginosa (<http://www.genome.washington.edu/pseudo/data.html>).

Exemplary results of homology searches are shown in Table 5 for bacteriophage 77.

Example 5: Identification of Cecropin Signature Motif in *Staphylococcus aureus*

Bacteriophage 3A ORF

The genome for *S. aureus* bacteriophage 3A was determined and the sequence was analyzed essentially as described for bacteriophage 77 in the examples above. Upon blast analysis of the identified open reading frames of phage 3A, the presence of an amino acid sequence corresponding to a cecropin signature motif was observed. This motif (WDGHKTLEK) is located at position aa 481-489. Cecropins were originally identified in proteins from the cecropia moth and are recognized as potent antibacterial proteins that constitute an important part of the cell-free immunity of insects. Cecropins are small proteins (31-39 amino acid residues) that are active against both Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria by disrupting the bacterial membranes. Although the mechanisms by which the cecropins cause cell death are not fully understood, it is generally thought to involve channel formation and membrane destabilization.

The identification of a motif corresponding to a known inhibitor suggests that the product of ORF002 is also an inhibitory compound. Such inhibitory activity can be confirmed as described herein or by other methods known in the art. Confirmation of the inhibitory activity would indicate that the ORF product could serve as the basis for construction of mimetic compounds and other inhibitors directed to the target of the ORF002 product.

Boman & Hultmark, 1987, *Ann. Rev. Microbiol.* 41:103-126.

Boman, 1991, *Cell* 65:205-207.

Boman et al., 1991, *Eur. J. Biochem.* 201:23-31.

Wang et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 273:27438-27448.

Example 6: Bacteriophage 77 ORF Expression

Bacteriophage ORFs are prepared and expressed as generally described in the Detailed Description above, utilizing a shuttle expression vector with a locus for insertion of a phage ORF subject to inducible expression in an appropriate host bacterium.

Preparation of shuttle expression vector:

The shuttle vector pT0021, in which the firefly luciferase (*lucFF*) expression is controlled by the *ars* promoter/operator from a *S. aureus* plasmid (Tauriainen, S., Karp, M., Chang, W and Virta, M. (1997). Recombinant luminescent bacteria for measuring bioavailable arsenite and antimonite. *Appl. Environ. Microbiol.* **63**:4456-4461), was modified as below to suit our specific application. Two oligonucleotides corresponding to the influenza HA tag were synthesized. The sense strand HA tag sequence (with *Bam*HI, *Sal*I and *Hind*III cloning sites) is:

5'-gatcccggtcgaccaagcttTACCCATACGACGTCCCAGACTACGCCAGCTGA-3';

the antisense strand HA tag sequence (with *Hind*III cloning site) is:

5'-agctTCAGCTGGCGTAGTCTGGGACGTCGTATGGGTAAagcttggtcgaccgg-3'.

The two HA tag oligonucleotides were annealed following a standard protocol (*supra*) and ligated to pT0021 vector that was digested with *Bam*HI and *Hind*III (the *lucFF* gene was released from the vector and replaced by the HA tag). This modified shuttle vector containing the *ars* promoter, *arsR* gene and HA tag was named pTHA vector.

15 **Cloning of ORFs with a Shine-Dalgarno sequence:**

ORFs with a Shine-Dalgarno sequence were selected for functional analysis of bacterial killing. Each ORF, from initiation codon to last codon (excluding the stop codon), was PCR amplified from phage genomic DNA. For PCR amplification of ORFs, each sense strand primer starts at the initiation codon and is preceded by a *Bam*HI restriction site and each antisense strand starts at the last codon (excluding the stop codon) and is preceded by a *Sal*I restriction site. PCR product of each ORF was gel purified and digested with *Bam*HI and *Sal*I overnight. The digested PCR product was then gel purified, ligated into *Bam*HI and *Sal*I digested pTHA vector, and used to transform bacterial strain DH10 β . As a result, HA tag is inframe with the ORF and a fusion protein with ORF begins at N-terminal and HA tag ends at the C-terminal is produced. Recombinant ORF clones were picked and their sizes were confirmed by PCR analysis using primers flanking the cloning site. The sequence fidelity of cloned ORFs was verified by DNA sequencing using the same primers as used for PCR. In the cases that the verification of ORFs could not be achieved by one path of sequencing using primers flanking the cloning site, internal primers were selected and used for sequencing.

Transformation of *Staphylococcus aureus* with expression constructs

Staphylococcus aureus strain RN4220 (Kreiwirth et al., 1983, *Nature* 305:709-712) was used as a recipient for the expression of recombinant plasmids. Electroporation was performed essentially as previously described (Schenk and Laddaga, 1992, *FEMS Microbiology Letters* 94:133-138). Selection of recombinant clones was performed on Luria-Broth agar (LB-agar) plates containing 30 µg/ml of Kanamycin.

Chemical inducers

Sodium arsenite (NaAsO₂), sodium arsenate (Na₂HAsO₄), and antimony potassium tartrate (K(SbO)C₄H₄O₆) were purchased from Sigma (Sigma-Aldrich Canada LTD, Oakville) and were used as heavy metals to induce gene expression from the *ars* promoter/operator.

Induction of gene expression from the *ars* operon

Cells containing different recombinant plasmids were grown overnight at 37°C in LB medium supplemented with 30 µg/ml of Kanamycin. The cells were then diluted to the mid log phase (OD₅₄₀ approx. 0.2) with fresh LB media containing Kanamycin and transferred to 96-well microtitration plates (100 µl/well). Inducers were then added at different final concentrations (ranging from 2.5 to 10 µM) and the culture was incubated for an additional 2 h at 37°C. Control cultures without inducers were cultured in separate wells. The effect of expression of the phage 77 ORFs on bacterial cell growth was then monitored by measuring the OD₅₄₀ and comparing the rate of growth of the culture containing inducer to the rate of growth of the culture not containing inducer. As positive controls for growth inhibition, the *kilA* gene of phage lambda (Reisinger et al., 1993, *Virology* 193:1033-1036), and the *holin/lsinI* genes of the *Staphylococcus aureus* phage Twort (Loessner et al., 1998, *FEMS Microbiology Letters* 162:265-274) were subcloned into the *ars* inducible vector and included in separate wells of the microtitration plate.

Expression of ORFs from a large variety of other phage can be accomplished using the above vector, or other vector adapted for an appropriate bacterium and preferably for inducible expression of the insert ORF or ORFs.

All patents and publications mentioned in the specification are indicative of the levels of skill of those skilled in the art to which the invention pertains. All

references cited in this disclosure are incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each reference had been incorporated by reference in its entirety individually.

One skilled in the art would readily appreciate that the present invention is well adapted to carry out the objects and obtain the ends and advantages mentioned, as well as those inherent therein. The specific methods and compositions described herein as presently representative of preferred embodiments are exemplary and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention. Changes therein and other uses will occur to those skilled in the art which are encompassed within the spirit of the invention are defined by the scope of the claims.

It will be readily apparent to one skilled in the art that varying substitutions and modifications may be made to the invention disclosed herein without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. For example, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention may suitably be practiced using a variety of different bacteria, bacteriophage, and sequencing methods within the general descriptions provided.

The invention illustratively described herein suitably may be practiced in the absence of any element or elements, limitation or limitations which is not specifically disclosed herein. Thus, for example, in each instance herein any of the terms “comprising,” “consisting essentially of” and “consisting of” may be replaced with either of the other two terms. The terms and expressions which have been employed are used as terms of description and not of limitation, and there is not intention that in the use of such terms and expressions of excluding any equivalents of the features shown and described or portions thereof, but it is recognized that various modifications are possible within the scope of the invention claimed. Thus, it should be understood that although the present invention has been specifically disclosed by preferred embodiments and optional features, modification and variation of the concepts herein disclosed may be resorted to by those skilled in the art, and that such modifications and variations are considered to be within the scope of this invention as defined by the appended claims.

In addition, where features or aspects of the invention are described in terms of Markush groups or other grouping of alternatives, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention is also thereby described in terms of any individual member or subgroup of members of the Markush group or other group. For example, if there are alternatives A, B, and C, all of the following possibilities are included: A separately, B separately, C separately, A and B, A and C, B and C, and A and B and C. Thus, for example, for the bacteria and phage specified herein, the embodiments expressly include any subset or subgroup of those bacteria and/or phage. While each

such subset or subgroup could be listed separately, for the sake of brevity, such a listing is replaced by the present description.

Thus, additional embodiments are within the scope of the invention and within the following claims.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 5 1. A method for identifying a bacteriophage coding region encoding a product active on an essential bacterial target, comprising identifying a nucleic acid sequence encoding a gene product which provides a bacteria-inhibiting function when said bacteriophage infects a host bacterium,
wherein said bacteriophage is uncharacterized and said host bacterium is a
10 pathogenic bacterium.
2. The method of claim 1, further comprising expressing a recombinant bacteriophage ORF in cells of a bacterial strain, wherein inhibition of said cells following expression of said ORF is indicative that said product is active on an
15 essential bacterial target.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein inhibition of said bacterium following expression of said ORF is determined by comparison with the growth or viability of said bacterium following expression of an inactivated mutant form of said ORF or in
20 the absence of expression of said ORF, and wherein inhibition of said bacterium following expression of said ORF is indicative that said product is active on an essential bacterial target.
4. The method of claim 2, wherein expression of said ORF is inducible.
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5. The method of claim 1, further comprising confirming the inhibitor function of said ORF.
6. The method of claim 5, wherein said confirming comprises expressing a loss-
30 of-function mutant form of said ORF in said host bacterium.
7. A method for identifying a potential target for antibacterial agents, comprising determining the bacterial target of an uncharacterized bacteriophage inhibitor protein.
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8. The method of claim 7, wherein said determining comprises identifying at least one bacterial protein which binds to said bacteriophage inhibitor protein or a fragment thereof.

9. A method for identifying a potential target for antibacterial agents, comprising determining the bacterial target of an uncharacterized bacteriophage inhibitor protein.

5 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said determining comprises identifying at least one bacterial protein which binds to said bacteriophage inhibitor protein or a fragment thereof.

11. The method of claim 9, wherein said determining comprises identifying at
10 least one protein:protein interaction using a genetic screen.

12. The method of claim 9, wherein said determining further comprises
identifying a bacterial nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide target of said
bacteriophage inhibitor protein.

15 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid sequence is identified by determining at least a portion of the amino acid sequence of a bacterial protein target, and identifying a bacterial nucleic acid sequence which encodes said protein target.

20 14. The method of claim 9, further comprising identifying a bacteriophage ORF which encodes a product having a bacteria-inhibiting function.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein said identifying a phage ORF comprises
expressing at least one bacteriophage ORF in a bacterium, wherein inhibition of said
25 bacterium following said expression is indicative that said ORF encodes a bacteria-inhibiting function.

16. An isolated, purified, or enriched nucleic acid sequence at least 15 nucleotides
30 in length, wherein said sequence corresponds to at least a portion of a bacteriophage sequence, and wherein said bacteriophage is selected from the group consisting of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77, 3A, and 96.

17. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 16, wherein said nucleic acid sequence
35 corresponds to at least a portion of a nucleic acid sequence which encodes a product which provides a bacteria-inhibiting function.

18. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 16, wherein said nucleic acid sequence is transcriptionally linked with regulatory sequences enabling induction of expression of said sequence.

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19. An isolated, purified, or enriched polypeptide comprising at least a portion of a protein providing a bacteria-inhibiting function, wherein said polypeptide is normally encoded by a bacteriophage selected from the group consisting of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77, 3A, and 96.

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20. The polypeptide of claim 19, wherein said polypeptide provides said bacteria-inhibiting function.

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21. A recombinant vector comprising a bacteriophage ORF corresponding to an ORF from a bacteriophage having a pathogenic bacterial host, wherein said bacterial host is selected from the group consisting of uncharacterized bacteria of Table 1.

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22. A recombinant cell comprising a vector, wherein said vector comprises an ORF from a bacteriophage having a pathogenic bacterial host, wherein said bacterial host is selected from the group consisting of bacterial species of Table 1.

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23. A method for identifying an antibacterial agent, comprising identifying an active portion of a product of a bacteria-inhibiting ORF of a bacteriophage.

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24. The method of claim 23, further comprising constructing a synthetic peptidomimetic molecule, wherein the structure of said molecule corresponds to the structure of said active portion.

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25. A method for identifying a compound active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein, comprising the step of
contacting a bacterial target protein with a test compound; and
determining whether said compound binds to or reduces the level of activity of said target protein,

wherein binding of said compound with said target protein or a reduction of the level of activity of said protein is indicative that said compound is active on said target and wherein said target is uncharacterized.

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26. A method of screening for potential antibacterial agents, comprising the step of determining whether any of a plurality of compounds is active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein,

wherein said target is naturally produced by a pathogenic bacterium.

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27. A method for inhibiting a bacterium , comprising the step of;

contacting said bacterium with a compound active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein, wherein said target or the target site is uncharacterized.

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28. A method for treating a bacterial infection in an animal suffering from an infection, comprising administering to said animal a therapeutically effective amount of compound active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein in a bacterium involved in said infection,

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wherein said target is an uncharacterized target or the compound is active at an uncharacterized target site.

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29. A method for prophylactically treating an animal at risk of an infection, comprising administering to said animal a prophylactically effective amount of a compound active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein,

wherein said target is an uncharacterized target or the site of action of said compound is an uncharacterized target site.

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30. An antibacterial agent active on a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor protein, wherein said target is an uncharacterized target or said agent is active at a phage-specific site on said target.

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31. A method of making an antibacterial agent, comprising the steps of:
- a) identifying a target of a bacteriophage inhibitor polypeptide;
 - b) screening a plurality of test compounds to identify a compound active on said target; and
 - 5 c) synthesizing said compound in an amount sufficient to provide a therapeutic effect when administered to an organism infected by a bacterium naturally producing said target.
- 10 32. A computer readable device having recorded therein a nucleotide sequence of a portion of at least one bacteriophage genome of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteriophage 77, bacteriophage 3A, or bacteriophage 96, a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a said nucleotide sequence, a ribonucleic acid equivalent, a degenerate equivalent, a homologous sequence, or at least one amino acid sequence
- 15 encoded by said nucleotide sequence; and
- a nucleotide sequence or amino acid sequence analysis program,
 - wherein said program can perform at least one sequence analysis on said nucleotide or amino acid sequence.
- 20 33. A computer-based system for identifying biologically important portions of a bacteriophage genome, comprising:
- a) a data storage medium having recorded thereon a nucleotide sequence corresponding to a portion of at least one bacteriophage genome, wherein said
 - 25 bacteriophage genome is uncharacterized;
 - b) a set of instructions allowing searching of said sequence to analyze said sequence; and
 - c) an output device.
- 30 34. The system of claim 33, wherein said bacteriophage genome is of a bacteriophage selected from the group consisting of uncharacterized bacteriophage listed in Table 1.
- 35 35. A method for identifying or characterizing a bacteriophage ORF, comprising the steps of:
- a) providing a computer-based system for analyzing nucleic acid or amino acid sequence data, wherein said system comprises a data storage

medium having recorded thereon at least one nucleotide or amino acid sequence corresponding to a portion of at least one uncharacterized bacteriophage genome, a set of instructions allowing searching of said sequence to analyze said sequence; and an output device;

- 5 b) analyzing at least a portion of at least one said sequence; and
c) outputting results of said analyzing to said output device.

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ABSTRACT

A method for identifying suitable targets for antibacterial agents based on identifying targets of bacteriophage-encoded proteins is described. Also described are
5 compositions useful in the identification methods and in inhibiting bacterial growth, and methods for preparing and using such compositions.

SD-63311.4

Table 1

Phages against human and animal pathogenic bacteria

5

Pathogen name	Phage name	Catalog#	Origin/reference
<i>Acinetobacter calcoaceticus</i>	A3/2 A10/45 A36 B9GP B ₉ PP BS46 E13 E14 531		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	Ap3 P78		J. Bacteriol 1984. 157: 179-183 J. Gen. Microbiol 1986.132: 2633-2636
<i>Acinetobacter haemolyticus</i>	2213/73		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Acinetobacter johnsonii</i>	133		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Acinetobacter sp.</i>	BP1		J.Virol.1968.2:716-722
	G4, HP2, HP3 & HP4		Can.J.Microbiol.1966.12:1023-1030 & J.Virol.1974.13:46-52 & Arch.Virol.1994.135:345-354
	A1, A4, A9 & 196		Arch.Virol.1994.135:345-354
	HP1		Can.J.Microbiol.1966.12:1023-1030
	A19, A23, A29, A31, A33, A34, A3759 & 2845		J.Microsc (Paris) 1973.16:215-224 & CR.Hebdo Seances Acad.Sci.Ser D.Sci Natur(Paris)278:1907-1909 & Arch.Virol.1994.135:345-354 & Rev.Can.Biol.1970.29:317-320
<i>Actinobacillus actinomycetecomitans</i>	φAa		FEMS Microbiol Lett 1994. 119:329-337
	φAa17		Infec. Immun. 1982. 35: 343-349
	Aaφ23		Mol.Gen.Genet 1998.258: 323-325
	Aaφ247		Oral Micriol. Immunol 1997.12: 40-46
<i>Actinomyces viscosus</i>	Av-1	43146-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	AV-2,AV-3 &1281		Infect.Immun.1985.48:228-233
	BF307 & CT7		Infect.Immun.1988.56:54-59
	phi225		Plasmid 1997.37:141-153
<i>Aeromonas hydrophila</i>	PM2** & PM3		FEMS Microbiol.Lett. 1990.57:277-282
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<i>Brucella abortus</i>	S708 Fi75/13		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	Tbilisi 10/I 24/II 212/XV 371/XXIX	23448-B1 23448-B2 23448-B3 17385-B1 17385-B2	The American Type Culture Collection
	BK-2, TB & Fi**		Zh.Mikrobiol.Epidemiol.Immunobiol.1983.2: 48-52
	R/c & R/O		Dev. Biol. Stand. 1984.56: 55-62
	R/c		Dev. Biol. Stand. 1984.56: 55-62
<i>Brucella canis</i>	R/c		Dev. Biol. Stand. 1984.56: 55-62
<i>Brucella melitensis</i>	BK-2	23456-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Brucella suis</i>	Wb		Zentralbl.Veterinarmed.1975.22:866-867
	Fi** & TB		Zh.Mikrobiol.Epidemiol.Immunobiol.1983.2: 48-52
<i>Brucella sp.</i>	Np (Nepean) & Iz		Can. J. Vet. Res. 1989.53: 319-325
	Iz-1		Res. Vet. Sci. 1988. 44: 45-49
	R		Zh.Mikrobiol.Epidemiol.Immunobiol.1983.2: 48
<i>Campylobacter coli</i>	17	43133-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	18	43134-B1	
<i>Campylobacter coli</i> (Cont'd)	19	43135-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	20	43136-B1	
<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i>	1	35918-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	2	35919-B1	
	3	35920-B1	
	4	35921-B1	
	5	35918-B2	
	6	35920-B2	
	7	35922-B2	
	8	35923-B1	
	9	35924-B1	
	10	35925-B1	
	11	35925-B2	
	12	35922-B2	
	13	35924-B2	
	14	35922-B3	
	17	43133-B1	
	18	43134-B1	
	19	43135-B1	
	20	43136-B1	
<i>Campylobacter</i> (<i>Helicobacter</i>) <i>pylori</i>	HP1		J. Med. Microbiol.1993. 38: 245-249
<i>Chlamydia psittaci</i>	Chp1**		J. Gen. Virol. 1989. 70: 3381-3390
<i>Clostridium</i> <i>acetobutylicum</i>	CAK-1		J.Bacteriol.1993.175:3838-3843
<i>Clostridium botulinum</i>	C** & D**		Nucleic Acids Res.1990.18:1291
	C-ST**		Bioch.Biophys.res.Comm.1990.171.1304- 1311
	$\alpha 1$ & $\alpha 2$		Microbiol.immunol.1981.25:915-927
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	d-16 phi**, d-1', CE β & CE γ		J.Vet.Med.Sci.1992.54:675-684
<i>Clostridium difficile</i>	41 & 56		J. Clini.Microbiol. 1985.21:251-254
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	PF1, PF2, PF3 & PF4		Rev.Can.Biol.1977.36:205-215
	ϕ 29** & ϕ 59		FEMS Microbiol.Lett. 1990.54:323-326
<i>Clostridium sporogenes</i>	J	8074-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	59	17886-B1	
	70	17886-B3	
	71	17886-B4	
	72S	17886-B5	
	72L	17886-B6	
<i>Clostridium tetani</i>	A & B		Rev.Can.Biol.1978.37:43-46
<i>Corynebacterium diphtheriae</i>	BF, ϕ 9 & ϕ 984		Vopr.Virusol.1986.31:577-584
<i>Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis</i>	NN	12319-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Corynebacterium sp</i>	DLC 2921/49	12052-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	42	19948-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	113	19950-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	124	19953-b2	
	133	19953-B1	

<i>Escherichia coli</i>	AP211	11303-B14	The American Type Culture Collection
	BG3	11303-B10	
	C33	11303-B21	
	C36	8677-B1	
	C204	11303-B13	
	E1	13706-B4	
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (Cont'd)	f1**	15766-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	f2**	15766-B1	
	FCZ	1242-B5	
	fd**	15669-B2	
	fr**	15767-B1	
	G178	11303-B16	
	If1**	27-65-B1	
	If2	25065-B2	
	M13**	15669-B1	
	MS2**	15597-B1	
	MU9	21816-B1	
	Mu-1	23724-B9	
	Ox6	15593-B1	
	P1**	25404-B1	
	P4 sid ₁ **	29746-B1	
	Q-β**	23631-B1	
	R17**	25868-B1	
	Z1K/1	25298-B1	
	ZJ/2	25298-B2	
	rA105	11303-B37	
	rEDa41	11303-B24	
	rED220	11303-B26	
	rEDb44	11303-B27	
	rEDb45	11303-B28	
	rEDb50	11303-B29	
	rH23	11303-B30	
	rH88	11303-B33	
	rJ3	11303-B31	
	r71	11303-B25	
	r187	11303-B35	
	r196	11303-B34	
	r638	11303-B36	
	r1589	11303-B32	
	S13**	13706-B5	
	T ₁ **	11303-B1	
	T ₂ **	11303-B2	
	T ₃ **	11303-B3	
	T ₄ **	11303-B4	
	T ₄ amA453	35060-B1	
	T ₄ amB17	35060-B2	
	T ₄ amN120	35060-B3	
	T5**	11303-B5	
	T6**	11303-B6	
	T7**	11303-B7	
	T ₇ M	11303-B38	
SD-63311.4	5	12141-B1	
	6A	12144-B3	

<i>Escherichia coli</i> (Cont'd)	250	11303-B20	The American Type Culture Collection
	547	11303-B17	
	UV1	11303-B15	
	UV47	11303-B11	
	UV375	11303-B18	
	$\alpha 3^{**}$	13706-B2	
	λ^{**}	23724-B2	
	λ C-17	23724-B1	
	λ sus P-3	23724-B3	
	λ sus R-5	23724-B4	
	λ sus J-6	23724-B5	
	λ sus O-8	23724-B6	
	λ sus A-11	23724-B7	
	λ ind ⁻	23724-B8	
	$\phi 92$	35860-B1	
	ϕR	13706-B3	
	$\phi V-1$	15597-B2	
	$\phi X174^{**}$	13706-B1	
	$\phi Xcs70am-3$	49696-B1	
	G4** & ϕK^{**}		Biochim.Biophysica Acta.1992.1130:277-288
	BF23**		J.Bacteriol.1977.129:265-275
	Mu1		J.Ultrastruct.Res.1966.14:441-448
	Hp17		J.Mol.Biol.1991.218:705-721
	K3** & Ox2**		FEBS Lett.1987.215:145-150
	Rb18**, Rb51 & Rb69**		J.Bacteriol.1990.172:180-186
	H1**, H3, H8, K9, K18 & Ox1		Mol.Gen.Genet.1990.221:491-494
	M1**, Tu1a** & Tu1b**		J.Mol.Biol.1987.196:165-174
	K10		J.Bacteriol.1979.140:680-686
	Qsr'		J.Bacteriol.1985.162:256-262
	B278		J.Gen.Microbiol.1988.134:1333-1338
	phi 80**		FEMS Microbiol.Lett.1994.119:71-76
	phi m173		Genetika 1985.21:673-675
	tf-1		J.Gen.Microbiol.1987.133:953-960
	P4 & phiR73		Mol.Microbiol.1995.18:201-208
	I ₂ -2		J.Gen.Microbiol.1982.128:2797-2804
	PRD1		Virology 1990.177:445-451
	K3hx		Mol.Gen.Genet.1987.206:110-115
	933J** & 933W**		Infect.Immunity.1986.53:135-140
	H19-B**		J.Bacteriol.1987.169:4308-4312
	Tcp-111		Zentralbnl.Bakteriol.Mikrobiol.Hyg.1988.270:41-51
	N4**		Vet.Microbiol.1992.30:203-212
	Phi 80 trp		Ann.Inst.Pasteur.1971.120:121-125
	Obeta 1		J.Bacteriol.1978.133:172-177

	P1CM	J.Gen.Microbiol.1978.107:73-83
	PA-2**	J.Bacteriol.1990.172:1660-1662
	186**	Mol.Gen.Genet.1982.187:87-95
	186.IX.B	Mol.Microbiol.1992.6:2629-2642
	21**	Virology 1983.129:484-489
	P4**	MicrobiolRev.1993.57:683-702
	82**	J.Biol.Chem.1987.262:11721-11725
	PSP3	J.Bacteriol.1996.178:5668-5675
	HK022**	Nucleic Acids Res.1994.22:354-356
	D108**	Nucleic Acids Res.1986.14:3813-3825
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (Cont'd)	Rb49	J.Mol.Biol.1997.267:237-249
	Ike**	J.Mol.Biol.1985.181:27-39
	P22dis	Mol.Gen.Genet.1978.166:233-243
	N15**	J.Bacteriol.1996.178:1484-1486
	If1**	Proc.R.Soc.Lond.B.Biol.Sci.1991.245:23-30
	Stx2Phi-I & Stx2Phi-II	Infect.Immun.1998.66:4100-4107
	18	Virology 1987.156:122-126
	X	J.Gen.Microbiol.1981.126:389-396
	AC3	Mol.Microbiol.1991.5:715-725
	BW-1	Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	C-1	
	E920g	
	Esc-7-11	
	H19J	
	Haiti	
	HK243	
	Iα	
	K20	
	K30	
	KL ₃	
	M	
	Mu**	
	O103	
	O157:H7	
	P1D	
	pt1	
	PilHα	
	PR64FS	
	PR772	
	SS4	
	β4Q	
	λvir**	
	Ω8	
	09-1	
	92	
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	HP1**	Nucleic Acids Res. 1996.24:2360-2368
	S2**	Gene 1997. 196: 139-144

<i>Halobacterium cutirubrum</i>	S45		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Halobacterium halobium</i>	φH & φN		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	Hh1 & Hh3		Can.J.Microbiol.1982.28:916-921
<i>Halobacterium salinarium</i>	Phi H		Biol.Chem.Hoppe Seyler 1994.375:747-757
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	tf-1		J.Gen.Microbiol.1987.133:953-960
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	60 92	23356-B1 23357-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	K19Q		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	FC3-1 & FC3-9		Can.J.Microbiol.1991.37:270-275
	FC3-10		FEMS Microbiol.Lett.1991.67:291-297
<i>Klebsiella sp.</i>	K11**		Mol.Gen.Genet. 1990.221:283-286
<i>Leptospira sp.</i>	LE1, LE3 & LE4		Res.Microbiol.1990.141:1131-1138
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	243	23074-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	197,1313 & 9425		Appl.Environ.Microbiol.1997.63:3374-3377
	H387 & H387-A		Appl.Environ.Microbiol.1993.59:2914-2917
	5775,6223 & 12682		APMIS.1993.101:160-167
	2389, 2671, 4211 & 2685		Intervirology 1994.37:31-35 & Zentralbl.Bakteriol.Mikrobiol.Hyg.1986.261:12-28
	4b, 4ab, 4g & 3c		Ann.Microbiol (Paris) 1977.128:185-198
	A118, A500 & A511**		Mol.Microbiol. 1995.16:1231-1241-992
	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19 & 20		Ann.Microbiol. (Paris) 1979.130B:179-189
	1/2a, 1/2b, 3c, 4ab, 6a & 6b		Clin.Invest.Med.1984.7:229-232
	φLMUP35 2685		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Listeria innocua</i>	4211		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Micrococcus luteus</i>	N1	4698-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	N3	4698-B4	
	N4	4698-2	
	N8	4698-B3	
<i>Micrococcus luteus</i>	N17		Can.J.Microbiol. 1979.25:1027-1035

<i>Mycobacterium smegmatis</i>	BK-3	27203-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	Bo1**	27204-B1	
	Bo 6	27205-B1	
	Bo 6II	27205-B2	
	Bo 6III	27205-B3	
	Mc-2	607-B6	
	Mc-4	607-B7	
	NN	11727-B1	
	Phagus lacticola	11759-B1	
	R1	607-B1	
	33D	HER 317	Felix d'Herelle Refrence Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	BK1	HER 330	
	Clark	HER 333	
	DNA III	HER 335	
	Legendre	HER 334	
	Leo	HER 331	
	Roy	HER 316	
	Sedge	HER 332	
	L5**		Mol.Microbiol.1993.7:395-405
	D29		J.Mol.Biol.1998.279:143-164
	L1		Proc.Natl.Acad.Sci USA.1988.84:2833-2837
	I3		Mol.Biol.Rep. 1981.30:11-15
	TM4		Proc.Natl.Acad.Sci.USA 1997.94:10961-10966
	29M, 31M, 122, 154, 37, 29D, 46, 139,110, 141, 74D, AG1 & DS6A		Arch.Virol.1993.133:39-49 & Am.Rev.Respir.Dis.1975.112:17-22
<i>Mycobacterium fortuitum</i>	NN	23052-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	Bo 4	27207-B1	
	Bo 7	27207-B2	
<i>Mycobacterium leprae</i>	BK1, Clark, Sedge, Baits, Watson & D29		Ann.Microbiol. (Paris) 1982.133:93-97
<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>	LG	25618-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	DS6A	25618-B2	
	D-34	4243-B1	Arch.Virol.1993.133:39-49
	110, 139 & 33D		
	AG1,GS4E, BG1, PH & BK1		The Biology of Mycobacteria.Academic Press,Toronto 1982 (Ratledge & Stanford) 1982.309-351
<i>Mycobacterium sp</i>	Phagus pellegrini	11760-B1	The American Type Collection Culture
	NN	11761-B1	
	B1	23239-B1	
	TM4, ph60, ph72, PhAE39, phAE40 & Bxb1		Microbiology 1995.141:1173-1181
	C2		Experientia 1969.25:1112-1113
SD-63311.4			

	18 & I15		J.Gen.Virol.1987.68:949-956
	63		Gruzlica 1968.36:617-622
	phlei & butyricum		J.Gen.Virol.1975.29:235-238
	MyF3P-59a		Z.Allg.Mikrobiol.1968.8:29-37
	Bo2a		J.Gen.Virol.1973.20:75-87
	D4,D28 & D32		J.Exptl.Med.1966.123:327-340
	HC		J.Bacteriol.1963.86:608-609
<i>Mycobacterium vaccae</i>	B5	15483-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Mycobacterium phlei</i>	NN NN Bo 2 Bo 2h Bo 3	11728-B1 11758-B1 27086-B2 27086-B1 27206 B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Mycoplasma arthritidis</i>	MAV1**		Infect.Immunity.1995.63:4016-4023
<i>Mycoplasma hyorhinis</i>	Hr-1		Arch.Virol.1983.77:81-85
<i>Mycoplasma pneumoniae</i>	Br-1		Arch.Virol.1983.75:1-15
<i>Mycoplasma pulmonis</i>	P1		Plasmid 1995. 33: 41-49
<i>Mycoplasma sp.</i>	MV-01		J.Gen.Microbiol.1985:131:3117-3126
	L1		J. Virol.1986.59:584-590
	L2**		Gene 1994. 141: 1-8
	L3 (MV-L3)		Microbios 1990. 64: 111-125
	MAV-1		Infection& Immunity 1995. 63: 4016-4023
	20-P		Med.Biol.1982.60:116-120
	MV-L2 & MV-Ig-ps2-L172		Arch.Virol.1979.61:289-296
	MV-Ig-L 172		Acta.Virol.1978.22:443-450
	BN1		J.Gen.Virol.1979.42:315-322
	MVL51		Virology 1973.55:118-126
	MVL1, MVL52 & MVL51		Science 1971.173:725-727
<i>Neisseria perflava</i>	NP-1		J.Clin.Microbiol.1976. 4:87-91
<i>Nocardia erythropolis</i>	φC		J.Gen.Virol.1974.23:247-254
	φEC		J.Bacteriol.1976.126:1104-1107
<i>Pasteurella multocida</i>	B225		Arch.Exp.Veterinarmed.1981.35:433-436
	B939a		Am.J.Vet.Res.1978.39:1565-1566
	Nos.115, 32, 967 & 1075		Vet.Med.Nauki. 1977.14:33-36
<i>Propionibacterium acnes</i>	NN	29399-B1	The American Type Collection Culture

<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	1	12175-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	2	12175-B2	
	2A	12175-B3	
	2B	12175-B4	
	11	14205-B1	
	16	14206-B1	
	24	14207-B1	
	27	14208-B1	
	44	14209-B1	
	73	14210-B1	
	95	14211-B1	
	109	14212-B1	
	113	14213-B1	
	249	14214-B1	
	B3	15692-B1	
	Hoff 2	14203-B1	
	Hoff 3	14204-B1	
	Pa	12055-B1	
	Pb	12055-B2	
	PB-1	15692-B3	
	Pc	12055-B3	
	Pf	25102-B1	
	PP7**	15692-B2	
	SD1-M, ϕ w14, 7 & 31		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	Pf3**		J.Virol.1983.47:221-223
	ϕ -MC		Can.J.Microbiol.1969.15:1179-1186
	Pf1**		J.Mol.Biol.1991.218:349-364
	PR4**		J.Gen.Virol.1979.43:583-592
	A7		J.Bacteriol.1992.174:2407-2411
	KF1		J.Biochem.1983.93:61-71
	ϕ CTX**		Mol.Microbiol.1993.4:1703-1709
	f2**		J.Virol.1977.24:135-141

	<p> ϕKZ, 21, ϕNZ, PMN17, PTB80, 68, PB-1, E79, 16, 109, 352, 1214, F8, 71, 337, M4, ϕC17, SL2, B17, Li-24, ϕmnP78, PS17**, ϕ1, 73, M6, Li-2, 7, ϕmnF82, PTB2, PTB20, PTB42, ϕKF77, 31, PTB21, 119x, ϕPLS27, B3, 258, Hw12, PM57, PM62, PM105, 148, PM681, 198, 218, 222, 242, 246, PC131, ϕC11, SL5, D3112**, Jb19, F7, PM69, PM13, PM61, PM113, ϕ240, 249 & 269 </p>		Arch.Virol.1993.131:141-151
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (Cont'd)	<p> 297, 309, 318, 11, PH51,342, 351, PH93, 357-1, 13, 14, PC11-1, 267, D 3**, PC351, KF, PM63, PH132, , I°, ϕX, 400-1, 45, SM, SL3, SL1, ϕ11, F10, ϕC15, 160, 20, 336, 350, ϕC5, ϕC11-1, ϕC13, 295, ,SL4, G101, F116, B26, ϕBS, 53, 145, 284 & 308 </p>		Arch.Virol.1993.131:141-151
<i>Pseudomonas cepacia</i>	42 & 83-24		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre,Quebec,Quebec
<i>Pseudomonas fragi</i>	ps1 wy	27362-B1 27363 B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Pseudomonas phaseolicola</i>	ϕ 6		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre,Quebec,Quebec
<i>Pseudomonas putida</i>	gh-1	12633-B1	The American Type Culture Collection

<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>	NN φ-6	40492-B1 21781-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Pseudomonas sp.</i>	PPs-G3	49780-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Salmonella bareilly</i>	Sab 2		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Salmonella enteritidis</i>	1, 2, 3 & 6		Epidemiol. Infect. 1995.114:227-236
	2a, 3a, 4a, 5a, 6a, 7a, 8a, 9a, 15, 19, 20 & 21**		Vet. Med. Nauki. 1975.12:55-60
<i>Salmonella newington</i>	Epsilon 34		J. Struct. Biol. 1995.115:283-289
<i>Salmonella newport</i>	7-11 16-19	27869-B1 27869-B2	The American Type Culture Collection
	2.5a		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Salmonella paratyphi</i>	31 Paratyphoid A	19940-B1 12176-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	Jersey		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Salmonella senftenberg</i>	SasL1, SaL2, SaL3, SaL4, SaL5 & SaL6		Indian J. Med. Res. 1997.105:47-52
<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>	P22** SL-1	19585-B1 40282	The American Type Culture Collection
	MB78**		J. Virol. 1982.41: 1038-1043
	SE1		J. Gen. Microbiol. 1986.132:1035-1041
	LT2		Virology 1971.45:835-636
	ES18**		Virology 1970.42:621-632
	L**		J. Virol. 1985.56:1034-1036
	P1CM clr-100		Mol. Gen. Genet. 1975.138:113-126
	F22		Genet. Res. 1986.48:139-143
	Fels 1		J. Gen. Virol. 1978.38:263-272
	Fels 2		Genet. Res. 1986.48:139-143
	Px		Mol. Gen. Genet. 1970.108:184-202
	P1kc		Virology 1974.60:503-514
	A3 & A4		J. Bacteriol. 1987.169:1003-1009
	HT		Genet. Res. 1976.27:315-322
<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> (Cont'd)	IRA		J. Basic Microbiol. 1990.30:707-716
	Mud1		Mol. Gen. Genet. 1986.202:327-330
	P22 (cir4-1, cir5-1 & cir6-1)		Mol. Gen. Genet. 1984.198:105-109
	BF23**		Mol. Gen. Genet. 1976.147:195-202
	Kb1		J. Bacteriol. 1974.117:907-908
	P221dis		J. Gen. Virol. 1978.41:367-376
	PRD1**		Virology 1990.177:445-451
	I ₂ -2**		J. Gen. Microbiol. 1982.128:2797-2804
	tf-1		J. Gen. Microbiol. 1987.133:953-960
	X**		J. Gen. Microbiol. 1981.126:389-396

<i>Salmonella typhosa/typhi</i>	8	19937-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	23	19938-B1	
	25	19939-B1	
	46	19942-B1	
	53	19943-B1	
	163	19946-B1	
	175	19947-B1	
	Vii	27870-B1	
	ViVI	27870-B2	
	O1		
	ViII		
	j2		
<i>Salmonella sp.</i>	P3	25957-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	P4**	25957-B2	
	P9a	25957-B3	
	P9c	25957-B4	
	P10	25957-B5	
	102	19945-B1	
	Chi (χ)	9842-B1	
	R34	97541	
	MG40		
	P14		
	PSP3		Virology 1968.34:521-530
	Ike**		
	P27 & 9NA		
<i>Sphaerotilus natans</i>	SN1		Microb.Pathog.1990.8:393-402
<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i>	2	23351-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	P2	11456b	
	ϕ -80	11456a-B1	
<i>Shigella flexeneri</i>	D20	12661-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	SfII**		Mol.Microbiol.1997.26:939-950
	SfV**		Gene 1997.22:217-227
	Sf6**		Mol.Microbiol.1995.18:201-208
	SfX		Gene 1993.129:99-101
<i>Shigella sonnei</i>	C16**		
	Ufa		Mol..Biol (Mosk) 1977.11:323-331
<i>Shigella sp</i>	37	23354-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i>	SpV1		Plasmid 1993.29:193-205
<i>Spiroplasma sp.</i>	SpV1-R8A2B		Nucleic Acids Res. 1990.18:1293
	SpV3		Isr.J.Med.Sci.1987.23:429-433
	Sp V4		J.Bacteriol.1987.169:4950-4961
<i>Staphylococcus albus</i>	1 to 18, 20, 21 to 25, 27, 29 to 36 & 39		Staphylococci & Staphylococcal Infections.1997. Voll:503-508 (Karger,Basel)

<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	3A	27702-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	3C	27703-B1	
	6	27704-B1	
	15	23360-B1	
	17	23361-B1	
	29	27705-B1	
	42D**	27712-B1	
	42E	27690-B1	
	47	27691-B1	
	52	27692-B1	
	52A	27693-B1	
	53	27694-B1	
	54	27695-B1	
	55	27696-B1	
	71	27697-B1	
	75	27698-B1	
	77	27699-B1	
	79	27693-B2	
	80	27700-B1	
	81	27701-B1	
	83A	27706-B1	
	84	27707-B1	
	85**	27708-B1	
	88	33742	
	92	33741-B1	
	5504'	15565	
	K	19685-B1	
	P1	11987-B1	
	P14	11988-B1	
	UC18	15752-B1	
	44AHJD	HER 101	Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	187	HER 239	
	2638A/2854	HER 283	
	p68	HER 49	
	Twort**	HER 48	
	φ11**		J.Bacteriol.1988.170:2409-2411
	φ13** & φ42**		J.Gen..Microbiol.1989.135:1679-1697
	L54a**		J.Bacteriol.1986.166:385-391
	80α**		Can.J.Microbiol.1996.43:612-616
	94,95 & 96		J.Clin.Microbiol.1988.26:2395-2401
	φ131,A ₃ & A ₅		Staphylococci & Staphylococcal Infections.1997. Vol1:503-508 (Karger,Basel)
	Phi PVL**		Gene 1998.215:57-67
<i>Staphylococcus carnosus</i>	BaSTC2		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>	1a, 2b, 3a, 4b, 5a, 6b, 7b, 8c, 9a, 10a, 11b,12a & 13b		Can.J.Microbiol.1988.34:1358-1361
SD-63311.4			

	41, 63, 118II, 138, 245, 336, 392 & 550		Res.Virol.1994.145:111-121
<i>Staphylococcus saprophyticus</i>	1154A, 1405, 1314, 1139 & 1259		Res.Virol.1990.141: 625-635 & Res.Virol.1994.145:111-121
<i>Staphylococcus sp.</i>	Phi 812, Phi 131, SK311 & U16		Virology 1998.246:241-252
<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>	VD13	HER44	Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Streptococcus faecium</i>	PE1		Zentralbl.Bakteriol.1975.231:421-425
<i>Streptococcus oralis</i>	Cp-1** & Cp- 7**		FEMS Microbiol.Lett.1989.65:187-192
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	Cp-1**	HER223	Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	Cp-1**, Cp-5**, Cp-7**, Cp-9**, ω-1 & ω-2		J.Virol.1981.40:551-559 & Eur.J.Biochem.1979.101:59-64 & Microbial Drug Resistance 1997.3:165-176
	HB-623 & HB- 746		J.Virol.1990.64:5149-5155
	EJ -1**		J.Bacteriol.1992.174:5516-5525
	Dp-2 & Dp-4		J.Virol.1978.26:221-225
	Dp-1		Virology 1975.63:577-582
	ω-3 & ω-8		J.Virol.1976.19:659-667
	304		J.Bacteriol.1980.141:1298-1304
	HB-1, HB-2, HB-3**, HB-4, HB-5 & HB-6		J.Bacteriol.1979.138:618-624
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	T12**		Mol. Microbiology. 1997#23:719-728
	A-1 A-6 A-25 Kjem	12202-B1 12203-B1 12204-B1 14918	The American Type Culture Collection
	1 182 VD1884	HER 339 HER 80 HER 323	Felix d'Herelle Refrence Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	1A 1B NN 42 118 120	12169-B1 12170-B1 21597-B1 19948-B1 19951-B2 19952-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Veillonella rodentium</i>	N2		Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek 1989.56:263-271
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i>	Psi 92		Intervirology 1993.36:237-244
	VCB-1,2,3 & 4		J.Infetion 1998.36:131
	CP-T1**		J.Virol.1984.51:163-169
	VSK		FEMS Microbiol.Lett.1996.145:17-22
	Phi138		J.Virol.1986.57:960-967
	Phi149		J.Virol.1985.140:217-223

	Fs-2**		Microbiology 1998.144:1901-1906
	e4 e5 X29 β κ 13 14 16 24 32 57		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i> (Cont'd)	138 145 149 163 N-4 S-5 S-20 M-4 D-10 I II III IV V	14100-B1 14100-B2 14100-B30 14100-B4 51352-B1 51352-B2 51352-B3 51352-B4 51352-B5 51352-b6 51352-B7 51352-B8 51352-B9 51352-B10	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Vibrio costicola</i>	UTAK		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Vibrio eltor</i>	e ₄		J.Gen.Virol.1987.68:1411-1416
<i>Vibrio natrigens</i>	nt1,nt6		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Vibrio parahaemolyticus</i>	KVP40** VF33 VP1 ϕ 60 ϕ HAWI-5 ϕ PEL8C-1		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
<i>Vibrio sp.</i>	α 3a		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	NN ph1	11985-B1 51582-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	Phi149		J.Virol.1987.61:3999-4006
<i>Veillonella rodentium</i>	N2		Antonie V.Leeuwenhoek.1989.56:263-271

<i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 φYeO3-12		Felix d'Herelle Reference Centre, Quebec, Quebec
	I, IV & VIII		Zentralbl. Bakteri. Mikrobiol. Hyg. 1982. 253: 102
<i>Yersinia pestis</i>	R S Y	23208-B1 11593-B1 23053-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
	II		Zh. Mikrobiol. Epidemiol. Immunobiol. 1990. 11 :9
<i>Yersinia pseudotuberculosis</i>	PST**	23207-B1	The American Type Culture Collection
<i>Yersinia sp.</i>	RD2		Mol. Gen. Mikrobiol. Virusol. 1990. 8: 18-21

Table 2

>Bacteriophage 77, complete genome sequence, 41708 nucleotides

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1   gatcaaaata cttggggaac gggttagggag taaacttcgc gataatttta aaaattcatg
61  tataaccccc ctcttataac cattttaagg caggatgatga aatggagatt atagtcgatg
121 aaaatttagt gcttaaagaa aaagaaaggc tacaagtatt atataaagac atacctagca
181 ataaattaaa agtagttgat gggttaatta ttcaagcagc aaggctacgt gtaatgcttg
241 attacatgtg ggaagacata aaagaaaaag gtgattatga tttattttact caatctgaaa
301 aggcgccacc atatgaaagg gaaagaccag tagccaaact atttaatgct agagatgctg
361 catatcaaaa aataatcaaa caattatcgg atttattgcc cgaagagaaa gaagacacag
421 aaacgccatt tgatgattac ctatgattag taataaatac gttgatgaat atataaattt
481 gtggaaacaa ggaaagataa ttttaataaa agaaagaatt gatctcttta attatctaca
541 aaaacatata tattcacgag atgatgtata tttgatgaa cagaaaatcg aggattgtat
601 caaattttatt gaaaaatggt attttccaac attaccattt caaaggttta tcatagctaa
661 tatattttctt atagataaaa atacagatga agctttcttt acagaatttg ctattttcat
721 gggacgtgga ggcgggaaaa acggtctaatt aagtgcattt agtgattttc tttctacgcc
781 cttacacgga gttaaagaat atcacatctc cattgttgct aatagtgaag atcaagacaa
841 aaacatcgtt tgatgaaatca gaaccgtttt aatggataac aaacgaaata agacgggtta
901 aacgcaaaaa gctccttatg aagttagtaa agcaaaaaata ataaaccgtg caactaaatc
961 ggttattcga tataacacat caaacacaaa aaccaaagac ggtggacgtg aggggtgtgt
1021 tatttttgat gaaattcatt atttctttgg tcctgaaatg gtaaaccgtc aacgtggttg
1081 attaggtaaa aagaaaaata gaagaacgtt ttatataagt actgatggtt ttgtagaga
1141 gggttatatt gatgcaatga agcacaaaaa tgcaagtgtt ttaagtggca aggttaaaaa
1201 tagtagattg tttgcttttt attgtaagtt agacgatcca aaagaagttg atgacagaca
1261 gacgtgggaa aaggcgaacc caatgttaca taaaccgtta tcagaatacg ctaaaacact
1321 gctaagcacg attgaagaag aatataacga tttaccattc aaccgttcaa ataagcccga
1381 attcatgact aagcgaatga atttgcctga agttgacctt gaaaaagtaa tagcaccatg
1441 gaaagaaata ctacgcgacta atagagagat accaaattta gataatcaaa tgtgtatttg
1501 tggtttagac tttgcaaaac ttcgagattt tgcaagtgtt gggctattat tccgaaaaaa
1561 cgatgattac atttggttag gacattcgtt tgtaagacaa gggtttttgg atgatgtcaa
1621 attagaacct cctattaaag aatgggaaaa aatgggatta ttgaccttg tcgatgatga
1681 tgtcattgaa attgaatata tagttgattg gtttttaaag gctagagaaa aatatgggct
1741 tgaaaaagtc atagctgata attatagaac tgatattgta agacgtgctt ttgaggatgc
1801 tggcataaaa cttgaagtac tttagaaatcc aaaagcaata catggattac ttgcaccacg
1861 tatcgataca atgtttgcga aacataacgt aatatatgga gacaatcctt tgatgcgttg
1921 gtttactaat aatggttgctg taaaaatcaa gccggatgga aataaagagt atatacaaaa
1981 agatgaagtc agacgtaaaa cggatggatt catggctttt gttcacgcac tatatagagc
2041 agacgatata gtagacaaaag acatgtctaa agcgcttgat gcattaatga gtatagattt
2101 ctaatagagg aggtgagaca tgagtattct agaaaagata tttaaaacta ggaaagatat
2161 aacatatatg cttgatttag atatgataga agatctatca caacaagcgt atgtgaaacg
2221 tttagcgatt gatagttgta ttgaatttgt tgcgcgagct gtcgctcaaa gtcattttta
2281 agtattggaa ggtaatatga ttcaaaagaa tgatgtttac tacaagttta atataaaacc
2341 aaatactgac ttatcaagcg atagtttttg gcaacaagtt atataataac taattttatga
2401 taacgagggt ttaatcgtta taagtgcagc caaagaatta cttatcgcat atagctttta
2461 cagagaagag tacgctttgt atgatgata attcaaagat gtaacggtta aagattatac
2521 ttatcaacgt actttcacia tgcaagaggt catatattta aagtacaaca acaataaagt
2581 gacacacttt gtgaaaagtc tattcgaaga ttacgggaaa atattcggaa gaatgatagg
2641 tgcacaatta aaaaactatc aaataagagg gattttgaaa tctgcctcta gcgcatatga
2701 cgaagaagaat atagaaaaat tacaagcgtt cacaataaaa ttattcaata cttttaataa
2761 aatcaacta gcaatcgcgc ctttgataga aggttttgat tatgaggaaat tatctaattg
2821 tggtaagaat agtaacatgc ctttttctga attgagtgag ctaatgagag atgcaataaa
2881 aaatgttgcg ttgatgattg gtatacctcc aggtttgatt tacggagaaa cagctgattt
2941 ggaaaaaac acgcttgat ttgagaagtt ctgtttaaca cttttattaa aaaagattca
3001 gaacgaatta aacgcgaaac tcataacaca aagcatgtat ttgaaagata caagaataga
3061 aattgtcggg gtgaataaaa aagaccact tcaatatgct gaagcaattg acaaacttgt
3121 aagttctggt tcatttacaa ggaatgaggt gcgattatg ttaggtgaag aaccatcaga
3181 caatcctgaa ttagacgaat acctgattac taaaaactac gaaaaagcta acagtgggtg
3241 aaatgatgaa aaagaaaaag atgaaaacac tttgaaagggt ggtgatgaag atgaaagcgg
3301 agattaaagg cgtcatcgtt tccaacgaag ataaatgggt ttacgaaatg cttggtatgg
3361 attcgacttg tcctaaagat gttttaacac aactagaatt tagtgatgaa gatgttgata
3421 ttataattaa ctcaaattggt ggtaacctag tagctggtag tgaaatatat acacatttaa
3481 gagctcataa aggcaaagt aatgttcgta tcacagcaat agcagcaagt gcggcatcgc
3541 ttatcgaat ggctgggtgac cacatcgaaa tgagtcgggt tgctagaatg atgattcaca

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3601 atccttcaag tattgcgcaa ggagaagtga aagatctaaa tcatgctgca gaaacattag
 3661 aacatgttgg tcaataatg gctgaggcat atgcggttag agctggtaaa aacaaacaag
 3721 aacttataga aatgatggct aaggaaacgt ggctaaatgc tgatgaagcc attgaacaag
 3781 gttttgcgga tagtaaaatg tttgaaaacg acaatatgca aattgtagca agcgatacac
 3841 aagtgttatc gaaagatgta ttaaatacgtg taacagcttt ggtaagtaaa acgccagagg
 3901 ttaacattga tattgacgca atagcaaata aagtaattga aaaaataaat atgaaagaaa
 3961 aggaatcaga aatcgatggt gcagatagta aattatcagc aaatggattt tcaagattcc
 4021 ttttttaata caaaaatagg aggtcataaa atgactataa atttatcgga aacattcgca
 4081 aatgcgaaaa acgaatttat taatgcagta aacaacggtg aaccgcaaga aagacaaaat
 4141 gaattgtacg gtgacatgat taaccaacta tttgaagaaa ctaaattaca agcaaaagca
 4201 gaagctgaaa gagtttctag tttacctaaa tcagcacaaa ctttgagtgc aaaccaaga
 4261 aatttcttta tggatatcaa taagagtgtt ggatataaag aagaaaaact tttaccagaa
 4321 gaaacaattg atagaatcct cgaagattta acaacgaatc atccattatt agctgactta
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 4621 cttgaaactg cgttcttaaa aggtactggt aaagaccaac cgattggctt aaaccgtcaa
 4681 gtacaaaaag gtgtatcggg aactgatggt gcttatccag agaaagaaga acaaggtagc
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 6301 gtactgaacc tgaatggata aaggggaaac gtactgttac aattaggtgg cgtgggcctt
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 6481 agtattttga gacgctaaaa agggagttga aaaaattgtg attgatattt tgtacaaagt
 6541 tcatgaagtg attagtcaag acagaaattat tagagagcac gtaaatatca ataattatga
 6601 gttcaataaa taccctaattg taaaagatac tgatgtacct tttattgtta ttgacgatat
 6661 cgacgaccca atacctacaa cttatactga cggagatgag tgtgcatata gttatattgt
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 6901 cattttttat aaggaggaaa attaaattggc agtaaaaacat gcaagtgcgc caaaggcgta
 6961 tattaacatt actggtttag gtttcgctaa attaacgaaa gaaggcgcgg aattaaaaata
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 34861 gaattattacc aatattttaga aagtaatatg aatggcacta attatgatca tatcgaaata
 34921 caaccgaaat tcgaattatt accaaaacta gataaacaac gaaagattga atatttgca
 34981 gacttcgcgt tatatctcga ttggcaactg attgaagtta tcgacattaa aggttgcca
 35041 accgaagtag caaaaacttaa agctaagatt ttcagacata aatacagaaa cataaaactc
 35101 aattggatat gtaaaagcgc taagtataca ggtaaaacat ggattacgta cgaggaatta
 35161 attaaagcaa gacgagaacg caaaagagaa atgaagtgt ctaatgcaac aacaagcata
 35221 tataaatgca acgattgata taaggatacc tacagaagtt gaatatcagc attttgatga
 35281 tgtggataaa gaaaaagaag cgctggcaga ttactttat aacaatcctg acgaaatact
 35341 agagtatgac aatttaaaaa tttagaaactg aaatgtagag gtggaataaa tgggcagtg
 35401 tgttaatcatt aataataaac catataaatt taacaatttt gaaaaaagaa ataatggcaa
 35461 agcgtgggat aaatgctgga attgtttcta aacgtgttag aggttggttg gagttttcag
 35521 aagctttaga cgcgccttat ggcattgcacc taaaagaata tagagaaatg aaacaaatgg
 35581 aaaagattaa acaagcgaga ctcgaaactg aattggaaag agagcgaaag aaagaggctg
 35641 agctacgtaa gaagaagcca catttgttta atgtacctca aaaacattca cgtgatccgt
 35701 actggttcga tgtcacttat aaccaaattg tcaagaatg gagtgaagca taatgagcat

35761 aatcagtaac agaaaagtag atatgaacaa aacgcaagac aacgttaagc aacctgcgca
 35821 ttacacatac ggagacattg aaattatgaa ttttattgaa caagttacgg cacagtacc
 35881 accacaatta gcattcgcaa taggtaatgc aattaaatac ttgtctagag caccgttaaa
 35941 gaatggcatc gaggatttag caaaggcgaa gttttacgtc gatagagtat ttgacttggtg
 36001 ggagtgatga ccatgacaga tagcggacgt aaagaatact taaaacattt tttcggctct
 36061 aagagatatac tgtatcagga taacgaacga gtggcacata tccatgtagt aaatggcact
 36121 tattactttc acggtcatac cgtgccaggt tggcaagggt tgaaaaagac atttgatata
 36181 gcggaagagc ttgaaacata tataaagcaa agtgatttgg aatatgagga acagaagcaa
 36241 ctaactttat tttaaaaggg cggaacaatc gaaaatcaaa attgaaaaag aaatgaattt
 36301 acctgaactt atccaatggg cttgggataa cccaagtta tcaggtaata aaagattcta
 36361 ttcaaagtat gttgagcgca actgttttgt gacttttcat gttgatagca tcttatgtaa
 36421 tgtgactgga tatgtatcaa ttaacgataa atttactgtt caagaggaga tataacaatg
 36481 aaaatcaaaag ttaaaaaaga aatgagatta gatgaattaa ttaaattggc gcgagaaaat
 36541 ccggatctat cacaaggaaa aatatttttt tcaacaggat ttagtgatgg attcgttcgt
 36601 tttcatccaa atacaaataa gtgttcgacg tcaagtttta ttccaattga tatcccttc
 36661 atagttgata ttgaaaaaga agtaacggaa gagactaagg ttgatagggt gattgaatta
 36721 ttcgagattc aagaaggaga ctataactct acactatatg agaacactag tataaaagaa
 36781 tgtttatatg gcagatgtgt gcctaccaa gcattctaca tcttaaacga tgacctaaact
 36841 atgacgttaa tctggaaaga tggggagttg ctagtatgat gttgaaattt aaagcttggg
 36901 ataaagataa aaaagttatg agtattattg acgaaatcga ttttaatatg gggtagattt
 36961 tgattttcaac aggttataaa agtttcaatg aagtaaaact attacaatac acaggattta
 37021 aagatgtgca cgggtgtggag atttatgaag gggatattgt tcaagattgt tattcgagag
 37081 aagtaagttt tatcgagttt aaagaaggag ccttttatat aacttttagc aatgtaactg
 37141 aattactaag tgaaaaagac gatattattg aaattgttgg aaatattttt gaaaatgaga
 37201 tgctattgga gggttatgaga tgacgttcac cttatcagat gaacaatata aaaatctttg
 37261 tactaactct aacaagttat tagataaact tcacaaagca ttaaaagatc gtgaagagta
 37321 caagaagcaa cgagatgagc ttattgggga tatagcgaag ttacgagatt gtaacaaaga
 37381 tctagagaag aaagcaagcg catgggatag gtattgcaag agcgttgaaa aagatttaaat
 37441 aaacgaattc ggtaacgatg atgaaagagt taaattcggg atggaattaa acaataaaat
 37501 ttttatggag gatgacacaa atgaataatc gcgaaaaaat cgaacagtc gttattagt
 37561 ctagtgcgta taacggtaat gacacagagg ggttgctaaa agagattgag gacgtgtata
 37621 agaaagcgca agcgtttgat gaaatacttg agggatgac aaatgctatt caacattcag
 37681 ttaaagaagg tattgaactt gatgaagcag tagggattat ggcaggtcaa gttgtctata
 37741 aatatgagga ggaataggaa aatgactaac acattacaag taaaactatt atcaaaaaat
 37801 gctagaatgc ccgaacgaaa tcataagacg gatgcaggtt atgacatatt ctcagctgaa
 37861 actgtcgtac tcgaaccaca agaaaaagca gtgatcaaaa cagatgtagc tgtgagtata
 37921 ccagagggct atgtcggact attaacatgt cgtagtgggt taagtagtaa aacgtattta
 37981 gtgattgaaa caggcaagat agacgcggga tatcatggca atttagggat taatatcaag
 38041 aatgatgaag aacgtgatgg aatacccttt ttatatgatg atatagacgc tgaattagaa
 38101 gatggattaa taagcatttt agatataaaa ggtaactatg tacaagatgg aagaggcata
 38161 agaagagttt accaaatcaa caaaggcgat aaactagctc aattgggttat cgtgcctata
 38221 tggacaccgg aactaaagca agtggaggaa ttcgaaagtg tttcagaacg tggagcaaaa
 38281 ggcttcgga gtagcggagt gtaagacat cttagatcga gtttaaggag ttttgggaa
 38341 gtgacgcaat acttagtcac aacattcaaa gattcaacag gacgaccaca tgaacattat
 38401 actgtggcta gagataatca gacgtttaca gttattgagg cagagagtaa agaagaagcg
 38461 aaagagaagt acgaggcaca agttaaaaga gatgcagtta ttaaagtggg tcagttgtat
 38521 gaaaatataa gggagtggtg gaaatgacgg atgttaaaat taaaactatt tcaggtggag
 38581 tttattttgt aaaaacagct gaaccttttg aaaaatatgt tgaaagaatg acgagtttta
 38641 atggttatat ttacgcaagt actataatca agaaaccaac gtatatataa acagatacga
 38701 ttgatacaat cacacttatt gaggagcatg gaaaatgaat cagctgagaa ttttattaca
 38761 tgacggtagt agtttgatat tacatgaaga tgaattattt aacgaaatag ttttgtttt
 38821 ggacaatttt agaaatgatg atgactattt aacgatagaa aaagattatg gcagagaact
 38881 tgtattgaac aaagggtata tagttgggat caatggttag gaggcagatg atgattaaca
 38941 tacctaaaat gaaattcccg aaaaagtaca ctgaaataat caaaaaatat aaaaaataag
 39001 cacctgaaga aaaggctaag attgaagatg attttattaa agaaattaaa gataaagaca
 39061 gtgaatttta cagtcctacg atggctaata tgaatgaata tgaattaaag gctatgttaa
 39121 gaatgatgcc tagtttaatt gatactggag atgacaatga tgattaaaaa acttaaaaaat
 39181 atggatgggt tcgacatctt tattgttggg atactgtcat tattcgggtat attcgcattg
 39241 ctacttggtt tcacattgcc tatctatata gtggctagtt accaacacaa agaattacat
 39301 caaggaacta ttacagataa atataacaag agacaagata aagaagacaa gttctatatt
 39361 gtattagaca acaaaacagt cattgaaaaa tccgacttat tattcaaaaa gaaatttgat
 39421 agcgcagata tacaagctag gttaaaagta ggcgataagg tagaagttaa aacaatcggg
 39481 tatagaatac actttttaaa tttatatccg gtcttatacg aagtaaaagaa ggtagataaa
 39541 caatgattaa acaaaacta agactattat tcttactagc aatgtatgag ttaggtaagt
 39601 atgtaactga gcaagtgtat attatgatga cggctaatag tgatgtagag ggcgcagtg
 39661 attacgtctt tcgagcggag gtgagtgaat aatgagaata tttatttatg atttgatcgt
 39721 tttgctgttt gctttcttaa tatccatata tattattgat gatggagtga taataaatgc

39781 attaggaatt tttggtatgt ataaaattat agattccttt tcagaaaata ttataaagag
 39841 gtagataaaa atgaacgagc aaataatagg aagcatatat acttttagcag gaggtgtgt
 39901 gctttattca gttaaagaga tttttaggta ttttacagat tctaacttac aacgtaaaaa
 39961 aatcaattta gaacaaatat atccgatata tttagattgt tttaaaaagg ctaaaaagat
 40021 gattggagct tatattattc caacagaaca gcatgaattt ttagattttt ttgatattga
 40081 agtctttaat aatttagata agcaaagtaa aaaagcgtat gaaaatgtta ttggatttag
 40141 acaaatgatt aatttatcaa atagagttaa ggcaatggaa gattttaaga tgagtttcaa
 40201 caatgaattt agtacaaatc agattttttt taatccttct tttgttatgg aaacaattgc
 40261 tattataaat gaatatcaaa aagatatatc ttatttataa aatataatta ataaaatgaa
 40321 tgaaaataga gcttataatc atattgatag ttttatcact tcagagtacc gacgaaaaat
 40381 aaacgattat aatctttatc ttgataaatt tgaagaacag tttagtcaaa agttttaa
 40441 aaacagaact tcgataaaag aaagaattat tattaattta aacaagagga gattttaa
 40501 atgtggatta ctatgactat tgtatttgct atattgctat tagtttgtat cagtatta
 40561 agtgatcgtg caagagagat acaagcactt agatatatga atgattatct acttgatgaa
 40621 gtagttaaaa ctaaaaggta caacgggtta gaagaataca ggattgaatt gaagcgaatg
 40681 aataacgata ttaaaaagta atttatatta tcggagggtat tgcattgaat gataaagatt
 40741 gagaaacacg atatcaaaaa gcttgaagaa tacattcagc acatcgataa ctatcgaaga
 40801 gagttgaaga tgcgagaata tgaattactt gaaagtcag aaccagataa tgcgggagct
 40861 ggcaaaagta atttgccggg taacccgatt gaacgatgtg caataaagaa gtttagtgat
 40921 aacaggtaca atacattaag aaatatagtt aacggtgtag atagattgat aggtgaaagt
 40981 gatgaggata cgcttgagtt attaaggttt agatattggg attgtcctat tggttgttat
 41041 gaatgggaag atatagcaca ttactttggt acaagtaaga caagtatatt acgtagaagg
 41101 aatgcactga tcgataagtt agcaaagtat attggttatg tgtagcggac ttttacccta
 41161 tgtaagtccg cattaaaaca gtttattatg ttagtatcag attaatattt aaagttatta
 41221 aatgctaata cgacgcagta acaagaggcg catcactatg tgatgtgtct ttttatttat
 41281 gaggtatgaa catgttcaaa ctaattgtaa atacattact acacatcaag tatagatgag
 41341 tcttgatact acttaagtta tataagggtga aacattatga tgactaaaga cgaacgtata
 41401 cgattctata agtctaaaga atggcaaata acaagaaaaa gagtgtctaga aagagataat
 41461 tatgaatgtc aacaatgtaa gagagacggc aagttaacga catatgacaa aagcaagcgt
 41521 aagtcggttg atgtagatca tatattatcg ctagaacatc atccggagtt tgctcatgac
 41581 ttaaacatt tagaaacact gtgtattaaa tgtcacaaca aaaaagaaaa gagatttata
 41641 aaaaaagaaa ataaatggaa agacgaaaaa tggtaaatac ccccggtca aaaaaatcaa
 41701 aagcgatc

Table 3

	Name	Position		Name	Position
1	77ORF005	19572..21026	48	77ORF052	1762..2013
2	77ORF006	3976..5196	49	77ORF053	37521..37757
3	77ORF007	21871..23076	50	77ORF054	22818..23060
4	77ORF008	2120..3307	51	77ORF055	17546..17788
5	77ORF009	31946..32803	52	77ORF058	18892..19122
6	77ORF010	26092..26889	53	77ORF059	34564..34785
7	77ORF011	24441..25208	54	77ORF064	29574..29795
8	77ORF012	29788..30576	55	77ORF065	28528..28746
9	77ORF013	33620..34399	56	77ORF066	27494..27703
10	77ORF014	27760..28512	57	77ORF069	38341..38547
11	77ORF015	3291..4028	58	77ORF070	36269..36475
12	77ORF016	32867..33610	59	77ORF071	40498..40701
13	77ORF017	23269..23982	60	77ORF072	38735..38938
14	77ORF018	31169..31840	61	77ORF073	30945..31148
15	77ORF019	39851..40501	62	77ORF074	38544..38738
16	77ORF020	6926..7570	63	77ORF075	13673..13870
17	77ORF021	37762..38304	64	77ORF077	25357..25605
18	77ORF022	30605..31156	65	77ORF079	29089..29280
19	77ORF023	26903..27346	66	77ORF080	35204..35389
20	77ORF024	10700..11140	67	77ORF085	24060..24242
21	77ORF025	9707..10147	68	77ORF092	39706..39876
22	77ORF026	40729..41145	69	77ORF094	32226..32393
23	77ORF027	6518..6925	70	77ORF096	13606..13773
24	77ORF028	34795..35199	71	77ORF098	7092..7256
25	77ORF029	6117..6521	72	77ORF102	29051..29212
26	77ORF030	36478..36879	73	77ORF104	34393..34551
27	77ORF031	39151..39546	74	77ORF109	18282..18434
28	77ORF032	33892..34266	75	77ORF112	39543..39692
29	77ORF033	5758..6120	76	77ORF117	27361..27501
30	77ORF034	7886..8236	77	77ORF118	38390..38530
31	77ORF035	19258..19560	78	77ORF120	36059..36199
32	77ORF036	36876..37223	79	77ORF124	33699..33833
33	77ORF037	102..446	80	77ORF128	14221..14355
34	77ORF038	34908..35219	81	77ORF130	15675..15806
35	77ORF039	37220..37528	82	77ORF133	8414..8542
36	77ORF040	41377..41676	83	77ORF140	13113..13235
37	77ORF041	35454..35753	84	77ORF147	7029..7148
38	77ORF042	5490..5774	85	77ORF149	30668..30787
39	77ORF043	29304..29564	86	77ORF151	31837..31953
40	77ORF044	18481..18768	87	77ORF155	30278..30391
41	77ORF045	5216..5500	88	77ORF157	4044..4157
42	77ORF046	25663..25935	89	77ORF167	20692..20799
43	77ORF047	11159..11425	90	77ORF175	35717..35821
44	77ORF048	28776..29039	91	77ORF176	6836..6940
45	77ORF049	36013..36255	92	77ORF178	35390..35491
46	77ORF050	35753..36007	93	77ORF179	8318..8419
47	77ORF051	38931..39167	94	77ORF182	29268..29564

Table 4

77ORF017 sequence

```

23982      atgacgcataatatagaaaaacgcattaataaattaaaaacttct
1      M  T  H  N  I  E  K  R  I  N  K  L  K  T  S
23937      ggaaatccaaaatttataaaagtttagattcagatattcactattta
16     G  N  P  K  F  K  K  L  D  S  D  I  H  Y  L
23892      ctcaagagatttgaaggtgaaaaaaaccataaagggtttttatcca
31     L  K  R  F  E  G  E  K  N  H  K  G  F  Y  P
23847      aagtttaaacaggagaaatagttttttagatttcggtataaac
46     K  F  K  Q  G  E  I  V  F  V  D  F  G  I  N
23802      gttaataaagaatttttctaattcacactttgcaatagtgatgaat
61     V  N  K  E  F  S  N  S  H  F  A  I  V  M  N
23757      aaaaatgattctaatacggaggatatagtaaattgttattccctta
76     K  N  D  S  N  T  E  D  I  V  N  V  I  P  L
23712      tcctctaagaaaaacaaaaagattttaagatgaattttgatttg
91     S  S  K  E  N  K  K  Y  L  K  M  N  F  D  L
23667      aaatgggagattattttaagattgtttttaaatttaattagcgcg
106    K  W  E  Y  Y  L  R  L  F  L  N  L  I  S  A
23622      caaaataattcagctatattataaagaagttttcgataaaaaatac
121    Q  N  N  S  A  I  L  K  E  V  F  D  K  K  Y
23577      caaaaaacaacacagaattcatcactaaagattattttattgaa
136    Q  K  N  N  T  E  F  I  T  K  D  Y  F  I  E
23532      tttatatctgatagtttagaaattgaaaataaattaaataaaatt
151    F  I  S  D  S  L  E  I  E  N  K  L  N  K  I
23487      gacagaaacattaataacatagtatcagcaattgataaggtaaaa
166    D  R  N  I  N  N  I  V  S  A  I  D  K  V  K
23442      aaattaaaaggtaatagttacgcttgcataaattctttccagccg
181    K  L  K  G  N  S  Y  A  C  I  N  S  F  Q  P
23397      attagtaagtttcgcataagaaaagttttacccccaaaaaattaaa
196    I  S  K  F  R  I  R  K  V  L  P  Q  K  I  K
23352      aatccagtaatagattcttcggatattatgttactgataaataga
211    N  P  V  I  D  S  S  D  I  M  L  L  I  N  R
23307      attaataataatatattgcagatccctgatataagatga 23269
226    I  N  N  N  I  L  Q  I  P  D  I  R  *

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Physico-chemical parameters of ORF 77ORF017

1 MTHNIEKRIN KLKTSGNPKF KKLDSDIHYL LKRFEGEKNH KGFYPKFKQG
EIVFVDFGIN
61 VNKEFSNSHF AIVMNKNSN TEDIVNVIPL SSKENKKYLK MNFDLKWEYY
LRLFLNLISA
121 QNNSAILKEV FDKKYQKNNT EFITKDYFIE FISDSLEIEN KLNKIDRNIN
NIVSAIDKVK
181 KLKGSYACI NSFQPIKFR IRKVLQKIK NPVIDSSDIM LLINRINNNI LQIPDIR

Number of amino acids: 237

Average molecular weight (Daltons): 278

87.38

Mean amino acid weight (Daltons): 117.

67

Monoisotopic molecular weight (Daltons): 278

69.83

Mean amino acid monoisotopic weight (Daltons): 117.

59

Amino acid composition

Acid	Symbol	Number	%	Average % in Swissprot	Acid	Symbol	Number	%	Average % in Swissprot
Ala	A	5	2.11%	7.58%	Cys	C	1	0.42%	1.66%
Asp	D	14	5.91%	5.28%	Glu	E	13	5.49%	6.37%
Phe	F	16	6.75%	4.09%	Gly	G	6	2.53%	6.84%
His	H	4	1.69%	2.24%	Ile	I	29	12.24%	5.81%
Lys	K	33	13.92%	5.95%	Leu	L	19	8.02%	9.42%
Met	M	4	1.69%	2.37%	Asn	N	30	12.66%	4.45%
Pro	P	7	2.95%	4.9%	Gln	Q	6	2.53%	3.97%
Arg	R	8	3.38%	5.16%	Ser	S	17	7.17%	7.12%
Thr	T	5	2.11%	5.67%	Val	V	11	4.64%	6.58%
Trp	W	1	0.42%	1.23%	Tyr	Y	8	3.38%	3.18%

Number of acidic (negative) amino acids (ED): 27
11.39%

Number of basic (positive) amino acids (KR): 41
17.30%

Total charge (KRED): 68
28.69%

Net charge (KR - ED):	14
Theoretical pI:	5.91%
Total linear charge density:	10.01
Average hydrophobicity:	0.30
Ratio of hydrophilicity to hydrophobicity:	-5.37
Percentage of hydrophilic amino acid:	1.41
Percentage of hydrophobic amino acid:	57.81%
Ratio of %hydrophilic to %hydrophobic:	42.19%
	1.37

77ORF019 sequence

```

39851      atgaacgagcaaataataggaagcatatataacttttagcaggaggt
1      M  N  E  Q  I  I  G  S  I  Y  T  L  A  G  G
39896      gttgtgctttatttcagttaaagagatTTTTtaggtatttttacagat
16     V  V  L  Y  S  V  K  E  I  F  R  Y  F  T  D
39941      tctaacttacaacgtaaaaaaatcaattttagaaciaaatatatccg
31     S  N  L  Q  R  K  K  I  N  L  E  Q  I  Y  P
39986      atatatttagattgttttaaaaaggctaaaaagatgattggagct
46     I  Y  L  D  C  F  K  K  A  K  K  M  I  G  A
40031      tatattattccaacagaacagcatgaatttttagatttttttgat
61     Y  I  I  P  T  E  Q  H  E  F  L  D  F  F  D
40076      attgaagtctttaataatttagataagcaaagtaaaaaagcgtat
76     I  E  V  F  N  N  L  D  K  Q  S  K  K  A  Y
40121      gaaaatgttattggatttagacaaatgattaatttatcaaataga
91     E  N  V  I  G  F  R  Q  M  I  N  L  S  N  R
40166      gttaaggcaatggaagattttaagatgagtttcaacaatgaattt
106    V  K  A  M  E  D  F  K  M  S  F  N  N  E  F
40211      agtacaaatcagattttttttaatccttcttttgttatggaaaca
121    S  T  N  Q  I  F  F  N  P  S  F  V  M  E  T
40256      attgctattataaatgaatatcaaaaagatatatcttatttataaa
136    I  A  I  I  N  E  Y  Q  K  D  I  S  Y  L  K
40301      aatataattaataaaaatgaatgaaaatagagcttataatcatatt
151    N  I  I  N  K  M  N  E  N  R  A  Y  N  H  I
40346      gatagttttatcacttcagagtaccgacgaaaaataaacgattat
166    D  S  F  I  T  S  E  Y  R  R  K  I  N  D  Y
40391      aatctttatcttgataaatttgaagaacagtttagtcaaaagttt
181    N  L  Y  L  D  K  F  E  E  Q  F  S  Q  K  F
40436      aaaataaacagaacttcgataaaaagaaagaattattattaattta
196    K  I  N  R  T  S  I  K  E  R  I  I  I  N  L
40481      aacaagaggagattttaaatga 40501
211    N  K  R  R  F  K  *

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Physico-chemical parameters of ORF 77ORF019

1 MNEQIIGSIY TLAGGVVLYS VKEIFRYFTD SNLQRKKINL EQIYPIYLDC
FKKAKKMIGA
61 YIIPTEQHEF LDFFDIEVFN NLDKQSKKAY ENVIGFRQMI NLSNRVKAME
DFKMSFNNEF
121 STNQIFFNPS FVMETIAIIN EYQKDISYLK NIINKMNENR AYNHIDSFIT
SEYRRKINDY
181 NLYLDKFEEQ FSQKFKINRT SIKERIIINL NKRRFK

Number of amino acids: 216

Average molecular weight (Daltons): 260

26.06

Mean amino acid weight (Daltons): 120.

49

Monoisotopic molecular weight (Daltons): 260

09.34

Mean amino acid monoisotopic weight (Daltons): 120.

41

Amino acid composition

Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot	Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot
Ala	A	7	3.24%	7.58%	Cys	C	1	0.46%	1.66%
Asp	D	10	4.63%	5.28%	Glu	E	16	7.41%	6.37%
Phe	F	19	8.80%	4.09%	Gly	G	5	2.31%	6.84%
His	H	2	0.93%	2.24%	Ile	I	28	12.96%	5.81%
Lys	K	22	10.19%	5.95%	Leu	L	12	5.56%	9.42%
Met	M	7	3.24%	2.37%	Asn	N	23	10.65%	4.45%
Pro	P	3	1.39%	4.9%	Gln	Q	10	4.63%	3.97%
Arg	R	11	5.09%	5.16%	Ser	S	13	6.02%	7.12%
Thr	T	7	3.24%	5.67%	Val	V	7	3.24%	6.58%
Trp	W	0	0.00%	1.23%	Tyr	Y	13	6.02%	3.18%

Number of acidic (negative) amino acids (ED): 26
12.04%

Number of basic (positive) amino acids (KR): 33
15.28%

Total charge (KRED): 59
27.31%

Net charge (KR - ED): 7
3.24%

Theoretical pI:	9.52
Total linear charge density:	0.28
Average hydrophobicity:	-4.84
Ratio of hydrophilicity to hydrophobicity:	1.37
Percentage of hydrophilic amino acid:	54.17%
Percentage of hydrophobic amino acid:	45.83%
Ratio of %hydrophilic to %hydrophobic:	1.18

SD-63311.4

29304			atgtattacgaaataggcgaaatcatacgcaaaaatattcatgtt
1	M	Y	Y E I G E I I R K N I H V
29349			aacggatttcgattttaagctattcattttaaaagggtcatatgggc
16	N	G	F D F K L F I L K G H M G
29394			atatcaatacaaggttaaagatatgaacaacgtaccaattaaacat
31	I	S	I Q V K D M N N V P I K H
29439			gcttatgtcgtagatgagaatgacttagatatggcatcagactta
46	A	Y	V V D E N D L D M A S D L
29484			tttaaccaagcaatagatgaatggattgaagagaacacagacgaa
61	F	N	Q A I D E W I E E N T D E
29529			caggacagactaattaacttagtcatgaaatggtag 29564
76	Q	D	R L I N L V M K W *

Physico-chemical parameters of ORF 77ORF043

1 MYYEIGEIIIR KNIHVNGFDF KLFILKGHMG ISIQVKDMNN VPIKHAYVVD
 ENDLDMASDL
 61 FNQAIDEWIE ENTDEQDRLI NLVMKW

Number of amino acids: 86
 Average molecular weight (Daltons): 101
 86.68
 Mean amino acid weight (Daltons): 118.
 45
 Monoisotopic molecular weight (Daltons): 101
 80.02
 Mean amino acid monoisotopic weight (Daltons): 118.

37

Amino acid composition

Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot	Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot
Ala	A	3	3.49%	7.58%	Cys	C	0	0.00%	1.66%
Asp	D	9	10.47%	5.28%	Glu	E	7	8.14%	6.37%
Phe	F	4	4.65%	4.09%	Gly	G	4	4.65%	6.84%
His	H	3	3.49%	2.24%	Ile	I	11	12.79%	5.81%
Lys	K	6	6.98%	5.95%	Leu	L	6	6.98%	9.42%
Met	M	5	5.81%	2.37%	Asn	N	8	9.30%	4.45%
Pro	P	1	1.16%	4.9%	Gln	Q	3	3.49%	3.97%
Arg	R	2	2.33%	5.16%	Ser	S	2	2.33%	7.12%
Thr	T	1	1.16%	5.67%	Val	V	6	6.98%	6.58%
Trp	W	2	2.33%	1.23%	Tyr	Y	3	3.49%	3.18%

Number of acidic (negative) amino acids (ED): 16
 18.60%
 Number of basic (positive) amino acids (KR): 8
 9.30%
 Total charge (KRED): 24
 27.91%
 Net charge (KR - ED): -8
 -9.30%
 Theoretical pI: 4.38
 Total linear charge density: 0.30
 Average hydrophobicity: -2.80
 Ratio of hydrophilicity to hydrophobicity: 1.19

Percentage of hydrophilic amino acid:	48.84%
Percentage of hydrophobic amino acid:	51.16%
Ratio of %hydrophilic to %hydrophobic:	0.95

SD-63311.4

77ORF102 sequence

```
29051      atgagcaacattttataaaaagctacctagtagcagtattatgcttc
1      M  S  N  I  Y  K  S  Y  L  V  A  V  L  C  F
29096      acagtcttagcgattgtacttatgccgtttctatacttcactaca
16     T  V  L  A  I  V  L  M  P  F  L  Y  F  T  T
29141      gcatggtcaattgcgggattcgcaagtatcgcaacattcatgtac
31     A  W  S  I  A  G  F  A  S  I  A  T  F  M  Y
29186      taaaagaatgctttttcaaagaataa 29212
46     Y  K  E  C  F  F  K  E  *
```

Physico-chemical parameters of ORF 77ORF102

1 MSNIYKSYLV AVLCTVLA I VLMPLYFTT AWSIAGFASI ATFMYYKECF FKE

Number of amino acids: 53

Average molecular weight (Daltons): 61

55.42

Mean amino acid weight (Daltons): 11

6.14

Monoisotopic molecular weight (Daltons): 61

51.07

Mean amino acid monoisotopic weight (Daltons): 11

6.06

Amino acid composition

Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot	Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot
Ala	A	6	11.32%	7.58%	Cys	C	2	3.77%	1.66%
Asp	D	0	0.00%	5.28%	Glu	E	2	3.77%	6.37%
Phe	F	7	13.21%	4.09%	Gly	G	1	1.89%	6.84%
His	H	0	0.00%	2.24%	Ile	I	4	7.55%	5.81%
Lys	K	3	5.66%	5.95%	Leu	L	5	9.43%	9.42%
Met	M	3	5.66%	2.37%	Asn	N	1	1.89%	4.45%
Pro	P	1	1.89%	4.9%	Gln	Q	0	0.00%	3.97%
Arg	R	0	0.00%	5.16%	Ser	S	4	7.55%	7.12%
Thr	T	4	7.55%	5.67%	Val	V	4	7.55%	6.58%
Trp	W	1	1.89%	1.23%	Tyr	Y	5	9.43%	3.18%

Number of acidic (negative) amino acids (ED): 2 3.77%

Number of basic (positive) amino acids (KR): 3 5.66%

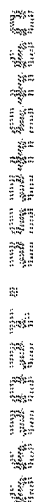
Total charge (KRED): 5 9.43%

Net charge (KR - ED): 1 1.89%

Theoretical pI: 8.18

Total linear charge density: 0.13

Average hydrophobicity:	10.81
Ratio of hydrophilicity to hydrophobicity:	0.40
Percentage of hydrophilic amino acid:	28.30%
Percentage of hydrophobic amino acid:	71.70%
Ratio of %hydrophilic to %hydrophobic:	0.39



77ORF104 sequence

```
34393      atggtaaccaaagaatttttataaaaactaaacttgagtgttcagat
1      M  V  T  K  E  F  L  K  T  K  L  E  C  S  D
34438      atgtacgctcagaaactcatagatgaggcacagggcgatgaaaat
16     M  Y  A  Q  K  L  I  D  E  A  Q  G  D  E  N
34483      aggttgtagcagacctatctatccaaaaacttgcagaacggtcataca
31     R  L  Y  D  L  F  I  Q  K  L  A  E  R  H  T
34528      cgccccgctatcgctcgaatattaa 34551
46     R  P  A  I  V  E  Y  *
```

Physico-chemical parameters of ORF 77ORF104

1 MVTKEFLKTK LECSDMYAQK LIDEAQGDEN RLYDLFIQKL AERHTRPAIV EY

Number of amino acids: 52

Average molecular weight (Daltons): 61

93.13

Mean amino acid weight (Daltons): 11

9.10

Monoisotopic molecular weight (Daltons): 61

89.12

Mean amino acid monoisotopic weight (Daltons): 11

9.02

Amino acid composition

Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot	Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot
Ala	A	4	7.69 %	7.58%	Cys	C	1	1.92%	1.66%
Asp	D	4	7.69 %	5.28%	Glu	E	6	11.54 %	6.37%
Phe	F	2	3.85 %	4.09%	Gly	G	1	1.92%	6.84%
His	H	1	1.92 %	2.24%	Ile	I	3	5.77%	5.81%
Lys	K	5	9.62 %	5.95%	Leu	L	6	11.54 %	9.42%
Met	M	2	3.85 %	2.37%	Asn	N	1	1.92%	4.45%
Pro	P	1	1.92 %	4.9%	Gln	Q	3	5.77%	3.97%
Arg	R	3	5.77 %	5.16%	Ser	S	1	1.92%	7.12%
Thr	T	3	5.77 %	5.67%	Val	V	2	3.85%	6.58%
Trp	W	0	0.00 %	1.23%	Tyr	Y	3	5.77%	3.18%

Number of acidic (negative) amino acids (ED): 10
19.23%

Number of basic (positive) amino acids (KR): 8
15.38%

Total charge (KRED): 18
34.62%

Net charge (KR - ED):	-2
	-3.85%
Theoretical pI:	5.03
Total linear charge density:	0.38
Average hydrophobicity:	-5.81
Ratio of hydrophilicity to hydrophobicity:	1.47
Percentage of hydrophilic amino acid:	53.85%
Percentage of hydrophobic amino acid:	46.15%
Ratio of %hydrophilic to %hydrophobic:	1.17

SD-63311.4

77ORF182 sequence

```
29268      atgttcaatataaaaacgaaaaacggaggaagtcaagatgtattac
1      M  F  N  I  K  R  K  T  E  E  V  K  M  Y  Y
29313      gaaataggcgaaatcatacgcaaaaatattcatgttaacggattc
16     E  I  G  E  I  I  R  K  N  I  H  V  N  G  F
29358      gattttaagctatttcattttaaaagggtcatatgggcatatcaata
31     D  F  K  L  F  I  L  K  G  H  M  G  I  S  I
29403      caagttaaagatatgaacaacgtaccaattaaacatgcttatgtc
46     Q  V  K  D  M  N  N  V  P  I  K  H  A  Y  V
29448      gtagatgagaatgacttagatatggcatcagacttatttaaccaa
61     V  D  E  N  D  L  D  M  A  S  D  L  F  N  Q
29493      gcaatagatgaatggattgaagagaacacagacgaacaggacaga
76     A  I  D  E  W  I  E  E  N  T  D  E  Q  D  R
29538      ctaattaacttagtcatgaaatggttag 29564
91     L  I  N  L  V  M  K  W  *
```

Physico-chemical parameters of ORF 77ORF182

1 MFNIKRKTEE VKMYEIGEI IRKNIHVNGF DFKLFILKGH MGISIQVKDM
 NNVPIKHAYV
 61 VDENDLDMAS DLFNQAIDew IEENTDEQDR LINLVMKW

Number of amino acids: 98
 Average molecular weight (Daltons): 116
 91.50
 Mean amino acid weight (Daltons): 119.
 30
 Monoisotopic molecular weight (Daltons): 116
 83.84
 Mean amino acid monoisotopic weight (Daltons): 119.
 22

Amino acid composition

Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot	Aci d	Symbo l	Numb er	%	Average % in Swissprot
Ala	A	3	3.06 %	7.58%	Cys	C	0	0.00%	1.66%
Asp	D	9	9.18 %	5.28%	Glu	E	9	9.18%	6.37%
Phe	F	5	5.10 %	4.09%	Gly	G	4	4.08%	6.84%
His	H	3	3.06 %	2.24%	Ile	I	12	12.24 %	5.81%
Lys	K	9	9.18 %	5.95%	Leu	L	6	6.12%	9.42%
Met	M	6	6.12 %	2.37%	Asn	N	9	9.18%	4.45%
Pro	P	1	1.02 %	4.9%	Gln	Q	3	3.06%	3.97%
Arg	R	3	3.06 %	5.16%	Ser	S	2	2.04%	7.12%
Thr	T	2	2.04 %	5.67%	Val	V	7	7.14%	6.58%
Trp	W	2	2.04 %	1.23%	Tyr	Y	3	3.06%	3.18%

Number of acidic (negative) amino acids (ED): 18
 18.37%

Number of basic (positive) amino acids (KR):	12
	12.24%
Total charge (KRED):	30
	30.61%
Net charge (KR - ED):	-6
	-6.12%
Theoretical pI:	4.76
Total linear charge density:	0.33
Average hydrophobicity:	-3.89
Ratio of hydrophilicity to hydrophobicity:	1.28
Percentage of hydrophilic amino acid:	51.02%
Percentage of hydrophobic amino acid:	48.98%
Ratio of %hydrophilic to %hydrophobic:	1.04

SD-63311.4

Table 5

BLASTP 2.0.8 [Jan-05-1999]

Query= sid|100017|lan|77ORF017 Phage 77 ORF |23269-23982|-3
(237 letters)

Database: nr
393,678 sequences; 120,452,765 total letters

Sequences producing significant alignments:	Score (bits)	E
Value		
gi 4493986 emb CAB39045.1 (AL034559) predicted using hexExon; ...	41	
0.010		
gi 730607 sp P23250 RPI1_YEAST NEGATIVE RAS PROTEIN REGULATOR P...	38	
0.053		
gi 3097044 emb CAA75299 (Y15035) K1R [Cowpox virus]	38	
0.090		
gi 2146245 pir S73794 hypothetical protein H91_orf180 - Mycopl...	38	
0.090		
gi 83910 pir S04682 ribosomal protein var1 - yeast (Candida gl...	37	
0.15		
gi 133135 sp P21358 RMAR_CANGA MITOCHONDRIAL RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN ...	37	
0.15		
gi 2128843 pir H64475 hypothetical protein MJ1409 - Methanococ...	36	
0.20		
gi 5107017 gb AAD39926.1 AF126285_2 (AF126285) RNA polymerase [...	36	
0.35		
gi 2146210 pir S73342 hypothetical protein E07_orf166 - Mycopl...	35	
0.60		

Database: swissprot
79,449 sequences; 28,874,452 total letters

Sequences producing significant alignments:	Score (bits)	E Value
sp P23250 RPI1_YEAST NEGATIVE RAS PROTEIN REGULATOR PROTEIN.	38	0.014
sp P21358 RMAR_CANGA MITOCHONDRIAL RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN VAR1.	37	0.040
sp Q21444 LDLC_CAEEL LDLC PROTEIN HOMOLOG.	34	0.35
sp P27240 RFAY_ECOLI LIPOPOLYSACCHARIDE CORE BIOSYNTHESIS PROT.	33	0.46
sp P53192 YGC0_YEAST HYPOTHETICAL 27.1 KD PROTEIN IN ALK1-CKB1.	33	0.60
sp P32908 SMC1_YEAST CHROMOSOME SEGREGATION PROTEIN SMC1 (DA-B.	33	0.60
sp P54683 TAGB_DICDI PRESTALK-SPECIFIC PROTEIN TAGB PRECURSOR .	32	0.78
sp Q03100 CYAA_DICDI ADENYLATE CYCLASE, AGGREGATION SPECIFIC (.	32	0.78

BLASTP 2.0.8 [Jan-05-1999]

Query= sid|100019|lan|77ORF019 Phage 77 ORF|39851-40501|2
(216 letters)

Database: nr
373,355 sequences; 114,214,446 total letters

		Score	E
		(bits)	Value
Sequences producing significant alignments:			
gi 3341966 dbj BAA31932	(AB009866) orf 59 [bacteriophage phi PVL]	437	e-122
gi 2689911	(AE000792) B. burgdorferi predicted coding region BB...	38	0.058
gi 1171589 emb CAA64574	(X95275) frameshift [Plasmodium falcip...	37	0.10
gi 4493986 emb CAB39045.1	(AL034559) predicted using hexExon; ...	36	0.23
gi 141257 sp P18019 YPI9_CLOPE	HYPOTHETICAL 14.5 KD PROTEIN (OR...	36	0.29
gi 133412 sp P27059 RPOB_ASTLO	DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE BETA...	35	0.51
gi 3122231 sp Q58851 HISX_METJA	HISTIDINOL DEHYDROGENASE (HDH) ...	35	0.51
gi 3649757 emb CAB11106.1	(Z98547) predicted using hexExon; MA...	34	0.66
gi 2688313	(AE001146) sensory transduction histidine kinase, pu...	34	0.87

Database: swissprot
79,449 sequences; 28,874,452 total letters

		Score	E
		(bits)	Value
Sequences producing significant alignments:			
sp P18019 YPI9_CLOPE	HYPOTHETICAL 14.5 KD PROTEIN (ORF9).	36	0.079
sp Q58851 HISX_METJA	HISTIDINOL DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.1.1.23) (H.	35	0.14
sp P27059 RPOB_ASTLO	DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE BETA CHAIN (E.	35	0.14
sp Q02224 CENE_HUMAN	CENTROMERIC PROTEIN E (CENP-E PROTEIN).	34	0.31
sp P04931 ARP_PLAFA	ASPARAGINE-RICH PROTEIN (AG319) (ARP) (FRA..	33	0.53
sp P18011 IPAB_SHIFL	62 KD MEMBRANE ANTIGEN.	32	0.69
sp P18709 VTA2_XENLA	VITELLOGENIN A2 PRECURSOR (VTG A2) [CONTA..	32	0.90
sp Q64409 CP3H_CAVPO	CYTOCHROME P450 3A17 (EC 1.14.14.1) (CYPI..	32	0.90
sp P21358 RMAR_CANGA	MITOCHONDRIAL RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN VAR1.	32	0.90
sp Q03945 IPAB_SHIDY	62 KD MEMBRANE ANTIGEN.	32	1.2

BLASTP 2.0.8 [Jan-05-1999]

Query= sid|100043|lan|77ORF043 Phage 77 ORF|29304-29564|3
(86 letters)

Database: nr
373,355 sequences; 114,214,446 total letters

		Score (bits)	E Value
Sequences producing significant alignments:			
gi 3341947 dbj BAA31913	(AB009866) orf 39 [bacteriophage phi PVL]	182	6e-46
gi 744518 prf	2014422A FKBP-rapamycin-associated protein [Homo...	32	0.84
gi 1169736 sp P42346	FRAP_RAT FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN...	32	0.84
gi 1169735 sp P42345	FRAP_HUMAN FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTE...	32	0.84
gi 3282239	(U88966) rapamycin associated protein FRAP2 [Homo sa...	32	0.84
gi 3875402 emb CAA98122	(Z73906) cDNA EST EMBL:D64544 comes fr...	31	2.5
gi 1084792 pir	S54091 hypothetical protein YPR070w - yeast (Sa...	30	4.2

Database: swissprot
79,449 sequences; 28,874,452 total letters

		Score (bits)	E Value
Sequences producing significant alignments:			
sp P42345	FRAP_HUMAN FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN (FRAP) .	32	0.24
sp P42346	FRAP_RAT FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN (FRAP) (R.	32	0.24
sp P34554	YNP1_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 42.2 KD PROTEIN T05G5.1 IN C.	28	3.5
sp Q24118	LIO_DROME LINOTTE PROTEIN.	28	3.5
sp P80034	ACH2_BOMMO ANTICHYMOTRYPSIN II (ACHY-II).	28	3.5
sp P22922	A1AT_BOMMO ANTITRYPSIN PRECURSOR (AT).	28	3.5
sp Q44363	TRAA_AGRT6 CONJUGAL TRANSFER PROTEIN TRAA.	28	3.5
sp P38255	YBU5_YEAST HYPOTHETICAL 51.3 KD PROTEIN IN PHO5-VPS1.	27	6.0
sp P55822	SH3B_HUMAN SH3BGR PROTEIN (21-GLUTAMIC ACID-RICH PRO.	27	7.9
sp Q58482	YA82_METJA HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN MJ1082.	27	7.9
sp P34252	YKK8_YEAST HYPOTHETICAL 52.3 KD PROTEIN IN HAP4-AAT1.	27	7.9

BLASTP 2.0.8 [Jan-05-1999]

Query= sid|100102|lan|77ORF102 Phage 77 ORF|29051-29212|2
(53 letters)

Database: nr
373,355 sequences; 114,214,446 total letters

	Score (bits)	E Value
Sequences producing significant alignments:		
gi 3341946 dbj BAA31912 (AB009866) orf 38 [bacteriophage phi PVL]	96	3e-20
gi 4325288 gb AAD17315 (AF123593) voltage-dependent sodium cha...	28	7.1
gi 2649684 (AE001040) A. fulgidus predicted coding region AF092...	28	9.3

Database: swissprot
79,449 sequences; 28,874,452 total letters

	Score (bits)	E Value
Sequences producing significant alignments:		
sp P42087 HUTM_BACSU PUTATIVE HISTIDINE PERMEASE.	26	7.1
sp P04775 CIN2_RAT SODIUM CHANNEL PROTEIN, BRAIN II ALPHA SUBU...	26	9.2
sp P42619 YQJF_ECOLI HYPOTHETICAL 17.2 KD PROTEIN IN EXUR-TDCC...	26	9.2

BLASTP 2.0.8 [Jan-05-1999]

Query= sid|100104|lan|77ORF104 Phage 77 ORF|34393-34551|1
(52 letters)

Database: nr
373,355 sequences; 114,214,446 total letters

	Score (bits)	E Value
gi 2315523 (AF016452) similar to the leucine-rich domains found...	29	4.2
gi 4377168 gb AAD18990 (AE001666) CT711 hypothetical protein [...	29	5.4
gi 3882171 dbj BAA34445 (AB018268) KIAA0725 protein [Homo sapi...	28	9.3

Database: swissprot
79,449 sequences; 28,874,452 total letters

	Score (bits)	E Value
sp P04879 RRPP_VSVIG RNA POLYMERASE ALPHA SUBUNIT (EC 2.7.7.48.	27	5.4
sp P04880 RRPP_VSVIM RNA POLYMERASE ALPHA SUBUNIT (EC 2.7.7.48.	27	5.4
sp Q13946 CN7A_HUMAN HIGH-AFFINITY CAMP-SPECIFIC 3',5'-CYCLIC .	26	7.1
sp P35381 ATPA_DROME ATP SYNTHASE ALPHA CHAIN, MITOCHONDRIAL P.	26	9.3
sp P54659 MVPB_DICDI MAJOR VAULT PROTEIN BETA (MVP-BETA).	26	9.3
sp P40397 YHXC_BACSU HYPOTHETICAL OXIDOREDUCTASE IN APRE-COMK .	26	9.3

BLASTP 2.0.8 [Jan-05-1999]

Query= sid|122748|lan|77ORF182 Phage 77 ORF|29268-29564|3
(98 letters)

Database: nr

393,678 sequences; 120,452,765 total letters

Sequences producing significant alignments:	Score (bits)	E Value
gi 3341947 dbj BAA31913.1 (AB009866) orf 39 [bacteriophage phi..	182	8e-46
gi 1084792 pir S54091 hypothetical protein YPR070w - yeast (Sa..	35	0.13
gi 1169736 sp P42346 FRAP_RAT FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN..	32	1.1
gi 744518 prf 2014422A FKBP-rapamycin-associated protein [Homo..	32	1.1
gi 5051381 emb CAB44736.1 (AL049653) dJ647M16.2 (FK506 binding..	32	1.1
gi 4826730 ref NP_004949.1 pFRAP1 FK506 binding protein 12-rap..	32	1.1
gi 3282239 (U88966) rapamycin associated protein FRAP2 [Homo sa..	32	1.1

Database: swissprot

79,909 sequences; 29,054,478 total letters

Sequences producing significant alignments:	Score (bits)	E Value
sp P42345 FRAP_HUMAN FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN (FRAP) .	32	0.29
sp P42346 FRAP_RAT FKBP-RAPAMYCIN ASSOCIATED PROTEIN (FRAP) (R.	32	0.29
sp P40557 YIA5_YEAST PUTATIVE DISULFIDE ISOMERASE YIL005W PREC.	29	3.3
sp Q24118 LIO_DROME LINOTTE PROTEIN.	28	4.4
sp Q44363 TRAA_AGR6 CONJUGAL TRANSFER PROTEIN TRAA.	28	4.4
sp P80034 ACH2_BOMMO ANTICHYMOTRYPSIN II (ACHY-II).	28	4.4
sp P34554 YNP1_CAEEL HYPOTHETICAL 42.2 KD PROTEIN T05G5.1 IN C.	28	4.4
sp P22922 A1AT_BOMMO ANTITRYPSIN PRECURSOR (AT).	28	4.4

Table 6

1st position (5' end)	2nd position				3rd position (3' end)
	U	C	A	G	
U	Phe	Ser	Tyr	Cys	U
	Phe	Ser	Tyr	Cys	C
	Leu	Ser	Stop	Stop	A
	Leu	Ser	Stop	Trp	G
C	Leu	Pro	His	Arg	U
	Leu	Pro	His	Arg	C
	Leu	Pro	Gln	Arg	A
	Leu	Pro	Gln	Arg	G
A	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ser	U
	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ser	C
	Ile	Thr	Lys	Arg	A
	Met	Thr	Lys	Arg	G
G	Val	Ala	Asp	Gly	U
	Val	Ala	Asp	Gly	C
	Val	Ala	Glu	Gly	A
	Val	Ala	Glu	Gly	G

Table 7

Bacteriophage 3A, complete genome sequence

1	caaacgctag	caacgcggat	aaattttttca	tgaaagggg	tcttttatatg	aagttaacaa	aaaaacagct
71	aaaagaatat	atagaagatt	acaaaaaatc	tgatgacata	ttaattaatt	tgtatataga	aacatatgaa
141	ttttattgtc	ggttaagaga	tgactttaa	aatagtgtat	taatgataga	gcatacaaac	aaggctgggtg
211	cgagcaatat	tattaagaat	ccattaagca	tagaactgac	aaaaacagtt	caaacactaa	ataacttact
281	caagtcctatg	ggtttaactg	cagcacaag	aaaaaagata	gttcaagaag	aagggtggatt	cggtgactat
351	taaagtttta	aatgaacctt	cacaaaaact	attaacaaca	tggtatgcag	agcaagtcac	tcaagggaaa
421	ataaaaacaa	gcaaatatgt	tagaaaagaa	tgtgagagac	atcttagata	tctagaaaat	ggaggtaaat
491	gggtatttga	tgaagaatta	gcgcacgtc	ctattcgatt	tatagaaaag	ttttgtaaac	cttccaaagg
561	atctaaacgt	caacttgtat	tacagccatg	gcaacatttt	attatcggca	gtttgtttgg	ttgggttcatt
631	aaagaaaacaa	aactgcgcag	gtttaaagaa	gctttgatat	ttatggggcg	aaaaaatggt	aaaacaacca
701	ctattttctgg	ggttgctaac	tatgctgtat	cacaagatgg	agaaaatggt	gcagaaatc	atttgttagc
771	aaacgtaagt	aaacaagcta	ggatttctatt	tgatgaatct	aaggcgatga	ttaaagctag	cccaaagcct
841	gataaaaaatt	tccagaacatt	aagagatgaa	atccattatg	acgcaacgat	atcaaaaatt	atgcccaag
911	catcagatag	cgataagtta	gatggattga	atacacacat	ggggattttt	gatgaaatc	atgaatttaa
981	agactataaa	ttgatttcag	ttataaaaaa	ctcaagagct	gcaaggttac	aacctcttct	catctacatt
1051	acgacagcag	ggatcaatt	agatgggtcca	cttgttgata	tggtagaagc	gggaagagac	accttagatc
1121	aaatcataga	agacgaaaga	actttttatt	atttagcatc	tttgatgat	gacgatgata	ttaatgattc
1191	gtcgaactgg	ataaaagcaa	atcccaactt	aggtgtctct	ataaatttag	atgagatgaa	agaagagtgg
1261	gaaaaagcta	agagaacacc	agctgaacgt	ggagatttta	taaccaaaag	gtttaatc	tttgctaata
1331	atgacgagat	gagttttatt	gattacccaa	cactccaaaa	aaataatgaa	attgtttctt	tagaagagct
1401	ggaaggcaga	cogtgcacga	ttggttatga	tttaccagaa	acagaggact	ttacagccgc	gtgtgctact
1471	tttgcgttag	ataatggtaa	agttgcagtt	ttatcgcatc	catggattcc	taagcacaaa	gttgaattat
1541	ctaacgaaaa	aataccctat	agagaatggg	aagaagatgg	cttattaaca	gtgcaagata	agccttatat
1611	tgactaccaa	gatgttttaa	attggataat	taagatgaat	gagcattatg	tagtagaaaa	aattacttat
1681	gatagagcga	acgcattcaa	actaaatcaa	gagttaaaaa	attacgggtt	tgaaacggaa	gaaacaagac
1751	aaggagcttt	gcaccttgac	cctgcattga	aggattttaa	agaaatgttt	ttagatggga	aaataattat
1821	taataataat	cctttaatga	aatggatat	caataatgtt	cagttgaaac	tagacagaaa	cggaactggg
1891	ttgccgtcta	agcaaacgca	atcctgtaaa	atagatggct	ttgcagcatt	tttaaacaca	tatacagata
1961	ttatgaataa	agttgtttct	gatagtgggt	aaggaaacat	agagtttatt	agtattaaag	acataatgoc
2031	ttaaaggagt	gaatgtttatc	gcaaaagaga	atatgtcac	acgcataaag	aaaaaattga	tagacaattg
2101	gattgatcag	tcaacttcta	agctttatga	ctttagccca	tggaaaaaata	gatctttttg	gggtgtaatt
2171	aataatacgc	ttgaaactaa	tgaaacgata	ttttcagcta	ttcaaaagtt	atcctaattcg	atggctagtt
2241	tgcccttgaa	aatgtatgaa	gattataaag	tagttaatac	agaagtatct	gatttactta	cagtgctacc
2311	gaataattct	ctgagcagtt	ttgattttat	taattcaaat	gaaacaatca	gaaatgaaaa	aggtaatgca
2381	tatgtgctaa	ttgaacgaga	catctatcat	caaccatcaa	agcttttctt	attaaatcca	gatgttgttg
2451	aaatgttaat	tgaaaaccaa	tcacgtgaac	tttattatct	cattcatgct	gcaactggaa	ataaatgtat
2521	tgttcataat	atggacatgt	tgcattttaa	acacatcgty	gcacttaata	tggtgcaagg	cattagtcgg
2591	attgatgtgt	tgaaagaatc	gataatgcag	gataatgcag	taagaacctt	taactttaca	gaaatgcaaa
2661	aacctgattc	tttcatgctt	aaatatgggt	ccaatgtagg	taaagaaaaa	aggcagcaag	tgtagaaga
2731	tttcaaacag	tactatgaag	aaaacggtgg	aatattatct	caagagcctg	gtgttgaaat	cgaaacgtta
2801	cctaataaat	atgtctctga	agatatagtg	gcaagcgaga	atttaacaag	agaaagagta	gctaactgtt
2871	ttcaattgcc	ctcagttatc	ttaaatgcaa	gatcaaatca	aaatttcgcy	aaaaatgaag	agttaaacag
2941	attttacttg	cagcatacct	tattgccaat	cgtcaaacag	tatgaagaag	aatttaatcg	gaaactactt
3011	actaaaacag	acagagaaaa	aaataggtat	tttaaattta	acgttaaatc	ttatttaagg	gctgatagtg
3081	caacacaagc	agaagtgtac	tttaagcag	ttcgtagtgg	ttactacact	ataaatgaca	ttagagagtg
3151	ggaagatttta	ccaccagttg	aagggtggaga	taagccgcta	ataagcggty	atttatacc	aattgaacgc
3221	ccacttgaat	taagaaaatc	tttgaaaggt	gggtgataaaa	atgtcaatga	aagctaagta	ttttcaaatg
3291	aaaagaaaa	caaaaagtaa	aggtgaaata	tttattttatg	gtgatattgt	aagtataaaa	tggtttgaaa
3361	gtgatgtaac	tgtcacagat	ttcaaaaaa	aactagatga	actaggagac	atcagtgaat	tagatgttca
3431	tataaattca	tctggaggca	gtgtatttga	agggcatgca	atatacaata	tgctaaaaat	gcactctgca
3501	aaaattaata	tctatgtcga	tgcttagcgy	gcatacaattg	ctagtgttat	cgctatgagt	ggtagactta
3571	tttttatgca	caaaaatagt	tttttaatga	ttcataattc	atgggttatg	actgtaggta	atgcagaaga
3641	gttaagaagc	acagcggatt	tacttgaaaa	aacagatgct	gttagtaatt	cagcttattt	agataaagca
3711	aaagatttag	atcaagaaca	cttaaaacag	atgttagatg	cagaaaacttg	gcttactgca	gaagaagcct
3781	tgtctttcgg	cttgatagat	gaaattttag	gagctaataga	aataactgct	agtatctcta	aagagcaata
3851	taagcgtttc	gagaacgtcc	cagaagattt	aaagaaagat	gtagacaaaa	tcactaaaaa	cgatgatgta
3921	gatacgtttg	aattgggtga	aacaccttaa	gaaagtatgt	cactagaaga	aaaagaaaaa	agagaaaaaa
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 7211 gatgaacaga aaagttagt tggatggtac tccacaaggt attgtatagc ggtatcatga aggtaaagaa
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 7491 agacgagctc caaaaggtac ttaccaagtg gcatgggaag aaaatggtaa agaactagt aaagtgtatg
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 9241 gatttaataa atactattaa gaactatagc gctaagtctg caaaagctga aacagctgtt aacaaagaa
 9311 aagctgcttt aaataattta gagcgttcaa tagataaagc ttcacccgaa atgaagactt ttaacaaaga
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 11901 tgctgatcaa agacataagg atgaagtaag aaaggcaaaa tctaaaaaag atgctgtagt agacgttgtt
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 40951 tggaaaccatt taaatcatct gaaagtgtct ttagtcttag gaacacctaa agaagaat gatgcattaa
 41021 acacagaggg gacatggttg taattgatga actgtctaca ttaaaagtc ctaagagtca aaggtttaaa
 41091 tctatttaaa agaattacc actcattatag gattaacag gattaacag aacacctagt ccaaataggt
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 41301 tcgagaaggg tacttttaac caacacatca agtttagcga catgttttta actgggagct aagagacgga
 41371 tctgaagaaa agatatatga acgaatagaa gatatatgtt taagcatgaa agcgaaagat tatctggata
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41651 agaagttaga taagttagag gaaattatag aggagtctca aggccaacca atattattgt tttataactt
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41791 gaacgttgga atagtggaga cattaaagctg cttatagcac atccagcaag tgcagggcat ggattaaact
41861 tacaacaagg tgggcacatt attgtttggg ttggacttac atggtcattg gaattatacc aacaagcaaa
41931 tgcaagatta tatagacaag gacaaaatca tacgactatt attcatcaca tcatgaccga taacacaata
42001 gatcaaagag tatataaagc tttaaaaat aaagaactaa cgcaagaaga attgatgaaa gctattaaag
42071 caagaatagc taagcataag taatggaggt ataagatggg aaaggcgtca tatgatatta agccaggaac
42141 atttaaatat attgaatcag aaatatataa tttaaatgag aacaagaaag agataaatag attgagaatg
42211 gagatactta acccaacgaa agaactagac accaacattg tgtatggacc gttacaaaaa ggagagccag
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42491 caatacgaaa gaactttgtt aaagcgatag cgtatcatgc aggtatcaaa taacattgtg caaagattgt
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42631 cgacataaat acatgaggca catcgctaag cgggtgtgtc tttgttatgc aatcaaagag gtgtaagaga
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42981 taatcttaag aaaattagag ttctaaaaat ttaaataaaa aaattattta aataaaattt tatgcccccc
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Table 8

Bacteriophage 3A ORFs list

SID	LAN	FRA	POS	a.a.	RBS sequence	STA	STO
100379	3AORF001	1	8515..13488	1657	acagggtacggatttaagaaaacttt	ttg	taa
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100381	3AORF003	1	32188..34149	653	ttaaaagaattgaggtgtcaagaat	ttg	tag
100382	3AORF004	3	17457..19370	637	gctattttattagaaaggaaggtgc	att	taa
100383	3AORF005	1	334..2034	566	agaaaaagatagttcaagaagaag	gtg	taa
100384	3AORF006	1	15571..17154	527	cttttatttataggttaggtgattta	atg	taa
100385	3AORF007	2	19337..20836	499	atgatagtaaaacaagttcagggcc	atg	taa
100386	3AORF008	3	22176..23630	484	aatgatttagggtaggtgttgacca	atg	tga
100387	3AORF009	1	40726..42093	455	gtaaatacttttataagaatggtag	gtg	taa
100388	3AORF010	3	13491..14738	415	gaggcggaactaacgctacagtaaaa	att	taa
100389	3AORF011	2	2039..3277	412	attaagacataatgcgttaaggag	gtg	taa
100390	3AORF012	2	4001..5209	402	aaaaaagagaaaaaattaaacgca	atg	taa
100391	3AORF013	1	30379..31545	388	attttatgaatgcgagaataaatgc	atg	taa
100392	3AORF014	2	14738..15562	274	attatatgggaggtttgactaatta	atg	tag
100393	3AORF015	3	3249..4034	261	cttgaattaagaaaatctttgaaag	gtg	tag
100394	3AORF016	-2	25587..26273	228	aagaagctaagaaaaaataaaaaat	atg	tga
100395	3AORF017	3	6729..7370	213	ttaatttttaaggaggaaataagca	atg	taa
100396	3AORF018	3	24540..25154	204	aataaaataaaaagtaggtgataag	atg	taa
100397	3AORF019	2	31565..32128	187	ctataaaaattaaaaggacggtat	ata	taa
100398	3AORF020	3	36150..36713	187	gcagtaggaattatgacgggtcaag	ttg	taa
100399	3AORF021	2	24011..24535	174	gtaataaaatttataaagaaaggaa	atg	tga
100400	3AORF022	-2	12423..12938	171	taaagtaccagtagacaatgtaggt	att	tga
100401	3AORF023	1	7462..7917	151	aaaataaatcaaaggagaataattt	atg	taa
100402	3AORF024	1	26731..27174	147	actaaataaaaataaggaggacact	atg	tga
100403	3AORF025	1	42106..42543	145	taagcataagtaatggagggtataag	atg	taa
100404	3AORF026	2	35255..35671	138	aagcaactaactttattttaaggag	ata	taa
100405	3AORF027	2	5888..6298	136	atattggctataatacacgtggtttt	atc	taa
100406	3AORF028	-3	27845..28255	136	ccttttaagatgtttatgatccttt	ctg	taa
100407	3AORF029	3	34344..34748	134	ttaagggttttagatttagaggtgga	atg	taa
100408	3AORF030	2	6299..6694	131	tataaaaaaggagttggccagataa	atg	tag
100409	3AORF031	1	20833..21225	130	ttaacaaaattataggagtgagaaa	ata	taa
100410	3AORF032	-2	39984..40361	125	aaatagctgttagagggttaccctt	ata	tag
100411	3AORF033	1	7957..8325	122	gaatatctcgcgtctttttatttga	ata	taa
100412	3AORF034	-2	28506..28871	121	gttatcaacctaaaggaggtgataac	atg	tag
100413	3AORF035	-2	10671..11036	121	tcttagcttcttaacagcaccgcca	ata	tga
100414	3AORF036	2	30020..30382	120	accaatttttaaggaggagtttaatca	atg	tga
100415	3AORF037	2	21818..22165	115	aagtgttaagtaaatagtttaagagtc	gtg	tag
100416	3AORF038	-2	42003..42347	114	gtactcactttcaactgcttcaacc	atc	tga
100417	3AORF039	2	21386..21727	113	tccagaaaaatctagagtcataaggtt	ata	taa
100418	3AORF040	-3	29654..29995	113	ttgattaactcctccttaaatagg	ttg	taa
100419	3AORF041	-1	4333..4671	112	tactaaatctacatctgatccatga	att	tga
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100421	3AORF043	1	25690..26019	109	taccaaattaatatagttctcgcat	ata	tag
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100424	3AORF046	3	27894..28214	106	aagatattgaaaagctaatttcccc	ata	tga
100425	3AORF047	-2	11907..12227	106	ttcgccgcaaaaatgatttagattt	ctg	tga
100426	3AORF048	-3	40343..40663	106	ccataacacatacactgtatgatct	ctg	taa
100427	3AORF049	-3	6749..7069	106	tggttaaccatcttcagattctcca	ata	taa
100428	3AORF050	1	42700..43014	104	ttatgcaatcaaaggaggtgtaagag	atg	taa
100429	3AORF051	-2	13077..13388	103	ttgtacgtaatcccacacatcgccg	att	tga
100430	3AORF052	-3	3722..4024	100	gcattttcatttctctctaataactc	att	tga
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100434	3AORF056	3	40455..40745	96	taaatTTTgtatacaaggtgaataa	atg	tga
100435	3AORF057	-1	38665..38952	95	atcatcaccgtcttgccattgacgt	att	taa
100436	3AORF058	-1	21265..21549	94	gaaatttctatctaacttgtcataa	att	tga
100437	3AORF059	-2	10278..10562	94	tttagccgcttccaactgcacgt	att	tag
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100493	3AORF115	-2	7635..7820	61	tgaagttccctcagctacaccgtga	att	tga
100494	3AORF116	-1	26434..26613	59	tttagcttctgaagttgtaaaatct	ctg	tga
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100552	3AORF174	-1	4123..4266	47	atttaagattgataagcttctcct	gtg	tga
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Table 9

Bacteriophage 96, complete genome sequence

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Table 10

Bacteriophage 96 ORFs list

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100948	96ORF216	-1	5402..5542	46	tttcgctaagggtgattcaacttga	att	tga
100949	96ORF217	-2	24229..24369	46	tatagggtctgttaagcacataacct	atc	taa
100950	96ORF218	-2	6253..6393	46	ttgtcattcttgctaaccgctcaga	ttg	taa
100951	96ORF219	1	883..1020	45	aaatcactccgaaatattcgtaa	ata	taa
100952	96ORF220	2	32936..33073	45	gataaaggatatagacaaagtattgt	atc	taa
100953	96ORF221	3	41703..41840	45	ggtaagcctatagggtggtttggtag	ctg	taa
100954	96ORF222	-1	39860..39997	45	acttttattaggttcaactccattt	att	taa
100955	96ORF223	-1	24716..24853	45	acatttcaaatgattctggaacaac	ata	taa
100956	96ORF224	-2	26794..26931	45	caatatcacgccatgtagtttttaa	ctg	taa
100957	96ORF225	-2	19201..19338	45	caacaatggattgtaatcaataa	atg	tga
100958	96ORF226	-2	15709..15846	45	tgacttgcttgttgtctaacaacaa	ata	taa
100959	96ORF227	-3	36711..36848	45	acattgactgccccgataattatct	ata	tga
100960	96ORF228	3	2325..2459	44	tcgccatagtgagttccaataccgt	ata	taa
100961	96ORF229	-1	38612..38746	44	ttgtcattgataacctattcttatag	atg	tga
100962	96ORF230	-1	31733..31867	44	gctggattgtatggcttaagtaaat	ctg	tag
100963	96ORF231	-2	12076..12210	44	tgactcatagctttaacttggtcgt	ctg	taa
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100965	96ORF233	-3	23988..24122	44	atttgatttgtaagttcaggctcaa	ctg	taa
100966	96ORF234	-3	17529..17663	44	agtacgttttttgaatcgtaacct	atg	taa
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100968	96ORF236	2	2681..2812	43	ttctttcacttcaacttcacatttc	ata	tga
100969	96ORF237	2	4496..4627	43	gtactatgcttcacagcttagcga	ttg	taa
100970	96ORF238	-1	41720..41851	43	cacctgtaattcttgaattagttga	ata	tga
100971	96ORF239	-1	35324..35455	43	acttactaataaaaatagaatagttt	gtg	taa
100972	96ORF240	-1	8570..8701	43	atccccgttttgacttaatacatca	atc	tga
100973	96ORF241	-2	33502..33633	43	ataattttgtaataactcttagggat	atg	tag
100974	96ORF242	-2	23662..23793	43	agctaagtctacagcagtggtgtaa	atc	tag
100975	96ORF243	-3	32391..32522	43	acctggacgagcttgcgctcatata	ata	tag
100976	96ORF244	-3	30273..30404	43	aaaactttcggttatactcttggtaa	atc	tga
100977	96ORF245	-3	5895..6026	43	tgactaaaatgcttataattctta	atc	taa
100978	96ORF246	-3	2679..2810	43	attcatcaagaaactatagccggtc	atg	tga
100979	96ORF247	1	34891..35019	42	acatcaagcaaatctggtgtgtag	ttg	taa
100980	96ORF248	2	30668..30796	42	aattattacattaaagctggtgtga	atg	tag
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100983	96ORF251	-1	20486..20614	42	cttctgtacgagccacacgcaatga	ttg	tag
100984	96ORF252	-1	15128..15256	42	gatatttcattactagctactacta	ata	tga
100985	96ORF253	-2	41446..41574	42	aaaaccttaattcagataaacgataa	ttg	tga
100986	96ORF254	-2	41005..41133	42	gttataaccatgaccggctacaagc	ata	taa
100987	96ORF255	-2	23008..23136	42	aggataaatgacttgaccattcttc	ata	taa
100988	96ORF256	-2	14794..14922	42	ttgtatgcgtcaatgagttggtcga	ttg	tag
100989	96ORF257	-2	8503..8631	42	tacctaaacttttttaataatttcta	atg	tga
100990	96ORF258	-3	22143..22271	42	aaacgctttgtaaaatgcctctgca	att	tga
100991	96ORF259	-3	18639..18767	42	cttgatctattatagagattaacc	att	tag
100992	96ORF260	-3	15624..15752	42	gttttggttaactagccactgtatag	ata	taa
100993	96ORF261	2	18746..18871	41	catattgaggctctaataagatcac	ata	taa
100994	96ORF262	-1	13067..13192	41	aattaattaattcttctctgttg	ttg	taa
100995	96ORF263	-2	18742..18867	41	taacagacacgtctaatacgcttac	att	tga
100996	96ORF264	-2	18376..18501	41	catattatcataaagaacaagtaac	ttg	taa
100997	96ORF265	-2	367..492	41	ctaaacgaaaaagagggtacaatac	atc	tga
100998	96ORF266	-3	32802..32927	41	aggatatatccatttgatacaatact	ttg	taa
100999	96ORF267	-3	10194..10319	41	atcatcgaaaggcgataactcgtaa	ttg	tga
101000	96ORF268	1	1159..1281	40	ttattcttctttttgttaattgtaa	atg	taa
101001	96ORF269	2	10373..10495	40	gacagagttgaaaagaaaatcatga	atg	taa
101002	96ORF270	2	15734..15856	40	ttattcggcgtaatcgactgatgc	ttg	tag
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101004	96ORF272	-1	36959..37081	40	acgctataaaaaataacttttattag	atg	tag
101005	96ORF273	-1	35798..35920	40	ctgacgcactttgttggttgatgc	att	taa

101006	96ORF274	-1	8147..8269	40	tctgtctctctatggtttagtct	ctg	tga
101007	96ORF275	-2	43066..43188	40	tttaacttactaattttctttgat	ata	tga
101008	96ORF276	-2	42535..42657	40	aaataatgtaaattgtttcatagt	att	tag
101009	96ORF277	-2	30628..30750	40	tttgtagtccccgcttctgcaaaagt	ctg	taa
101010	96ORF278	-2	13291..13413	40	ttcgtatcttccaagcaattcattt	ttg	tga
101011	96ORF279	-2	3172..3294	40	cagattgtttagtaacgcctaattt	atc	taa
101012	96ORF280	-3	18804..18926	40	taaataaccaacacgtgtatcaaca	att	tag
101013	96ORF281	-3	15843..15965	40	atttaaaaagtgtattctataacca	atc	tag
101014	96ORF282	-3	8460..8582	40	ttagtcatcactcaattctttttoc	att	taa
101015	96ORF283	-3	7593..7715	40	gatgttgtctacacagtgctaacac	atg	taa
101016	96ORF284	-3	6453..6575	40	aattaatttttaattaccatttcta	att	tga
101017	96ORF285	1	15082..15201	39	caatacttagtcacaacattcaag	att	taa
101018	96ORF286	1	34444..34563	39	acacaaacggttaatagcaaaagtga	atg	tag
101019	96ORF287	2	27920..28039	39	cctatttttagcagttgttgacgtaa	ttg	tag
101020	96ORF288	2	28415..28534	39	atcggtcttttaactggcgtaata	atc	tag
101021	96ORF289	2	38147..38266	39	tatcaaagcttaatttaggcaagt	atc	tga
101022	96ORF290	3	40917..41036	39	gcaaatttaaacactttcacatcat	atg	taa
101023	96ORF291	-2	38815..38934	39	tctctaaaaacagcttacagcgaa	ata	taa
101024	96ORF292	-2	32671..32790	39	ctataggattataaatcgctgacgt	ata	tga
101025	96ORF293	-2	31216..31335	39	ttgatttgatgtttcttatacttga	ttg	taa
101026	96ORF294	-2	21589..21708	39	gtatcttcatcagaatcgccctaaa	atc	taa
101027	96ORF295	-2	18976..19095	39	tatcaatatatgctaaccctagacc	ata	taa
101028	96ORF296	-2	11482..11601	39	gccacctcgctactctttttgcaacc	att	taa
101029	96ORF297	-3	12933..13052	39	tcacgaaataatgtttctttaattt	ata	taa
101030	96ORF298	-3	8262..8381	39	gaactgatcttgcttaaatgattta	att	tag
101031	96ORF299	-3	6993..7112	39	cattagcattagcgaatgggttga	ttg	tga
101032	96ORF300	2	23516..23632	38	actacatctgaacaactaaaatttc	atc	tag
101033	96ORF301	2	25943..26059	38	agattagaagaagaaaaagaagac	gtg	taa
101034	96ORF302	2	36929..37045	38	tattgggtttttgtaacatggggca	atg	tag
101035	96ORF303	3	4476..4592	38	ataaaagctacctagtagcagta	atg	tga
101036	96ORF304	3	20586..20702	38	tactctaagatagctaaagcaatac	gtg	tga
101037	96ORF305	3	28356..28472	38	cggttaccatgtgcttgatacgtat	ttg	taa
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101039	96ORF307	-1	20147..20263	38	ttgtacctatacagagtttaactc	att	tag
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101042	96ORF310	-2	31423..31539	38	gtaatatgattagggtctctcttat	ttg	taa
101043	96ORF311	-2	10438..10554	38	cgcttttaaatcgtttttaggtcact	atc	taa
101044	96ORF312	-2	1390..1506	38	gagaacaacacaaacattaacaaca	atc	taa
101045	96ORF313	-3	33051..33167	38	acgtcctgtttcttagatcgtaatac	ata	tag
101046	96ORF314	-3	25194..25310	38	agcaaaccggttaagataacattga	atc	taa
101047	96ORF315	-3	6273..6389	38	cattcttgctaacacgtcagattga	ctg	tga
101048	96ORF316	-3	4281..4397	38	ataattcgtattcattaatcattaa	att	tag
101049	96ORF317	1	2260..2373	37	atgactccttttctcatatttcttt	ata	taa
101050	96ORF318	2	21230..21343	37	atttcacacttttttagttgtctct	ttg	taa
101051	96ORF319	3	18018..18131	37	atactgagtcaccaatttaagctcg	atg	tag
101052	96ORF320	3	36972..37085	37	attacagatatcctaagggtttccg	att	taa
101053	96ORF321	-1	36302..36415	37	ctcttgagttttttgacctaattta	atc	taa
101054	96ORF322	-1	32606..32719	37	ccataagttatttctccagttctat	att	taa
101055	96ORF323	-1	11453..11566	37	ttaaacggttcttttttatcaattc	att	tga
101056	96ORF324	-1	7268..7381	37	tactgggttcgcccagtgaggttct	ata	tga
101057	96ORF325	-2	32347..32460	37	ttactgcatattgtatatggcgataa	atc	tag
101058	96ORF326	-2	24682..24795	37	acgtttattacgctcataaagccat	ata	tag
101059	96ORF327	-2	23905..24018	37	aatggctgtggcgcttgaccatat	gtg	taa
101060	96ORF328	-2	21460..21573	37	agagcactaatacgtttttgttctt	ctg	tga
101061	96ORF329	-2	21208..21321	37	gacttaacttcttcgatattcatat	atc	tga
101062	96ORF330	-2	18085..18198	37	ccagtcgacaccagcaaaagtattct	ttg	tag
101063	96ORF331	-2	8170..8283	37	actttgagacgtcgtctgtctctct	atg	tag
101064	96ORF332	-2	5971..6084	37	caatttggtttccggtttctcttag	ttg	tag
101065	96ORF333	-3	37632..37745	37	accttgcttaatacagtcgtaatta	att	tga
101066	96ORF334	-3	29628..29741	37	ctgagttagtggtgtaaaatgtcat	ttg	tag
101067	96ORF335	-3	7164..7277	37	ttagcggatatccggtttctagtaa	atc	taa
101068	96ORF336	1	22903..23013	36	gtaaaaaaagacaatatgactatta	ctg	tga
101069	96ORF337	1	43258..43368	36	taattgacgtgggtatttttttaggt	ttg	taa
101070	96ORF338	2	12668..12778	36	gaactgggtggaatgggcatggaaca	atc	tag
101071	96ORF339	2	28292..28402	36	ttcactgctttaattcagttgctta	ctg	taa
101072	96ORF340	2	35396..35506	36	ttcctaatagaacataagtcacacgg	att	tga
101073	96ORF341	3	25428..25538	36	actcgagacaattagaaaaagcaa	ttg	tga
101074	96ORF342	-1	40913..41023	36	tatctgggaaatttaattctaataaa	ata	tga
101075	96ORF343	-1	39173..39283	36	tgccacatttttagtgtaggattga	ttg	taa
101076	96ORF344	-1	37580..37690	36	gggtctacctttaacgtcgtttcag	ata	taa

101077	96ORF345	-1	31556..31666	36	ggattattcttttctaataacttcaa	ttg	tga
101078	96ORF346	-1	29972..30082	36	ggctactccttatctaaaataataat	ttg	taa
101079	96ORF347	-1	28787..28897	36	ctgccaaagtctgtagcaattactt	ttg	tga
101080	96ORF348	-1	21839..21949	36	ttaaaatccgataaaaataacattgc	ctg	tga
101081	96ORF349	-1	3647..3757	36	taaaacttccgaagttaaccagcgt	ttg	tga
101082	96ORF350	-2	40801..40911	36	accattccaattttgcccataatgat	gtg	tag
101083	96ORF351	-2	38953..39063	36	tatctttttaaattctcgtaatagc	atc	taa
101084	96ORF352	-2	31585..31695	36	tagctgtcatcactagtagtttttga	atc	taa
101085	96ORF353	-2	24550..24660	36	atagtcggttttaccgcctcgtact	att	tag
101086	96ORF354	-2	20083..20193	36	atcatcatttttgatattttctcaaac	ata	tga
101087	96ORF355	-2	991..1101	36	gcattctggcagtagcacgtaaaac	atc	tag
101088	96ORF356	-3	38148..38258	36	taagaaagcgtgcgcgatcaaataa	att	tga
101089	96ORF357	-3	8790..8900	36	tgaagtattctagcgcctatttttct	ttg	tag
101090	96ORF358	-3	4458..4568	36	ttcataaaagtattctttgtagtagt	atg	tag
101091	96ORF359	1	4666..4773	35	ttatcaaaaataatacaacttaattaa	atc	tag
101092	96ORF360	1	11569..11676	35	ataaatttaccgaacatgaaaatga	att	tga
101093	96ORF361	2	6122..6229	35	ggaaaacaaatttgatggtgtagtag	ttg	taa
101094	96ORF362	-1	40418..40525	35	ttcgtaggtgtcattacttctttaa	ttg	tag
101095	96ORF363	-1	34358..34465	35	gttttgcttgatttcgatttggtga	atg	tga
101096	96ORF364	-1	20654..20761	35	ctatttccactgattccccatctaa	atg	tga
101097	96ORF365	-1	8423..8530	35	tcttttttagagttacgagggttca	att	tag
101098	96ORF366	-1	2402..2509	35	tgacgtatggcaacatttttagatca	atc	taa
101099	96ORF367	-2	36607..36714	35	aaaataaaaagccagtgccgaagca	ctg	tag
101100	96ORF368	-2	27061..27168	35	caaatacgtcctgcagcgttcaataa	atc	tag
101101	96ORF369	-2	26470..26577	35	atgagttgttaagtttaccocaaat	atc	taa
101102	96ORF370	-2	10327..10434	35	ccgtgccatcttctcgggtataagta	ata	taa
101103	96ORF371	-2	8650..8757	35	gggtacgggttggtactgttgatat	atc	taa
101104	96ORF372	-3	14382..14489	35	gttcttttaattgatctactgttaa	att	taa
101105	96ORF373	-3	8151..8258	35	atgtttgttagtctctgtgtagtct	atg	taa
101106	96ORF374	-3	5007..5114	35	aaacgatttaagtggaaacattattc	ata	taa
101107	96ORF375	2	30563..30667	34	cgattagaaatctttaaaaaaggac	ttg	tga
101108	96ORF376	-1	19916..20020	34	tctatgtcaggtaatttgctattaa	att	taa
101109	96ORF377	-1	9236..9340	34	cttttctgttagtaattgtttttaa	atc	taa
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101111	96ORF379	-2	28447..28551	34	cttttgtgataataaagtttagtgc	ttg	tga
101112	96ORF380	-3	40329..40433	34	ccatttaccttcttgagatggttga	ttg	tga
101113	96ORF381	-3	39801..39905	34	caaaagatgaaggctttttccatc	ttg	taa
101114	96ORF382	-3	33831..33935	34	atgttggtttgtaactcgattaagtt	atc	tga
101115	96ORF383	-3	33687..33791	34	gttattacgtcttaatacttggtgt	gtg	tag
101116	96ORF384	-3	13530..13634	34	tatacgactagtagtgcactga	ttg	taa
101117	96ORF385	-3	3843..3947	34	tttgattgattgttctagtttaagaa	att	taa
101118	96ORF386	1	12256..12357	33	agtcataaagaagtttagcaatgtga	ttg	tag
101119	96ORF387	2	2207..2308	33	tccaagactctttaactgttaactt	atc	tag
101120	96ORF388	2	2519..2620	33	attgttgaatttcgattgatctaaa	atg	tga
101121	96ORF389	2	22517..22618	33	agaagtaaaatgcgtaatgcttag	atg	tag
101122	96ORF390	2	27302..27403	33	ttccaaaattgggctaataagtgtag	ctg	taa
101123	96ORF391	2	32384..32485	33	actaaaaagggttgagaaagctgtag	atg	taa
101124	96ORF392	2	39287..39388	33	aaaaacggtactgtagtagtaaatca	atc	tag
101125	96ORF393	3	18153..18254	33	gtagtatatgccgactttgatttga	atg	taa
101126	96ORF394	3	24189..24290	33	tcagaccctaacaattaacaaactag	ttg	tga
101127	96ORF395	-1	15266..15367	33	tcgataatttgtatagcttgtttta	atg	tag
101128	96ORF396	-2	32239..32340	33	tttagtgaaagcatctagtgttga	ata	tag
101129	96ORF397	-2	16123..16224	33	ttatgtgtgcctatcatattaacaa	ttg	tag
101130	96ORF398	-2	13648..13749	33	tctttaactgaatgttgaatagcat	ttg	tag
101131	96ORF399	-2	10987..11088	33	acttctgtaggtattcttatatacaa	ttg	tga
101132	96ORF400	-2	3382..3483	33	cttactggtaattcttcaaaattaa	atg	taa
101133	96ORF401	-3	40794..40895	33	ccatatgatgtgaaagtgttttaaat	ttg	taa
101134	96ORF402	-3	39978..40079	33	atattcctaaatcactgaacctaa	att	tga
101135	96ORF403	-3	38607..38708	33	atcttcagtgtaaaatcgacagcca	atg	tag
101136	96ORF404	-3	21288..21389	33	cagacaccgtcttaagtccctttag	ata	taa

Table 11

SEQUENCE INFORMATION FOR PHAGES MATCHING WITH TABLE 1

M32695

Bacteriophage PM2 nuclease cleavage site

gi|166145|gb|M32695|BM2NCS [166145]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M32693

Bacteriophage PM2 Hind III fragment 4

gi|166144|gb|M32693|BM24HIND3 [166144]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M32693

Bacteriophage PM2 Hind III fragment 4

gi|166144|gb|M32693|BM24HIND3 [166144]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M32694

Bacteriophage PM2 Hind III fragment 3

gi|166143|gb|M32694|BM23HIND3 [166143]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M26134

Bacteriophage PM2 structural protein gene containing purine/pyrimidine rich regions and anti-Z-DNA-IgG binding regions, complete cds

gi|289360|gb|M26134|BM2PROTIV [289360]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

J02452

bacteriophage fi 3'-terminal region rna

gi|215409|gb|J02452|PFITR3 [215409]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

AF020798

Bacteriophage Chp1 genome DNA, complete sequence

gi|217761|dbj|D00624|BCP1 [217761]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 12 protein links, or 1 genome link)

X72793

Clostridium botulinum C phage BONT/C1, ANTP-139, ANTP-33, ANTP-17, ANTP-70 genes and ORF-22

gi|516171|emb|X72793|CBCBONT [516171]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 6 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X51464

Clostridium botulinum D Phage C3 gene for exoenzyme C3

gi|14907|emb|X51464|CBDPE3 [14907]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

D90210

Bacteriophage c-st (from C. botulinum) C1-tox gene for botulinum C1 neurotoxin

gi|217780|dbj|D90210|CSTC1TOX [217780]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

S49407

type D neurotoxin [bacteriophage d-16 phi, host = C. botulinum, type D, CB16, Genomic, 4087 nt]

gi|260238|gb|S49407|S49407 [260238]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

X53370

Bacteriophage phi29 temperature sensitive mutant TS2(98) DNA polymerase gene

gi|15733|emb|X53370|POTS298 [15733]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

X53371

Bacteriophage phi29 temperature sensitive mutant TS2(24) DNA polymerase gene

gi|15731|emb|X53371|POTS224 [15731]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

X05973

Bacteriophage phi29 prohead RNA

gi|15680|emb|X05973|POP29PRO [15680]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

V01155

Left end of bacteriophage phi-29 coding for 15 potential proteins Among

these are the terminal protein and the proteins encoded by the genes 1, 2 (sus), 3, and (probably) 4

gi|15659|emb|V01155|POP29B [15659]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 16 protein links, or 16 nucleotide neighbors)

X73097

Bacteriophage phi-29 left origin of replication

gi|312194|emb|X73097|BP29ORIL [312194]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

M14430

Bacteriophage phi-29 gene-17 gene, complete cds

gi|215321|gb|M14430|P29G17A [215321]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 6 protein links, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

M14431

Bacteriophage phi-29 gene-16 gene, complete cds

gi|215319|gb|M14431|P29G16A [215319]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M20693

Bacteriophage phi-29 DNA, 3' end

gi|215343|gb|M20693|P29REPINB [215343]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M21016

Bacteriophage phi-29 DNA, 5' end

gi|215342|gb|M21016|P29REPINA [215342]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M12456

Bacteriophage phi-29 genes 9, 10 and 11 encoding p9 tail, incomplete, p10 connector, complete, and p11 lower collar, incomplete, respectively
gi|215338|gb|M12456|P29P9 [215338]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M14782

Bacillus phage phi-29 head morphogenesis, major head protein, head fiber protein, tail protein, upper collar protein, lower collar protein, pre-neck appendage protein, morphogenesis(13), lysis, morphogenesis(15), encapsidation genes, complete cds
gi|215323|gb|M14782|P29LATE2 [215323]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 11 protein links, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

M26968

Bacteriophage phi-29 (from Bacillus subtilis) proteins p1 delta-1 genes, complete cds, and the sus1(629) mutation
gi|341558|gb|M26968|P29P1D1A [341558]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

J02448

Bacteriophage f1, complete genome
gi|166201|gb|J02448|F1CCG [166201]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 10 protein links, 205 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

M24832

Bacteriophage f2 coat protein gene, partial cds
gi|166228|gb|M24832|F2CRNACA [166228]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

J02451

Bacteriophage fd, strain 478, complete genome
gi|215394|gb|J02451|PFDCG [215394]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,5 MEDLINE links, 10 protein links, 204 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

M34834

Bacteriophage fr replicase gene, 5' end
gi|166139|gb|M34834|BFRREGRA [166139]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

M38325

Bacteriophage fr replicase gene, 5' end
gi|166137|gb|M38325|BFRREGR [166137]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

M35063

Bacteriophage fr coat protein replicase cistron (R region) RNA
gi|166134|gb|M35063|BFRRCRRA [166134]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

S66567

alpha-atrial natriuretic factor/coat protein=fusion polypeptide [human, bacteriophage fr, expression vector pFAN15, PlasmidSyntheticRecombinant, 510 nt]
gi|435742|gb|S66567|S66567 [435742]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 15 nucleotide neighbors)

X15031

Bacteriophage fr RNA genome

gi|15071|emb|X15031|LEBFRX [15071]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, 9 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

U51233

Mus musculus neutralizing anti-RNA-bacteriophage fr immunoglobulin variable region light chain (IgM) mRNA, partial cds

gi|1277150|gb|U51233|MMU51233 [1277150]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 1669 nucleotide neighbors)

U51232

Mus musculus neutralizing anti-RNA-bacteriophage fr immunoglobulin variable region heavy chain (IgM) mRNA, partial cds

gi|1277148|gb|U51232|MMU51232 [1277148]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 1073 nucleotide neighbors)

U02303

Bacteriophage If1, complete genome

gi|3676280|gb|U02303|B2U02303 [3676280]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,10 protein links, or 1 genome link)

V00604

Phage M13 genome

gi|14959|emb|V00604|INM13X [14959]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 10 protein links, or 205 nucleotide neighbors)

A32252

Synthetic bacteriophage M13 protein III probe

gi|1567340|emb|A32252|A32252 [1567340]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

A32251

Synthetic bacteriophage M13 protein III probe

gi|1567339|emb|A32251|A32251 [1567339]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M12465

Bacteriophage M13 mp10 mutations in lac operon

gi|215210|gb|M12465|M13LACMUT [215210]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 215 nucleotide neighbors)

M24177

Synthetic Bacteriophage M13 (clone M13.SV.B12) SV40 early promoter region DNA

gi|209416|gb|M24177|SYNSVB12 [209416]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M24176

Synthetic Bacteriophage M13 (clone M13.SV.B11) SV40 early promoter region DNA

gi|209415|gb|M24176|SYNSVB11 [209415]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M24175

Synthetic Bacteriophage M13 (clone M13.SV.8) SV40 early promoter region DNA

gi|208806|gb|M24175|SYNM13SV8 [208806]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 242 nucleotide neighbors)

M19979

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207813|gb|M19979|SYN33M13M [207813]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 617 nucleotide neighbors)

M19565

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207808|gb|M19565|SYN33M13H [207808]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 567 nucleotide neighbors)

M19564

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207807|gb|M19564|SYN33M13G [207807]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

M19563

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207806|gb|M19563|SYN33M13F [207806]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 262 nucleotide neighbors)

M19561

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207804|gb|M19561|SYN33M13D [207804]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 27 nucleotide neighbors)

M19560

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207803|gb|M19560|SYN33M13C [207803]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M19559

Synthetic hybrids; recombinant DNA from bacteriophage M13 and plasmid pHV33

gi|207802|gb|M19559|SYN33M13B [207802]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 227 nucleotide neighbors)

M10568

Bacteriophage M13 replicative form II, replication origin, specific nick location

gi|215220|gb|M10568|M13ORIB [215220]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 650 nucleotide neighbors)

M10910

Bacteriophage M13 gene II regulatory region and M13sj1 mutant

gi|215209|gb|M10910|M13IIREG [215209]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 72 nucleotide neighbors)

M38295

Bacteriophage M13 HaeIII restriction fragment DNA

gi|215208|gb|M38295|M13HAEIII [215208]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 67 nucleotide neighbors)

E02067

DNA encoding a part of Bacteriophage M13 tg 127
 gi|2170311|dbj|E02067|E02067 [2170311]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

J02467

Bacteriophage MS2, complete genome
 gi|215232|gb|J02467|MS2CG [215232]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,8 MEDLINE links, 4 protein links, 20 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

AJ004950

Bacteriophage P1 ban gene
 gi|3688226|emb|AJ011592|BP1011592 [3688226]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 protein link)

U88974

Bacteriophage P1 structural lytic transglycosylase (orf47), pep44b (orf44b),
 pep44a (orf44a), and pep43 (orf43) genes, complete cds; and pep42 (orf42) gene, partial cds
 gi|2661099|gb|AF035607|AF035607 [2661099]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,5 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AJ000741

Bacteriophage P1 darA operon
 gi|2462938|emb|AJ000741|BPAJ7641 [2462938]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 10 protein links, or 31 nucleotide neighbors)

X01828

Bacteriophage P1 recombinase gene cin
 gi|15133|emb|X01828|MYP1CIN [15133]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X98146

Bacteriophage P1 DNA sequence around the Op88 operator
 gi|1359513|emb|X98146|BP1OP88OP [1359513]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

S61175

immI operon: icd=cell division repressor, ant1=antirepressor {promoters
 P51a, P51b} [bacteriophage P1, Genomic, 728 nt]
 gi|385908|gb|S61175|S61175 [385908]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X87824

Bacteriophage P1 gene 26
 gi|861164|emb|X87824|XXBP1G26 [861164]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 protein link)

X15638

Phage P1 DNA for lytic replicon containing promoter P53 and two open reading frames
 gi|15735|emb|X15638|PP1LREP [15735]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 24 nucleotide neighbors)

X17512

Bacteriophage P1 DNA for immunity region immI

gi|15479|emb|X17512|P1IMMUNITY [15479]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X16005

Bacteriophage P1 cI gene for P1cI repressor protein

gi|15477|emb|X16005|P1C1 [15477]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X03453

Bacteriophage P1 cre gene for recombinase protein

gi|15135|emb|X03453|MYP1CRE [15135]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

X06561

Bacteriophage P1 cI gene 5'-region

gi|15128|emb|X06561|MYP1C1 [15128]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 6 nucleotide neighbors)

V01534

Bacteriophage P1 genome fragment (IS2 insertion spot). This regions contains

four unidentified reading frames and is known as insertion hot spot for IS2 insertion sequences

gi|15118|emb|V01534|MYOVP1 [15118]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X56951

Bacteriophage P1 gene10

gi|406728|emb|X56951|BPP1GP10 [406728]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

K02380

Bacteriophage P1 replication region including repA, parA, and parB genes and

incA, incB, and incC incompatibility determinants

gi|215652|gb|K02380|PP1REP [215652]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,5 MEDLINE links, 4 protein links, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

X87674

Bacteriophage P1 lydA & lydB genes

gi|974763|emb|X87674|BACP1LYD [974763]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link; 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X87673

Bacteriophage P1 gene 17

gi|974761|emb|X87673|BACP117 [974761]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M16618

Bacteriophage P1 cI repressor binding sites

gi|215600|gb|M16618|PP1C1 [215600]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

SEG_PP1CIN

Bacteriophage P1 cin gene encoding recombinase, cixL recombination site, and 5' end of C invertible element
gi|215607|gb|SEG_PP1CIN [215607]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

K03173

Bacteriophage P1 C invertible element, right end, and cixR recombination site
gi|215606|gb|K03173|PP1CIN2 [215606]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

215605

Bacteriophage P1 cin gene encoding recombinase, cixL recombination site, and 5' end of C invertible element
gi|215605|lcl|X01828 [215605]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M25470

Bacteriophage P1 tail fiber protein gene, complete cds
gi|341349|gb|M25470|PP1TFPR [341349]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M34382

Bacteriophage P1 sim region proteins, complete cds
gi|215661|gb|M34382|PP1SIM [215661]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

M81956

Bacteriophage P1 R protein (R) gene, complete cds
gi|215658|gb|M81956|PP1RP [215658]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M37080

Bacteriophage P1 mini-P1 plasmid origin of replication
gi|215657|gb|M37080|PP1REPOR [215657]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 46 nucleotide neighbors)

M27041

Bacteriophage P1 ref gene, complete cds
gi|215650|gb|M27041|PP1REF [215650]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L01408

Bacteriophage P1 partition protein (parB) gene, 3' end
gi|215642|gb|L01408|PP1PARB [215642]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 41 nucleotide neighbors)

SEG_PP1PAR

Bacteriophage miniplasmid P1 parA gene, 5' end
gi|215639|gb|SEG_PP1PAR [215639]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 48 nucleotide neighbors)

M36425

Bacteriophage miniplasmid P1 parB gene, 3' end
gi|215638|gb|M36425|PP1PAR2 [215638]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M36424

Bacteriophage miniplasmid P1 parA gene, 5' end
 gi|215637|gb|M36424|PP1PAR1 [215637]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M11129

Bacteriophage P1 miniplasmid origin of replication region
 gi|215632|gb|M11129|PP1ORIM [215632]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 43 nucleotide neighbors)

M25414

Bacteriophage P1 c1 repressor binding site, operator 88 (Op88)
 gi|215631|gb|M25414|PP1OP88A [215631]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M25413

Bacteriophage P1 c1 repressor binding site, operator 68 (Op68)
 gi|215630|gb|M25413|PP1OP68A [215630]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M25412

Bacteriophage P1 c1 repressor binding site, operator 21 (Op21)
 gi|215629|gb|M25412|PP1OP21A [215629]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M10510

Bacteriophage P1 recombination site loxR
 gi|215628|gb|M10510|PP1LOXR [215628]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M10287

Bacteriophage P1 loxP X loxP recombination site
 gi|215627|gb|M10287|PP1LOXPX [215627]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

M10494

Bacteriophage P1 recombination site loxP
 gi|215626|gb|M10494|PP1LOXP [215626]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 134 nucleotide neighbors)

M10511

Bacteriophage P1 recombination site loxL
 gi|215625|gb|M10511|PP1LOXL [215625]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M10512

Bacteriophage P1 recombination site loxB
 gi|215624|gb|M10512|PP1LOXB [215624]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M10145

Bacteriophage P1 genome fragment with recombination site loxP
 gi|215623|gb|M10145|PP1CREX [215623]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 21 nucleotide neighbors)

M13327

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, junction IV, clone pSHI326
 gi|215622|gb|M13327|PP1CN26IV [215622]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13325

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, junction II, clone pSHI326
 gi|215621|gb|M13325|PP1CN26II [215621]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1401 nucleotide neighbors)

M13323

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, junction IV, clone pSHI325
 gi|215620|gb|M13323|PP1CN25IV [215620]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13321

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, junction II, clone pSHI325
 gi|215619|gb|M13321|PP1CN25II [215619]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1058 nucleotide neighbors)

M13324

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, junction I, clone pSHI326
 gi|215618|gb|M13324|PP1CIR26I [215618]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13319

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, right junction, clone pSHI327
 gi|215617|gb|M13319|PP1CIN27R [215617]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13320

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, junction I, clone pSHI325
 gi|215616|gb|M13320|PP1CIN25I [215616]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13318

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, left junction, clone pSHI324
 gi|215615|gb|M13318|PP1CIN24L [215615]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1370 nucleotide neighbors)

M13317

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, right junction, clone pSHI323
 gi|215614|gb|M13317|PP1CIN23M [215614]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1055 nucleotide neighbors)

M13316

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, left junction, clone pSHI323
 gi|215613|gb|M13316|PP1CIN23L [215613]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13315

Bacteriophage P1 Cin recombinase activated cross over site, right junction, clone pSHI322
 gi|215612|gb|M13315|PP1CIN22R [215612]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13314

Bacteriophage P1 *Cin* recombinase activated cross over site, left junction, clone pSHI322

gi|215611|gb|M13314|PP1CIN22L [215611]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1401 nucleotide neighbors)

M13313

Bacteriophage P1 *Cin* recombinase activated cross over site, right junction, clone pSHI321

gi|215610|gb|M13313|PP1CIN21R [215610]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M13312

Bacteriophage P1 *Cin* recombinase activated cross over site, left junction, clone pSHI321

gi|215609|gb|M13312|PP1CIN21L [215609]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1058 nucleotide neighbors)

M16568

Bacteriophage P1 *c4* repressor gene, complete cds

gi|215603|gb|M16568|PP1C4 [215603]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M13326

Bacteriophage P1 *Cin* recombinase activated cross over site, junction III, clone pSHI326

gi|215602|gb|M13326|PP1C26III [215602]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1192 nucleotide neighbors)

M13322

Bacteriophage P1 *Cin* recombinase activated cross over site, junction III, clone pSHI325

gi|215601|gb|M13322|PP1C25III [215601]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1231 nucleotide neighbors)

J05651

Bacteriophage P1 modulator protein (*bof*) gene, complete cds

gi|215598|gb|J05651|PP1BOFY1 [215598]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M33224

Bacteriophage P1 regulatory protein (*bof*) gene, complete cds

gi|215596|gb|M33224|PP1BOFFO [215596]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M10288

E.coli/bacteriophage P1 *loxR* recombination site

gi|146647|gb|M10288|ECOLOXR [146647]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M10289

E.coli/bacteriophage P1 *loxL* recombination site

gi|146646|gb|M10289|ECOLOXL [146646]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M10290

E.coli *loxB* site, which can recombine with bacteriophage P1 *loxP* site

gi|146645|gb|M10290|ECOLOXB [146645]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M10287

Bacteriophage P1 loxP X loxP recombination site

gi|215627|gb|M10287|PP1LOXPX [215627]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

M74046

Bacteriophage P1 pacA and pacB genes, complete cds

gi|215634|gb|M74046|PP1PACAB [215634]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

M95666

Bacteriophage P1 gene 10, doc and phd genes, complete cds

gi|463276|gb|M95666|PP1PHDDOC [463276]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 4 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M25604

Bacteriophage Q-beta mutated autonomously replicating sequence MDV1 RNA fragment

gi|556359|gb|M25604|PQBARSMT [556359]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

V00643

first half of the phage Q-beta gene for coat protein

gi|15088|emb|V00643|LEQBET [15088]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M25167

Bacteriophage Q-beta RNA fragment recovered from replicase binding complex

gi|556362|gb|M25167|PQBREPLICB [556362]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M24876

Bacteriophage Q-beta replicase RNA, 5' end

gi|556360|gb|M24876|PQBREPLICA [556360]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M25444

Synthetic bacteriophage Q-beta DNA

gi|209118|gb|M25444|SYNPQBTERM [209118]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

M25463

Bacteriophage Q-beta self-replicating microvariant (+) RNA

gi|532489|gb|M25463|PQBMVSRRNA [532489]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M25014

Bacteriophage Q-beta RNA replicase gene, 5'end, and maturation protein gene, 3' end

gi|294316|gb|M25014|PQBREPLC [294316]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M25065

Bacteriophage Q-beta RNA sequence with putative stem loop

gi|294315|gb|M25065|PQBLOOP [294315]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M10265

Bacteriophage Q-beta RNA molecule with the ability to replicate extracellularly

gi|215726|gb|M10265|PQBRNA [215726]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

M24815

Bacteriophage Q-beta specified replicase subunit RNA,

gi|215725|gb|M24815|PQBREPL [215725]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M25461

Bacteriophage Q-beta plus-strand RNA, 5' terminus

gi|215724|gb|M25461|PQBPS5E [215724]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M25462

Bacteriophage Q-beta plus-strand RNA, 3' terminus

gi|215723|gb|M25462|PQBPS3E [215723]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

M24871

Bacteriophage Q-beta nanovariant WSIII RNA

gi|215722|gb|M24871|PQBNVWSIC [215722]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M24870

Bacteriophage Q-beta nanovariant WSII RNA

gi|215721|gb|M24870|PQBNVWSIB [215721]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M24869

Bacteriophage Q-beta nanovariant WSI RNA

gi|215720|gb|M24869|PQBNVWSIA [215720]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M10495

Coliphage Q-beta MDV-1(+) RNA

gi|215719|gb|M10495|PQBMDV1A [215719]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 10 nucleotide neighbors)

J02484

bacteriophage qbeta coat protein cistron first half

gi|215717|gb|J02484|PQBCP5 [215717]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M57754

Bacteriophage Q-beta minus strand RNA, 5' terminus

gi|215716|gb|M57754|PQBBMS5E [215716]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

M24297

Bacteriophage Q-beta 5'-terminal region of the minus strand

gi|215715|gb|M24297|PQB5END [215715]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 8 nucleotide neighbors)

M10695

Bacteriophage Q-beta, MDV-1 RNA

gi|215714|gb|M10695|PQB1IR [215714]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

M24827

Bacteriophage R17 A protein gene, 5' end

gi|216078|gb|M24827|R17RNACIS [216078]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

M24829

Bacteriophage R17 coat protein gene, 5' end

gi|216075|gb|M24829|R17CP5 [216075]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

J02488

bacteriophage r17 rna synthetase initiation site

gi|216080|gb|J02488|R17RNASYN [216080]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 2 protein links, or 6 nucleotide neighbors)

J02487

bacteriophage r17 coat protein initiation site

gi|216073|gb|J02487|R17COATP [216073]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

J02486

bacteriophage r17 a protein initiation site

gi|216071|gb|J02486|R17APROT [216071]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M24826

Bacteriophage R17 coat protein RNA fragment

gi|216077|gb|M24826|R17CPRAA [216077]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 7 nucleotide neighbors)

M24296

Bacteriophage R17 3'-terminal fragment A RNA

gi|216070|gb|M24296|R173TFA [216070]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

1TFN

structure refinement for a 24-nucleotide rna hairpin, nmr, minimized average

structure ribonucleic acid, hairpin, bacteriophage r17 mol_id: 1; molecule: r17c; chain: null; engineered: yes

gi|1942336|pdb|1TFN| [1942336]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 structure link)

1RPEA

rna (5'-d(gpgpgpapcpupgpgpapcpupapcpapcp cpgpgpupcpupapu-3') (24-mer rna

hairpin coat protein binding site for bacteriophage r17) (nmr, minimized average structure)

gi|1421020|pdb|1RHT| [1421020]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 structure link)

M14428

Bacteriophage S13 circular DNA, complete genome

gi|216089|gb|M14428|S13CG [216089]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 12 protein links, 26 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

J05393

Bacteriophage T1 DNA N-6-adenine-methyltransferase (M.T1) gene, complete cds

gi|166163|gb|J05393|BT1NAMTA [166163]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

L46845

Bacteriophage T2 frd3, frd2 genes, complete cds

gi|951387|gb|L46845|PT2FRD32G [951387]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 17 nucleotide neighbors)

L43611

Bacteriophage T2 fibrin (wac) gene, complete cds

gi|903869|gb|L43611|PT2WAC [903869]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M24812

Bacteriophage T2 secondary structure RNA sequence

gi|215796|gb|M24812|PT2RNA [215796]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M22342

Bacteriophage T2 DNA-(adenine-N6)methyltransferase (dam) gene, complete cds

gi|215792|gb|M22342|PT2DAM [215792]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

S57515

orf 61.2 {intergenic region between 41 and 61} [bacteriophage T2, Genomic, 323 nt]

gi|298524|gb|S57515|S57515 [298524]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

X05312

Bacteriophage T2 gene 38 for receptor recognizing protein

gi|15197|emb|X05312|MYT2G38 [15197]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

X04442

Bacteriophage T2 gene 37 for receptor recognizing protein

gi|15195|emb|X04442|MYT2G37 [15195]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

X12460

Bacteriophage T2 gene 32 mRNA for single-stranded DNA binding protein

gi|15192|emb|X12460|MYT2G32 [15192]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 14 nucleotide neighbors)

X57797

Bacteriophage T2 gene for gp12

gi|14875|emb|X56555|BT2GP12 [14875]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X01755

Bacteriophage T2 tail fiber gene 36

gi|15189|emb|X01755|MYT2F36 [15189]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M14784

Bacteriophage T3 strain amNG220B right end, tail fiber protein, lysis protein and DNA packaging proteins, complete cds

gi|215810|gb|M14784|PT3RE [215810]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 9 protein links, or 10 nucleotide neighbors)

SEG_PT3RNAPOL

Bacteriophage T3 RNA polymerase III gene, 5' end

gi|710559|gb|SEG_PT3RNAPOL [710559]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M22610

Bacteriophage T3 RNA polymerase III gene, 3' end

gi|340722|gb|M22610|PT3RNAPOL2 [340722]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M22609

Bacteriophage T3 RNA polymerase III gene, 5' end

gi|340721|gb|M22609|PT3RNAPOL1 [340721]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

X05031

Bacteriophage T3 gene region 1-2.5 with primary origin of replication

gi|15719|emb|X05031|POT3ORI [15719]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 11 protein links, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

X03964

Bacteriophage T3 early control region pos. 308-810 from genome left end

gi|15718|emb|X03964|POT3EP [15718]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 20 nucleotide neighbors)

X17255

Bacteriophage T3 gene 1 to gene 11

gi|15682|emb|X17255|POT3111G [15682]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 MEDLINE links, 36 protein links, 17 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X15840

Phage T3 gene 10

gi|15625|emb|X15840|PODT3G10 [15625]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X02981

Bacteriophage T3 gene 1 for RNA polymerase

gi|15561|emb|X02981|PODOT3P [15561]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

J02503

bacteriophage t3 5' end, terminally redundant sequence (trs)

gi|215816|gb|J02503|PT3TRS1 [215816]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

SEG_PT3TRS

bacteriophage t3 5' end, terminally redundant sequence (trs)
gi|215818|gb|SEG_PT3TRS [215818]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

J02504

bacteriophage t3 3' end, terminally redundant sequence (trs)
gi|215817|gb|J02504|PT3TRS2 [215817]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

H YPERLINK <http://www.rs.noda.sut.ac.jp/~kunisawa> h t t p ://www.rs.noda.sut.ac.jp/~kunisawa
Bacteriophage T4 genomic database compiled by Arisaka et al.

X95646

Bacteriophage T5 DNA for region 60.5%-71% of the T5 genome
gi|2791557|emb|AJ001191|BTJ001191 [2791557]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,7 MEDLINE links, 12 protein links, or 6 nucleotide neighbors)

X56847

Bacteriophage T5 genomic region encoding early genes D10-D15
gi|15407|emb|X12930|MYT5D10 [15407]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 5 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

AF039886

Bacteriophage T5 subclone T5.5.3r5.18r, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
gi|2811154|gb|AF039886|AF039886 [2811154]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039885

Bacteriophage T5 subclone T5.40f,41f, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
gi|2811153|gb|AF039885|AF039885 [2811153]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039884

Bacteriophage T5 subclone T5.26.fr, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
gi|2811152|gb|AF039884|AF039884 [2811152]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039883

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 10-T5.5.7F, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
gi|2811151|gb|AF039883|AF039883 [2811151]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039882

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 41-T5.5.4BF, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
gi|2811150|gb|AF039882|AF039882 [2811150]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039881

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 39-T5.5.4aF, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
gi|2811149|gb|AF039881|AF039881 [2811149]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF039880

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 19-T5.7.2r, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811148|gb|AF039880|AF039880 [2811148]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039879

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 18-T5.7.2F, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811147|gb|AF039879|AF039879 [2811147]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039878

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 11-T5.5.7R, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811146|gb|AF039878|AF039878 [2811146]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2
 nucleotide neighbors)

AF039877

Bacteriophage T5 subclone T5.4FR, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811145|gb|AF039877|AF039877 [2811145]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039876

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 22-T5.16R, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811144|gb|AF039876|AF039876 [2811144]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039875

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 21-T5.16R, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811143|gb|AF039875|AF039875 [2811143]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039874

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 21-T5.16F, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811142|gb|AF039874|AF039874 [2811142]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039873

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 09-T5.6F, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811141|gb|AF039873|AF039873 [2811141]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039872

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 09-T5.6R, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811140|gb|AF039872|AF039872 [2811140]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AF039871

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 04-T5.26.R, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811139|gb|AF039871|AF039871 [2811139]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF039870

Bacteriophage T5 subclone 13-T5.42F, single pass sequence, genomic survey sequence
 gi|2811138|gb|AF039870|AF039870 [2811138]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

X69460

Bacteriophage T5 ltf gene for L-shaped tail fibers

gi|15415|emb|X69460|MYT5LTF [15415]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X03402

Bacteriophage T5 D15 gene for 5' exonuclease

gi|15413|emb|X03402|MYT5EXOG [15413]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

Z11972

Bacteriophage T5 tRNA-Tyr, tRNA-Glu, tRNA-Trp, tRNA-Phe, tRNA-Cys and tRNA-Asn genes, and ORFs 91aa, 90aa, 42aa and 172aa

gi|15795|emb|Z11972|T56TRNAG [15795]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X03898

Bacteriophage T5 genes for tRNA-His, -Ser and -Leu

gi|15786|emb|X03898|STT5RN1 [15786]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2 MEDLINE links)

X04177

Bacteriophage T5 gene for transfer RNA-Gln

gi|15421|emb|X04177|MYT5TRNQ [15421]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X03899

Bacteriophage T5 genes for tRNA-Val, -Lys, -fMet, -Pro and -Ile3

gi|15787|emb|X03899|STT5RN2 [15787]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

X03798

Bacteriophage T5 gene for tRNA-Asp (GUC)

gi|15472|emb|X03798|NCT5TRDG [15472]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

Y00364

Bacteriophage T5 tRNA gene cluster (27.8%-22.4%)

gi|15420|emb|Y00364|MYT5TRN [15420]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

X03140

Bacteriophage T5 DNA with rho-dependent transcription terminator (Hind III-P fragment)

gi|15417|emb|X03140|MYT5RHO [15417]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

Z35070

Bacteriophage T6 DNA

gi|535228|emb|Z35074|MYEREGBT6 [535228]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

AF060870

Coliphage T6 small subunit distal tail fiber (gene 36) gene, partial cds; and large subunit distal tail fiber (gene 37) and tail fiber adhesin (gene 38) genes, complete cds

gi|3676458|gb|AF052605|AF052605 [3676458]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

Z35072

Bacteriophage T6 DNA encoding ORF19.1 gene and g19 gene

gi|535232|emb|Z35072|MYTAILT6 [535232]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

X12488

Bacteriophage T6 gene 32 mRNA for single-stranded DNA binding protein

gi|15843|emb|X12488|MYT6G32 [15843]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 14 nucleotide neighbors)

Z78095

Bacteriophage T6 DNA (1506 bp)

gi|1488562|emb|Z78095|BPHZ78095 [1488562]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

Z35079

Bacteriophage T6 DNA for Ip5, Ip6

gi|535215|emb|Z35079|MY57BT6 [535215]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X68725

E.coli bacteriophage T6 gene for beta-glucosyl-HMC-alpha-glucosyl-transferase

gi|296439|emb|X68725|ECT6 [296439]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X69894

Bacteriophage T6 alt gene for ADP-Ribosyltransferase

gi|15422|emb|X69894|MYT6ADP [15422]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L46846

Bacteriophage T6 frd3, frd2 genes, complete cds

gi|951390|gb|L46846|PT6FRD32G [951390]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2 protein links)

M27738

Bacteriophage T6 translational repressor protein (regA), complete cds

gi|215993|gb|M27738|PT6REGA [215993]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

M38465

Bacteriophage T6 DNA ligase gene, complete cds

gi|215991|gb|M38465|PT6LIG55 [215991]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

V01146

Genome of bacteriophage T7

gi|431187|emb|V01146|T7CG [431187]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,13 MEDLINE links, 60 protein links, 105 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X60322

Bacteriophage alpha3 genes A, B, K, C, D, E, J, F, G, H

gi|14775|emb|X60322|BACALPHA [14775]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 10 protein links, 22 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X13332

Bacteriophage alpha3 DNA for origin of replication

gi|15093|emb|X13332|MIA3ORPL [15093]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

X12611

Bacteriophage alpha3 gene for protein A part., finger domain

gi|15092|emb|X12611|MIA3AFIN [15092]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 6 nucleotide neighbors)

X15721

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutation DNA for the origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14774|emb|X15721|BA3DMOR9 [14774]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

X15720

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutant DNA for the origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14773|emb|X15720|BA3DMOR8 [14773]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X15719

Bacteriophage alpha3 insertion mutant DNA for the origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14772|emb|X15719|BA3DMOR7 [14772]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 10 nucleotide neighbors)

X15718

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutation DNA for origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14771|emb|X15718|BA3DMOR6 [14771]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

X15717

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutant DNA for origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14770|emb|X15717|BA3DMOR5 [14770]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

X15716

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutant DNA for origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14769|emb|X15716|BA3DMOR4 [14769]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 10 nucleotide neighbors)

X15715

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutant DNA for origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14768|emb|X15715|BA3DMOR3 [14768]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

X15714

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutant DNA for origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14767|emb|X15714|BA3DMOR2 [14767]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

X15713

Bacteriophage alpha3 deletion mutant DNA for the origin region (-ori) of replication

gi|14766|emb|X15713|BA3DMOR1 [14766]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

X62059

Bacteriophage alpha3 origin of cDNA synthesis (oriGA)

gi|14763|emb|X62059|AL3ORIGA [14763]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

X62058

Bacteriophage alpha3 origin of cDNA synthesis (oriAA)

gi|14762|emb|X62058|AL3ORIAA [14762]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

J02444

Bacteriophage alpha3 origin of DNA replication

gi|166103|gb|J02444|AL3ORI [166103]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

M25640

Bacteriophage alpha-3 H protein gene, complete cds

gi|166101|gb|M25640|AL3HP [166101]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

M10631

Bacteriophage alpha-3 cleavage site for phage phi-X174 gene A protein

gi|166099|gb|M10631|AL3CSA [166099]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X00774

Bacteriophage alpha-3 gene J sequence

gi|15431|emb|X00774|NCBA3J [15431]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M25640

Bacteriophage alpha-3 H protein gene, complete cds

gi|166101|gb|M25640|AL3HP [166101]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 13 nucleotide neighbors)

M10631

Bacteriophage alpha-3 cleavage site for phage phi-X174 gene A protein

gi|166099|gb|M10631|AL3CSA [166099]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

J02459

Bacteriophage lambda, complete genome

gi|215104|gb|J02459|LAMCG [215104]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,87 MEDLINE links, 67 protein links, 190 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

J02482

Bacteriophage phi-X174, complete genome

gi|216019|gb|J02482|PX1CG [216019]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,23 MEDLINE links, 11 protein links, 26 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

J02454

Bacteriophage G4, complete genome

gi|215415|gb|J02454|PG4CG [215415]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,6 MEDLINE links, 11 protein links, 20 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X60323

Bacteriophage phiK complete genome

gi|1478118|emb|X60323|BPHIKCG [1478118]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,10 protein links, 18 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

L42820

Bacteriophage BF23 tail protein (hrs) gene, complete cds

gi|1048680|gb|L42820|BBFHRS [1048680]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X54455

Bacteriophage BF23 gene 17 and gene 18

gi|14797|emb|X54455|BF231718G [14797]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M37097

Bacteriophage BF23 DNA, right end of terminal repetition

gi|166115|gb|M37097|BBFRIGH [166115]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M37096

Bacteriophage BF23 DNA, left end of terminal repetition

gi|166114|gb|M37096|BBFLEFT [166114]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M37095

Bacteriophage BF23 A2-A3 gene, complete cds, and A1 gene, 5' end

gi|166110|gb|M37095|BBFA2A3 [166110]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF056281

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac5/6.1, genomic survey sequence

gi|3090930|gb|AF056281|AF056281 [3090930]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056280

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac3, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090929|gb|AF056280|AF056280 [3090929]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056279

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac18/21.34, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090928|gb|AF056279|AF056279 [3090928]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056278

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac16/19.33, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090927|gb|AF056278|AF056278 [3090927]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056277

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac16/19-33, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090926|gb|AF056277|AF056277 [3090926]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056276

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac12/9-9, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090925|gb|AF056276|AF056276 [3090925]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056275

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.mac11/14-24, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090924|gb|AF056275|AF056275 [3090924]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056274

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.57r64r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090923|gb|AF056274|AF056274 [3090923]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

AF056273

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.54fr, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090922|gb|AF056273|AF056273 [3090922]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056272

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.47fr.mac10/7, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090921|gb|AF056272|AF056272 [3090921]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056271

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.66r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090920|gb|AF056271|AF056271 [3090920]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056270

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.64f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090919|gb|AF056270|AF056270 [3090919]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056269

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.60r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090918|gb|AF056269|AF056269 [3090918]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056268

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.60f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090917|gb|AF056268|AF056268 [3090917]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF056267

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.59r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090916|gb|AF056267|AF056267 [3090916]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056266

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.59f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090915|gb|AF056266|AF056266 [3090915]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056265

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.56r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090914|gb|AF056265|AF056265 [3090914]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056264

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.56f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090913|gb|AF056264|AF056264 [3090913]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056263

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.68f55r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090912|gb|AF056263|AF056263 [3090912]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056262

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.43fr.66f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090911|gb|AF056262|AF056262 [3090911]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056261

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.2fr, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090910|gb|AF056261|AF056261 [3090910]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056260

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.55.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090909|gb|AF056260|AF056260 [3090909]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056259

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.53.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090908|gb|AF056259|AF056259 [3090908]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056258

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.53.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090907|gb|AF056258|AF056258 [3090907]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056257

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.52.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090906|gb|AF056257|AF056257 [3090906]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056256

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.52.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090905|gb|AF056256|AF056256 [3090905]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056255

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.49.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090904|gb|AF056255|AF056255 [3090904]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056254

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.49.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090903|gb|AF056254|AF056254 [3090903]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056253

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.48.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090902|gb|AF056253|AF056253 [3090902]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056252

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.48.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090901|gb|AF056252|AF056252 [3090901]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056251

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.44.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090900|gb|AF056251|AF056251 [3090900]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056250

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.41.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090899|gb|AF056250|AF056250 [3090899]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056249

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.22.a.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090898|gb|AF056249|AF056249 [3090898]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056248

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.22.a.f, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090897|gb|AF056248|AF056248 [3090897]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

AF056247

Bacteriophage BF23 clone bf23.23.68.r, genomic survey sequence
 gi|3090896|gb|AF056247|AF056247 [3090896]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

Z50114

Bacteriophage BF23 DNA for putative tail protein gene
 gi|2464952|emb|Z50114|BF23LATE [2464952]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 protein link)

D12824

Bacteriophage BF23 genes for minor tail protein gp24 and major tail protein gp25, complete cds
 gi|520578|dbj|D12824|BBF2TAIL [520578]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

Z34953

Bacteriophage K3 ip9, ip7 and ip8 genes
 gi|535261|emb|Z34953|MYK3IP978 [535261]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Z35075

Bacteriophage K3 DNA for Ip3 and Ip4
 gi|535229|emb|Z35075|MYEORF64K [535229]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

X05560

Bacteriophage K3 gene 38 for receptor recognizing protein
 gi|15112|emb|X05560|MYK3G38 [15112]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

X04747

Bacteriophage K3 gene 37 for receptor recognizing protein
 gi|15110|emb|X04747|MYK3G37 [15110]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X01754

Bacteriophage K3 tail fiber gene 36
 gi|15108|emb|X01754|MYK3F36 [15108]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

M16812

Bacteriophage K3 't' lysis gene, complete cds
 gi|215503|gb|M16812|PK3LYST [215503]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

L46833

Bacteriophage K3 frd3, frd2 genes, complete cds
 gi|951377|gb|L46833|PK3FRD32G [951377]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

L43613

Bacteriophage K3 fibrin (wac) gene, complete cds
 gi|903861|gb|L43613|PK3WAC [903861]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X01753

Bacteriophage Ox2 tail fiber gene 36

gi|15122|emb|X01753|MYOX2F36 [15122]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L43612

Bacteriophage Ox2 fibrin (wac) gene, complete cds

gi|903848|gb|L43612|OX2WAC [903848]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

Z46880

Bacteriophage OX2 stp gene

gi|599663|emb|Z46880|BPOX2STP [599663]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X05675

Bacteriophage Ox2 gene 38 for receptor-recognizing protein and flanking regions

gi|15124|emb|X05675|MYOX2G38 [15124]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M33533

Bacteriophage RB18 translational repressor protein (regA) and Orf43.1, complete cds

gi|216083|gb|M33533|RB18REGA [216083]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AF033329

Bacteriophage RB18 single-stranded binding protein (gene 32) gene, partial cds, and 5' region

gi|2645788|gb|AF033329|AF033329 [2645788]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

M86231

Bacteriophage RB69 gene 62, 3'end; RegA (regA) gene, complete cds

gi|215354|gb|M86231|P6962REGA [215354]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF033332

Bacteriophage RB69 single-stranded binding protein (gene 32) gene, partial cds, and 5' region

gi|2645794|gb|AF033332|AF033332 [2645794]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

U34036

Bacteriophage RB69 DNA polymerase (43) gene, complete cds

gi|1237125|gb|U34036|BRU34036 [1237125]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

V01145

Bacteriophage H1 genome fragment Each Thymine given in this sequence represents a HMU-residue
(HMU = 5-hydroxymethyluracil)

gi|15557|emb|V01145|PODOH1 [15557]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

X05676

Bacteriophage M1 gene 38 for receptor recognizing protein and flanking regions

gi|15114|emb|X05676|MYM1G38 [15114]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF034575

Bacteriophage M1 putative integrase (int) gene, complete cds, and attP region, complete sequence
 gi|2662472|gb|AF034575|AF034575 [2662472]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

AF033321

Bacteriophage M1 single-stranded binding protein (gene 32) gene, partial cds, and 5' region
 gi|2645772|gb|AF033321|AF033321 [2645772]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 17 nucleotide neighbors)

X55190

Bacteriophage Tula 37 and 38 genes for receptor-recognizing proteins 37 and 38 (respectively), partial cds
 gi|14860|emb|X55190|BPTUIA [14860]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AF033334

Bacteriophage Tula single-stranded binding protein (gene 32) gene, partial cds, and 5' region
 gi|2645798|gb|AF033334|AF033334 [2645798]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

X55191

Bacteriophage Tula 37 gene for receptor-recognizing protein 37 (partial cds), 38 gene for receptor-recognizing protein 38, and t gene (partial cds)
 gi|14863|emb|X55191|BPTUIB [14863]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X13065

Bacteriophage phi80 early region
 gi|14800|emb|X13065|BP80ER [14800]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 8 protein links, or 6 nucleotide neighbors)

D00360

Bacteriophage phi80 cor gene
 gi|217782|dbj|D00360|P8080COR [217782]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 protein link)

X01639

Bacteriophage phi 80 DNA-fragment with replication origin
 gi|15828|emb|X01639|XXPHI80 [15828]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 25 nucleotide neighbors)

X04051

Lambdoid bacteriophage phi 80 int-xis region (integrase-excisionase region)
 gi|15770|emb|X04051|STPHI80X [15770]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X06751

Phage Phi80 DNA for major coat protein
 gi|15768|emb|X06751|STPHI80C [15768]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

X75949

Bacteriophage phi80 DNA for ORF x171.8 and ORF x171.28'
 gi|458811|emb|X75949|ECORF171B [458811]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 28 nucleotide neighbors)

L40418

Bacteriophage phi-80 gene, complete cds

gi|1019107|gb|L40418|P80A [1019107]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

M24831

Bacteriophage phi-80 Tyr-tRNA gene, 3' end

gi|215363|gb|M24831|P80TGY [215363]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 43 nucleotide neighbors)

M10670

Bacteriophage phi-80 replication origin

gi|215361|gb|M10670|P80ORI [215361]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M24825

Bacteriophage phi-80 RNA fragment

gi|215360|gb|M24825|P80M3A [215360]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M11919

Bacteriophage phi-80 cI immunity region encoding the N gene

gi|215358|gb|M11919|P80CI [215358]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M10891

Bacteriophage phi-80 attP site DNA

gi|215357|gb|M10891|P80ATTP [215357]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M19473

Bacteriophage 933J (from E.coli) proviral Shiga-like toxin type 1 subunits A and B genes, complete cds

gi|215072|gb|M19473|J93SLTI [215072]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 2 protein links, or 20 nucleotide neighbors)

Y10775

Bacteriophage 933W ileX, stx2A and stx2B genes

gi|1938206|emb|Y10775|BP933ILEX [1938206]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 36 nucleotide neighbors)

X83722

Bacteriophage 933W slt-IIB gene

gi|1490229|emb|X83722|B933WSLT [1490229]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 20 nucleotide neighbors)

X07865

Bacteriophage 933W slt-II gene for Shiga-like toxin typeII subunit A and B

gi|14892|emb|X07865|BWSLTII [14892]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 29 nucleotide neighbors)

M16625

Bacteriophage H19B (from E.coli) sltIA and sltIB genes encoding Shiga-like toxin I subunits A and B, complete cds

gi|215043|gb|M16625|H19BSLT [215043]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 24 nucleotide neighbors)

M17358

Bacteriophage H19B shiga-like toxin-1 (SLT-1) A and B subunit DNA, complete cds

gi|215046|gb|M17358|H19BSLTA [215046]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 20 nucleotide neighbors)

U29728

Bacteriophage N4 single-stranded DNA-binding protein (N4SSB) gene, complete cds

gi|939708|gb|U29728|BNU29728 [939708]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 1 protein link)

J02580

Bacteriophage PA-2 (E.coli porcine strain isolate) Rz gene, 5'end; ORF2, outer membrane porin protein (lc) and ORF1 genes, complete cds

gi|215366|gb|J02580|PA2LC [215366]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

U32222

Bacteriophage 186, complete sequence

gi|3337249|gb|U32222|B1U32222 [3337249]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,6 MEDLINE links, 46 protein links, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

X51522

Bacteriophage P4 complete DNA genome

gi|450916|emb|X51522|MYP4CG [450916]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 13 protein links, 6 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X92588

Bacteriophage 82 orf33, orf151, orf56, orf96, rus, orf45, and Q genes

gi|1051111|emb|X92588|BAC82HOLL [1051111]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,7 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

J02803

Bacteriophage 82 antitermination protein (Q) gene, complete cds

gi|215364|gb|J02803|P82Q [215364]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

U02466

Bacteriophage HK022 (cro), (cII) and (O) genes, complete cds, (P) gene, partial cds

gi|407285|gb|U02466|BHU02466 [407285]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 5 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M26291

Bacteriophage D108 regulatory DNA-binding protein (ner) gene, complete cds

gi|166194|gb|M26291|D18NER [166194]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M11272

Bacteriophage D108 left-end DNA

gi|166193|gb|M11272|D18LEDNA [166193]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M18902

Bacteriophage D108 kil gene encoding a replication protein, 3' end; and containing three ORFs, complete cds

gi|166191|gb|M18902|D18KIL [166191]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M10191

Bacteriophage D108, left end with Mu A protein binding sites L1 and L2

gi|166190|gb|M10191|D18BSL [166190]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

J02447

bacteriophage d108 gene a 5' end

gi|166189|gb|J02447|D18AAA [166189]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

V00865

Bacteriophage D108 fragment from genes A and ner (C-terminus of ner and N-terminus of A)

gi|15437|emb|V00865|NCD108 [15437]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

X01914

Bacteriophage IKe gene for DNA binding protein

gi|14957|emb|X01914|INIKEDBP [14957]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AF064539

Bacteriophage N15, complete genome

gi|3192683|gb|AF064539|AF064539 [3192683]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 60 protein links, 26 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

U02303

Bacteriophage If1, complete genome

gi|3676280|gb|U02303|B2U02303 [3676280]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,10 protein links, or 1 genome link)

AF007792

Bacteriophage Mu late morphogenetic region

gi|3551775|gb|AF007792|AF007792 [3551775]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U24159

Bacteriophage HP1 strain HP1c1, complete genome

gi|1046235|gb|U24159|BHU24159 [1046235]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,6 MEDLINE links, 41 protein links, 8 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

Z71579

Bacteriophage S2 type A 5.6 kb DNA fragment

gi|1679806|emb|Z71579|BPHS1ADNA [1679806]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 9 protein links, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

X53238

Klebsiella sp. bacteriophage K11 gene 1 for RNA polymerase

gi|14984|emb|X53238|KSK11RPO [14984]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X85010

Bacteriophage A511 ply511 gene

gi|853748|emb|X85010|BPA511PLY [853748]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U29728

Bacteriophage N4 single-stranded DNA-binding protein (N4SSB) gene, complete cds

gi|939708|gb|U29728|BNU29728 [939708]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 1 protein link)

J02445

bacteriophage bo1 3'-terminal region rna

gi|166152|gb|J02445|BO1TR3 [166152]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

L06183

Bacteriophage L5 (from *Leuconostoc oenos*) genome

gi|289353|gb|L06183|BL5GENM [289353]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 genome link)

AF074945

Mycoplasma arthritidis bacteriophage MAV1, complete genome

gi|3511243|gb|AF074945|AF074945 [3511243]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,15 protein links, 3 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

L13696

Bacteriophage L2 (from *Mycoplasma*), complete genome

gi|289338|gb|L13696|BL2CG [289338]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 14 protein links, or 1 genome link)

X80191

Bacteriophage PP7 mRNA for maturation, coat, lysis and replicase proteins

gi|517237|emb|X80191|BPP7PR [517237]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 1 genome link)

M19377

Bacteriophage Pf3 from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (New York strain), complete genome

gi|215380|gb|M19377|PF3COMNY [215380]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 9 protein links, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

M11912

Bacteriophage Pf3 from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (Nijmegen strain), complete genome

gi|215371|gb|M11912|PF3COMN [215371]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 9 protein links, 5 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

V00605

Bacteriophage Pfl gene encoding DNA binding protein

gi|14970|emb|V00605|INOPF1 [14970]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L05626

Bacteriophage PR4 capsid protein (P6) gene, complete cds

gi|215735|gb|L05626|PR4P6MAJA [215735]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

D13409

Bacteriophage phiCTX (isolated from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*) cosR, attP, int genes

gi|217776|dbj|D13409|BPHCOSR [217776]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

D13408

Bacteriophage phiCTX (isolated from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*) cosL, ctx genes

gi|217775|dbj|D13408|BPHCOSLCTX [217775]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M24832

Bacteriophage f2 coat protein gene, partial cds

gi|166228|gb|M24832|F2CRNACA [166228]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

S72011

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes,partial cds

gi|2618967|gb|AF017629|AF017629 [2618967]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017628

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618964|gb|AF017628|AF017628 [2618964]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017627

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618961|gb|AF017627|AF017627 [2618961]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017626

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) gene, partial cds; and integrase (int) gene, partial cds

gi|2618958|gb|AF017626|AF017626 [2618958]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 49 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017625

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618955|gb|AF017625|AF017625 [2618955]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017624

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int)genes, partial cds

gi|2618952|gb|AF017624|AF017624 [2618952]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017623

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618949|gb|AF017623|AF017623 [2618949]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017622

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618946|gb|AF017622|AF017622 [2618946]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017621

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618943|gb|AF017621|AF017621 [2618943]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

D26449

Bacteriophage PS17 FI gene for tail sheath protein (gpFI) and FII gene for tail tube protein (gpFII), complete cds

gi|452162|dbj|D26449|BPSFIFII [452162]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2 protein links)

X87627

Bacteriophage D3112 A and B genes

gi|974768|emb|X87627|BPD3112AB [974768]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U32623

Bacteriophage D3 transcriptional activator CII (cII) gene, complete cds

gi|984852|gb|U32623|BDU32623 [984852]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L34781

Bacteriophage phi 11 holin homologue (ORF3) gene, complete cds and peptidoglycan hydrolase (lytA) gene, partial cds

gi|511838|gb|L34781|BPHHOLIN [511838]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

L14810

Bacteriophage P22 (gp10) gene, complete cds, and (gp26) gene, complete cds

gi|294053|gb|L14810|P22GP1026X [294053]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X87420

Bacteriophage ES18 genes 24, c2, cro, c1, 18, and oL and oR operators

gi|1143407|emb|X87420|BPES18GEN [1143407]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,5 protein links, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

L42820

Bacteriophage BF23 tail protein (hrs) gene, complete cds

gi|1048680|gb|L42820|BBFHRS [1048680]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X14980

Bacteriophage PRD1 XV gene for protein P15 (lytic enzyme)

gi|15802|emb|X14980|TEPRD1XV [15802]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X06321

Bacteriophage PRD1 gene 8 for DNA terminal protein

gi|15800|emb|X06321|TEPRD18 [15800]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 10 nucleotide neighbors)

X14336

Filamentous Bacteriophage I2-2 genome

gi|14920|emb|X14336|INBI22 [14920]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 9 protein links, 1 nucleotide neighbor, or 1 genome link)

L05001

Bacteriophage X glucosyl transferase gene, complete cds

gi|216044|gb|L05001|PXFCLUSYLT [216044]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

M29479

Bacteriophage p4 sid and psu genes partial cds, and delta gene, complete cds gi|215701|

gb|M29479|PP4SDP [215701]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

SEG_PP4PSUSID

Bacteriophage P4 capsid size determination protein (sid) gene, 5' end

gi|215698|gb|SEG_PP4PSUSID [215698]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M29650

Bacteriophage P4 polarity suppression protein (psu) gene, complete cds

gi|215697|gb|M29650|PP4PSUSID2 [215697]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M29651

Bacteriophage P4 capsid size determination protein (sid) gene, 5' end

gi|215696|gb|M29651|PP4PSUSID1 [215696]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M27748

Bacteriophage P4 gop, beta, and cII genes, complete cds and int gene, 3' end

gi|215691|gb|M27748|PP4GOPBC [215691]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

K02750

Bacteriophage IKe, complete genome

gi|215061|gb|K02750|IKECG [215061]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 10 protein links, 4 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

L40418

Bacteriophage phi-80 gene, complete cds

gi|1019107|gb|L40418|P80A [1019107]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

AF032122

Bacteriophage Sfil integrase (int) gene, partial cds; and bactoprenol glucosyl transferase (bgt), and glucosyl tranferase II (gtrII) genes,complete cds

gi|2465412|gb|AF021347|AF021347 [2465412]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINElink, 4 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M35825

Bacteriophage SF6 fragment D lysozyme gene, complete cds

gi|216105|gb|M35825|SF6LYZ [216105]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 protein link)

Z35479

Bacteriophage C16 ip1 gene

gi|534936|emb|Z35479|BC16IP1 [534936]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X12638

Bacteriophage 21 DNA for gene 2

gi|296141|emb|X12638|B21GENE2 [296141]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X02501

Bacteriophage 21 DNA for left end sequence with genes 1 and 2

gi|15825|emb|X02501|XXPHA21 [15825]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M65239

Bacteriophage 21 lysis genes S, R, and Rz, complete cds

gi|215466|gb|M65239|PH2LYSGEN [215466]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M58702

Bacteriophage 21 late gene regulatory region

gi|215465|gb|M58702|PH2LATEGE [215465]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M81255

Bacteriophage 21 head gene operon

gi|215454|gb|M81255|PH2HEADTL [215454]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 10 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M23775

Bacteriophage 21 glycoprotein 1 gene, complete cds, and glycoprotein gene, 5' end

gi|215451|gb|M23775|PH2GPA [215451]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

M61865

Bacteriophage 21 excisionase (xis), integrase (int) and isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd), complete cds

gi|215448|gb|M61865|PH22XISAA [215448]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

S72011

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618967|gb|AF017629|AF017629 [2618967]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017628

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618964|gb|AF017628|AF017628 [2618964]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017627

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds

gi|2618961|gb|AF017627|AF017627 [2618961]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017626

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) gene, partial cds; and integrase (int) gene, partial cds

gi|2618958|gb|AF017626|AF017626 [2618958]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 49 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017625

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds
gi|2618955|gb|AF017625|AF017625 [2618955]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017624

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds
gi|2618952|gb|AF017624|AF017624 [2618952]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017623

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds
gi|2618949|gb|AF017623|AF017623 [2618949]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017622

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds
gi|2618946|gb|AF017622|AF017622 [2618946]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

AF017621

Bacteriophage 21 isocitrate dehydrogenase (icd) and integrase (int) genes, partial cds
gi|2618943|gb|AF017621|AF017621 [2618943]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 44 nucleotide neighbors)

M57455

Bacteriophage 42D (clone pDB17) (from Staphylococcus aureus) staphylokinase gene, complete cds
gi|215344|gb|M57455|P42STK [215344]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

Y12633

Bacteriophage 85 DNA, promoter sequence of unknown gene
gi|2058285|emb|Y12633|B85PROM [2058285]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

X98146

Bacteriophage P1 DNA sequence around the Op88 operator
gi|1359513|emb|X98146|BP1OP88OP [1359513]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Y07739

Staphylococcus phage Twort holTW, plyTW genes
gi|2764979|emb|Y07739|BPTWGHOLG [2764979]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2 protein links)

L07580

Bacteriophage phi-11 rinA and rin B genes, required for the activation of Staphylococcal phage phi-11 int expression
gi|166160|gb|L07580|BPHRINAB [166160]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 2 protein links)

M34832

Bacteriophage phi-11 integrase (int) and excisionase (xis) genes, complete cds
gi|166157|gb|M34832|BPHINTXIS [166157]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M20394

Bacteriophage phi-11 S.aureus attachment site (attP)

gi|166156|gb|M20394|BPHATT [166156]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X23128

Bacteriophage phi-13 integrase gene

gi|758228|emb|X82312|PHI13INT [758228]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X61719

S.aureus phi-13 lysogen right chromosome/bacteriophage DNA junction

gi|46625|emb|X61719|SAP13RJNC [46625]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

X61718

S.aureus phi-13 lysogen left chromosomal/bacteriophage DNA junction

gi|46624|emb|X61718|SAP13LJNC [46624]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

X61717

Bacteriophage phi-13 core sequence for attachment

gi|14799|emb|X61717|BP13ATT [14799]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

U01875

Bacteriophage phi-13 putative regulatory region and integrase (int) gene, partial cds

gi|437118|gb|U01875|U01875 [437118]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X67739

S.aureus Bacteriophage phi-42 attP gene

gi|14809|emb|X67739|BPATTPA [14809]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

U01872

Bacteriophage phi-42 integrase (int) gene, complete cds

gi|437115|gb|U01872|U01872 [437115]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X94423

Staphylococcus aureus bacteriophage phi-42 DNA with ORFs (restriction modification system)

gi|1771597|emb|X94423|SARMS [1771597]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M27965

Bacteriophage L54a (from S.aureus) int and xis genes, complete cds

gi|215096|gb|M27965|L54INTXIS [215096]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, MEDLINE 1 link, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

U72397

Bacteriophage 80 alpha holin and amidase genes, complete cds

gi|1763241|gb|U72397|B8U72397 [1763241]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AB009866

Bacteriophage phi PVL proviral DNA, complete sequence

gi|3341907|dbj|AB009866|AB009866 [3341907]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,63 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Z47794

Bacteriophage Cp-1 DNA, complete genome

gi|2288892|emb|Z47794|BPCP1XX [2288892]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 28 protein links, 1 nucleotide neighbor, or 1 genome link)

SEG_CP7RSIT

Bacteriophage Cp-7 (S.pneumoniae) 5' inverted terminal repeat

gi|166186|gb|SEG_CP7RSIT [166186]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M11635

Bacteriophage Cp-7 (S.pneumoniae) DNA, 3' inverted terminal repeat

gi|166185|gb|M11635|CP7RSIT2 [166185]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M11636

Bacteriophage Cp-7 (S.pneumoniae) 5' inverted terminal repeat

gi|166184|gb|M11636|CP7RSIT1 [166184]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

SEG_CP5RSIT

Bacteriophage Cp-5 (S.pneumoniae), 5' inverted terminal repeat

gi|166181|gb|SEG_CP5RSIT [166181]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1 MEDLINE link)

M11633

Bacteriophage Cp-5 (S.pneumoniae) 3' inverted terminal repeat

gi|166180|gb|M11633|CP5RSIT2 [166180]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M11634

Bacteriophage Cp-5 (S.pneumoniae), 5' inverted terminal repeat

gi|166179|gb|M11634|CP5RSIT1 [166179]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

M34780

Bacteriophage Cp-9 muramidase (cpl9) gene

gi|166187|gb|M34780|CP9CPL [166187]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M34652

Bacteriophage HB-3 amidase (hbl) gene, complete cds

gi|215055|gb|M34652|HB3HBLA [215055]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

U64984

Streptococcus pyogenes phage T12 repressor, excisionase (xis), integrase(int) and erythrogenic toxin A precursor (speA) genes, complete cds gi|1877426|gb|U40453|SPU40453 [1877426]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 4 protein links, or 22 nucleotide neighbors)

X12375

Phage CP-T1 (*Vibrio cholerae*) DNA for packaging signal (pac site)

gi|15435|emb|X12375|NCCPPAC [15435]

(View GenBank report, FASTA report, ASN.1 report, Graphical view, 1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

AF087814

Vibrio cholerae filamentous bacteriophage fs-2 DNA, complete genome sequence

gi|3702207|dbj|AB002632|AB002632 [3702207]

(View GenBank report, FASTA report, ASN.1 report, Graphical view, 1 MEDLINE link, 9 protein links, or 1 genome link)

D83518

Bacteriophage KVP40 gene for major capsid protein precursor, complete cds

gi|3046858|dbj|D83518|D83518 [3046858]

(View GenBank report, FASTA report, ASN.1 report, Graphical view, 1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

AF033322

Bacteriophage PST single-stranded binding protein (gene 32) gene, partial cds, and 5' region

gi|2645774|gb|AF033322|AF033322 [2645774]

(View GenBank report, FASTA report, ASN.1 report, Graphical view, 1 protein link, or 17 nucleotide neighbors)

X94331

Bacteriophage L cro, 24, c2, and c1 genes

gi|1469213|emb|X94331|BLCRO24C [1469213]

(View GenBank report, FASTA report, ASN.1 report, Graphical view, 1 MEDLINE link, or 4 protein links)

U82619

Shigella flexneri bacteriophage V glucosyl transferase (gtr), integrase (int) and excisionase (xis) genes, complete cds

gi|2465470|gb|U82619|SFU82619 [2465470]

(View GenBank report, FASTA report, ASN.1 report, Graphical view, 1 MEDLINE link, 8 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Shigella flexneri bacteriophage V glucosyl transferase (gtr), integrase (int) and excisionase (xis) genes, complete cds

NCBI *Entrez* Nucleotide QUERY

Key words: bacteriophage and lysis

56 citations found (all selected)

AJ011581

Bacteriophage PS119 lysis genes 13, 19, 15, and packaging gene 3, complete cds
gil3676084|embl|AJ011581|BPS011581 [3676084]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AJ011580

Bacteriophage PS34 lysis genes 13, 19, 15, antiterminator gene 23, and packaging gene 3, complete cds
gil3676078|embl|AJ011580|BPS011580 [3676078]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,5 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AJ011579

Bacteriophage PS3 lysis genes 13, 19, 15, and packaging gene 3
gil3676073|embl|AJ011579|BPS011579 [3676073]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF034975

Bacteriophage H-19B essential recombination function protein (erf), kil protein (kil), regulatory protein cIII (cIII), protein gp17 (17), N protein (N), cI protein (cI), cro protein (cro), cII protein (cII), O protein (O), P protein (P), ren protein (ren), Roi (roi), Q protein (Q), Shiga-like toxin A (slt-IA) and B (slt-IB) subunits, and putative holin protein (S) genes, complete cds
gil2668751|gb|AF034975| [2668751]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 20 protein links, or 30 nucleotide neighbors)

U37314

Bacateriophage lambda Rz1 protein precursor (Rz1) gene, complete cds
gil1017780|gb|U37314|BLU37314 [1017780]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 1 protein link, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

U00005

E. coli hflA locus encoding the hflX, hflK and hflC genes, hfq gene, complete cds; miaA gene, partial cds
gil436153|gb|U00005|ECOHLA [436153]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 MEDLINE

U32222

AF064539

AF063097

797974

AF059243

AF052431

Y07739

X94331

Bacteriophage L cro, 24, c2, and c1 genes
 gil1469213|emblX94331|BLCRO24C [1469213]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 4 protein links)

X78410

Bacteriophage phiadh holin and lysin genes
 gil793848|emblX78410|LGHOLLYS [793848]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X99260

Bacteriophage B103 genomic sequence
 gil1429229|emblX99260|BB103G [1429229]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 17 protein links, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

AJ000741

Bacteriophage P1 darA operon
 gil2462938|emblAJ000741|BPAJ7641 [2462938]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 10 protein links, or 31 nucleotide neighbors)

X87420

Bacteriophage ES18 genes 24, c2, cro, c1, 18, and oL and oR operators
 gil1143407|emblX87420|BPES18GEN [1143407]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,5 protein links, or 9 nucleotide neighbors)

L35561

Bacteriophage phi-105 ORFs 1-3
 gil532218|gb|L35561|PH5ORFHTR [532218]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 protein links)

D10027

Group II RNA coliphage GA genome
 gil217784|dbj|D10027|PGAXX [217784]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, 5 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

V01128

Bacteriophage phi-X174 (cs70 mutation) complete genome
 gil15535|emblV01128|PHIX174 [15535]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 MEDLINE links, 11 protein links, or 26 nucleotide neighbors)

S81763

coat gene...replicase gene [bacteriophage KU1, host=Escherichia coli,
group II RNA phage, Genomic RNA, 3 genes, 120 nt]
gil1438766|gb|S81763|S81763 [1438766]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 1
MEDLINE link)

U38906

Bacteriophage r1t integrase, repressor protein (rro), dUTPase, holin and
lysin genes, complete cds
gil1353517|gb|U38906|BRU38906 [1353517]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE
links, 50 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X91149

Bacteriophage phi-C31 DNA cos region
gil1107473|emb|X91149|APHIC31C [1107473]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
link, 6 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

V00642

phage MS2 genome
gil15081|emb|V00642|LEMS2X [15081]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,8 MEDLINE
links, 4 protein links, or 20 nucleotide neighbors)

V01146

Genome of bacteriophage T7
gil431187|emb|V01146|T7CG [431187]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,13 MEDLINE
links, 60 protein links, 105 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X78401

Bacteriophage P22 right operon, orf 48, replication genes 18 and 12, nin
region genes, ninG phosphatase, late control gene 23, orf 60, complete
cds, late control region, start of lysis gene 13
gil512343|emb|X78401|POP22NIN [512343]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE
links, 13 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

Y00408

Bacteriophage T4 gene t for lysis protein
gil15368|emb|Y00408|MYT4T [15368]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

Z26590

Bacteriophage mv4 lysA and lysB genes
 gil410500|emb|Z26590|MV4LYSAB [410500]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 4 protein links)

X07809

Phage phiX174 lysis (E) gene upstream region
 gil15094|emb|X07809|MIPHIXE [15094]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

Z34528

Lactococcal bacteriophage c2 lysin gene
 gil506455|emb|Z34528|LBC2LYSIN [506455]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X15031

Bacteriophage fr RNA genome
 gil15071|emb|X15031|LEBFRX [15071]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, 9 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X80191

Bacteriophage PP7 mRNA for maturation, coat, lysis and replicase proteins
 gil517237|emb|X80191|BPP7PR [517237]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 1 genome link)

X85010

Bacteriophage A511 ply511 gene
 gil853748|emb|X85010|BPA511PLY [853748]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X85009

Bacteriophage A500 hol500 and ply500 genes
 gil853744|emb|X85009|BPA500PLY [853744]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X85008

Bacteriophage A118 hol118 and ply118 genes
 gil853740|emb|X85008|BPA118PLY [853740]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Z35638

Bacteriophage phi-X174 genes for lysis protein and beta-lactamase
 gil520996|embl|Z35638|BPLYSPR [520996]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
 link, 2 protein links, or 516 nucleotide neighbors)

J02459

Bacteriophage lambda, complete genome
 gil215104|gb|J02459|LAMCG [215104]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,87 MEDLINE
 links, 67 protein links, 190 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X87674

Bacteriophage P1 lydA & lydB genes
 gil974763|embl|X87674|BACP1LYD [974763]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
 link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

X87673

Bacteriophage P1 gene 17
 gil974761|embl|X87673|BACP117 [974761]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
 link, 1 protein link, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M14784

Bacteriophage T3 strain amNG220B right end, tail fiber protein, lysis
 protein and DNA packaging proteins, complete cds
 gil215810|gb|M14784|PT3RE [215810]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
 link, 9 protein links, or 10 nucleotide neighbors)

M11813

Bacteriophage PZA (from B.subtilis), complete genome
 gil216046|gb|M11813|PZACG [216046]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE
 links, 27 protein links, 17 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

M16812

Bacteriophage K3 't' lysis gene, complete cds
 gil215503|gb|M16812|PK3LYST [215503]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE
 link, 1 protein link, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

J04356

Bacteriophage P22 proteins 15 (complete cds), and 19 (3' end) genes
 gil215265|gb|J04356|P2215P [215265]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

J04343

Bacteriophage JP34 coat and lysis protein genes, complete cds, and replicase protein gene, 5' end

gi|215076|gb|J04343|JP3COLY [215076]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

J02482

Bacteriophage phi-X174, complete genome

gi|216019|gb|J02482|PX1CG [216019]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,23 MEDLINE links, 11 protein links, 26 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

M99441

Bacteriophage T4 anti-sigma 70 protein (asiA) gene, complete cds and lysis protein, 3' end

gi|215820|gb|M99441|PT4ASIA [215820]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

M65239

Bacteriophage 21 lysis genes S, R, and Rz, complete cds

gi|215466|gb|M65239|PH2LYSGEN [215466]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M10637

Phage G4 D/E overlapping gene system, encoding D (morphogenetic) and E (lysis) proteins

gi|215427|gb|M10637|PG4DE [215427]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 12 nucleotide neighbors)

J02454

Bacteriophage G4, complete genome

gi|215415|gb|J02454|PG4CG [215415]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,6 MEDLINE links, 11 protein links, 20 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

J02580

Bacteriophage PA-2 (E.coli porcine strain isolate) Rz gene, 5'end; ORF2, outer membrane porin protein (lc) and ORF1 genes, complete cds

gi|215366|gb|J02580|PA2LC [215366]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

M14782

Bacillus phage phi-29 head morphogenesis, major head protein, head fiber protein, tail protein, upper collar protein, lower collar protein, pre-neck appendage protein, morphogenesis(13), lysis, morphogenesis(15), encapsidation genes, complete cds
 gil215323|gb|M14782|P29LATE2 [215323]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 11 protein links, or 11 nucleotide neighbors)

M10997

Bacteriophage P22 lysis genes 13 and 19, complete cds
 gil215262|gb|M10997|P221319 [215262]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

J02467

Bacteriophage MS2, complete genome
 gil215232|gb|J02467|MS2CG [215232]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,8 MEDLINE links, 4 protein links, 20 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

M14035

Bacteriophage lambda lysis S gene with mutations leading to nonlethality of S in the plasmid pRG1
 gil215180|gb|M14035|LAMLYS [215180]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 14 nucleotide neighbors)

U04309

Bacteriophage phi-LC3 putative holin (lysA) gene and putative murein hydrolase (lysB) gene, complete cds
 gil530796|gb|U04309|BPU04309 [530796]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

NCBI *Entrez* Nucleotide QUERY

Key word: holin

51 citations found (all selected)

AF034975

Bacteriophage H-19B essential recombination function protein (erf), kil protein (kil), regulatory protein cIII (cIII), protein gp17 (17), N protein (N), cI protein (cI), cro protein (cro), cII protein (cII), O protein (O), P protein (P), ren protein (ren), Roi (roi), Q protein (Q), Shiga-like toxin A (slt-IA) and B (slt-IB) subunits, and putative holin protein (S) genes, complete cds
gil2668751|gb|AF034975| [2668751]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 20 protein links, or 30 nucleotide neighbors)

U52961

Staphylococcus aureus holin-like protein LrgA (lrgA) and LrgB (lrgB) genes, complete cds
gil1841516|gb|U52961|SAU52961 [1841516]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U28154

Haemophilus somnus cryptic prophage genes, capsid scaffolding protein gene, partial cds, major capsid protein precursor, endonuclease, capsid completion protein, tail synthesis proteins, holin, and lysozyme genes, complete cds
gil1765928|gb|U28154|HSU28154 [1765928]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 13 protein links)

AF032122

Streptococcus thermophilus bacteriophage Sfi19 central region of genome
gil2935682|gb|AF032122| [2935682]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 14 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AF032121

Streptococcus thermophilus bacteriophage Sfi21 central region of genome
gil2935667|gb|AF032121|AF032121 [2935667]
(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 14 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

AF021803

Bacillus subtilis 168 prophage SPbeta N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase (blyA), holin-like protein (bhlA), holin-like protein (bhlB), and yolK genes, complete cds; and yolJ gene, partial cds
 gi|2997594|gb|AF021803|AF021803 [2997594]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 5 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF057033

Streptococcus thermophilus bacteriophage sfi11 gp502 (orf502), gp284 (orf284), gp129 (orf129), gp193 (orf193), gp119 (orf119), gp348 (orf348), gp53 (orf53), gp113 (orf113), gp104 (orf104), gp114 (orf114), gp128 (orf128), gp168 (orf168), gp117 (orf117), gp105 (orf105), putative minor tail protein (orf1510), putative minor structural protein (orf512), putative minor structural protein (orf1000), gp373 (orf373), gp57 (orf57), putative anti-receptor (orf695), putative minor structural protein (orf669), gp149 (orf149), putative holin (orf141), putative holin (orf87), and lysin (orf288) genes, complete cds
 gi|3320432|gb|AF057033|AF057033 [3320432]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,25 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U32222

Bacteriophage 186, complete sequence
 gi|3337249|gb|U32222|B1U32222 [3337249]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,6 MEDLINE links, 46 protein links, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

AB009866

Bacteriophage phi PVL proviral DNA, complete sequence
 gi|3341907|dbj|AB009866|AB009866 [3341907]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,63 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

AF009630

Bacteriophage bIL170, complete genome
 gi|3282260|gb|AF009630|AF009630 [3282260]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,63 protein links, 3 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

AF064539

Bacteriophage N15, complete genome

gil3192683|gb|AF064539|AF064539 [3192683]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE
 links, 60 protein links, 26 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

AF063097

Bacteriophage P2, complete genome
 gil3139086|gb|AF063097|AF063097 [3139086]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,21 MEDLINE
 links, 42 protein links, 3 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

Z97974

Bacteriophage phiadh lys, hol, intG, rad,and tec genes
 gil2707950|emb|Z97974|BPFIADH [2707950]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE
 links, 9 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X95646

Streptococcus thermophilus bacteriophage Sfi21 DNA; lysogeny module,
 8141 bp
 gil2292747|emb|X95646|BSFI21LYS [2292747]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE
 links, 19 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

SEG_LLHLYSIN0

Bacteriophage LL-H structural protein gene, partial cds; minor
 structural protein gp61 (g57), unknown protein, unknown protein,
 structural protein (g20), unknown protein, unknown protein, major capsid
 protein (g34), main tail protein gp19 (g17), holin (hol), muramidase
 (mur), unknown protein, unknown protein, unknown protein, unknown
 protein, unknown protein, and unknown protein genes, complete cds;
 unknown protein gene, partial cds; and unknown protein, unknown protein,
 unknown protein, unknown protein, unknown protein, minor structural
 protein gp75 (g70), minor structural protein gp89 (g88), minor
 structural protein gp58 (g71), unknown protein, unknown protein, unknown
 protein, and unknown protein genes, complete cds
 gil1004337|gb|SEG_LLHLYSIN0 [1004337]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 MEDLINE
 links, 31 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

M96254

Bacteriophage LL-H holin (hol), muramidase (mur), and unknown protein
 genes, complete cds
 gil1004336|gb|M96254|LLHLYSIN03 [1004336]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report, or Graphical view)

Y07740

Staphylococcus phage 187 ply187 and hol187 genes

gi|2764982|emb|Y07740|BP187PLYH [2764982]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 2 protein links)

U88974

Streptococcus thermophilus bacteriophage 01205 DNA sequence

gi|2444080|gb|U88974| [2444080]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 57 protein links, or 6 nucleotide neighbors)

Z99117

Bacillus subtilis complete genome (section 14 of 21): from 2599451 to

2812870

gi|2634966|emb|Z99117|BSUB0014 [2634966]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,233 protein links, 51 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

Z99115

Bacillus subtilis complete genome (section 12 of 21): from 2195541 to

2409220

gi|2634478|emb|Z99115|BSUB0012 [2634478]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,244 protein links, 64 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

Z99110

Bacillus subtilis complete genome (section 7 of 21): from 1194391 to

1411140

gi|2633472|emb|Z99110|BSUB0007 [2633472]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,226 protein links, 31 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

X78410

Bacteriophage phiadh holin and lysin genes

gi|793848|emb|X78410|LGHOLLYS [793848]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Z93946

Bacteriophage Dp-1 dph and pal genes and 5 open reading frames

gi|1934760|emb|Z93946|BPDP1ORFS [1934760]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 6 protein links)

AF011378

Bacteriophage sk1 complete genome

gi|2392824|gb|AF011378|AF011378 [2392824]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,54 protein links, 2 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

Z47794

Bacteriophage Cp-1 DNA, complete genome

gi|2288892|emb|Z47794|BPCP1XX [2288892]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 28 protein links, 1 nucleotide neighbor, or 1 genome link)

L35561

Bacteriophage phi-105 ORFs 1-3

gi|532218|gb|L35561|PH5ORFHTR [532218]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 3 protein links)

D49712

Bacillus licheniformis DNA for ORFs, xpaL2 homologous protein and xpaL1 homologous protein, complete and partial cds

gi|1514423|dbj|D49712|D49712 [1514423]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, or 4 protein links)

X90511

Lactobacillus bacteriophage phig1e DNA for Rorf162, Holin, Lysin, and Rorf175 genes

gi|1926386|emb|X90511|LBPHIHOL [1926386]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X98106

Lactobacillus bacteriophage phig1e complete genomic DNA

gi|1926320|emb|X98106|LBPHIG1E [1926320]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE

link, 50 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

U72397

Bacteriophage 80 alpha holin and amidase genes, complete cds

gi|1763241|gb|U72397|B8U72397 [1763241]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

U38906

Bacteriophage rlt integrase, repressor protein (rro), dUTPase, holin and lysin genes, complete cds

gi|1353517|gb|U38906|BRU38906 [1353517]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 50 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

X91149

Bacteriophage phi-C31 DNA cos region

gi|1107473|emb|X91149|APHIC31C [1107473]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 6 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U24159

Bacteriophage HP1 strain HP1c1, complete genome

gi|1046235|gb|U24159|BHU24159 [1046235]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,6 MEDLINE links, 41 protein links, 8 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

Z26590

Bacteriophage mv4 lysA and lysB genes

gi|410500|emb|Z26590|MV4LYSAB [410500]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view, or 4 protein links)

Z70177

B.subtilis DNA (28 kb PBSX/skin element region)

gi|1225934|emb|Z70177|BSPBSXSE [1225934]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,32 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

Z36941

B.subtilis defective prophage PBSX xhlA, xhlB, and xylA genes

gi|535793|emb|Z36941|BSPBSXXHL [535793]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,4 protein links, or 5 nucleotide neighbors)

X89234

L.innocua DNA for phagelysin and holin gene

gi|1134844|emb|X89234|LICPLYHOL [1134844]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X85010

Bacteriophage A511 ply511 gene

gi|853748|emb|X85010|BPA511PLY [853748]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X85009

Bacteriophage A500 hol500 and ply500 genes

gi|853744|emb|X85009|BPA500PLY [853744]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 4 nucleotide neighbors)

X85008

Bacteriophage A118 hol118 and ply118 genes

gi|853740|emb|X85008|BPA118PLY [853740]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L34781

Bacteriophage phi 11 holin homologue (ORF3) gene, complete cds and peptidoglycan hydrolase (lytA) gene, partial cds

gi|511838|gb|L34781|BPHHOLIN [511838]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 4 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

U11698

Serratia marcescens SM6 extracellular secretory protein (nucE), putative phage lysozyme (nucD), and transcriptional activator (nucC) genes, complete cds

gi|509550|gb|U11698|SMU11698 [509550]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE

link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

U31763

Serratia marcescens phage-holin analog protein (regA), putative phage lysozyme (regB), and transcriptional activator (regC) genes, complete cds

gi|965068|gb|U31763|SMU31763 [965068]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 3 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

X87674

Bacteriophage P1 lydA & lydB genes

gi|974763|emb|X87674|BACP1LYD [974763]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

L48605

Bacteriophage c2 complete genome

gi|1146276|gb|L48605|C2PVCG [1146276]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,3 MEDLINE links, 39 protein links, 3 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

L33769

Bacteriophage bIL67 DNA polymerase subunit (ORF3-5), essential recombination protein (ORF13), lysin (ORF24), minor tail protein (ORF31), terminase subunit (ORF32), holin (ORF37), unknown protein (ORF 1-2,6-12,14-23,25-30,33-36), complete genome

gi|522252|gb|L33769|L67CG [522252]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 37 protein links, 2 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

L31348

Bacteriophage Tuc2009 integrase (int) gene, complete cds; lysin (lys) gene, 3' end

gi|508612|gb|L31348|TU2INT [508612]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 3 protein links, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

L31364

Bacteriophage Tuc2009 holin (S) gene, complete cds; lysin (lys) gene, complete cds

gi|496281|gb|L31364|TU2SLYS [496281]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L31366

Bacteriophage Tuc2009 structural protein (mp2) gene, complete cds
gi|496278|gb|L31366|TU2MP2A [496278]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

L31365

Bacteriophage Tuc2009 structural protein (mp1) gene, complete cds
gi|496276|gb|L31365|TU2MP1A [496276]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, or 1 protein link)

U04309

Bacteriophage phi-LC3 putative holin (lysA) gene and putative murein
hydrolase (lysB) gene, complete cds

gi|530796|gb|U04309|BPU04309 [530796]

(View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 2 protein links, or 1 nucleotide neighbor)

Table 14

NCBI Entrez Nucleotide QUERY**Key word: bacteriophage and kil****5 citations found (all selected)**

AF034975

Bacteriophage H-19B essential recombination function protein (erf), kil protein (kil), regulatory protein cIII (cIII), protein gp17 (17), N protein (N), cI protein (cI), cro protein (cro), cII protein (cII), O protein (O), P protein (P), ren protein (ren), Roi (roi), Q protein (Q), Shiga-like toxin A (slt-IA) and B (slt-IB) subunits, and putative holin protein (S) genes, complete cds
 gil2668751|gb|AF034975| [2668751]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 20 protein links, or 30 nucleotide neighbors)

X15637

Bacteriophage P22 P(L) operon encompassing ral, 17, kil and arf genes
 gil15646|emb|X15637|POP22PL [15646]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 7 protein links, or 2 nucleotide neighbors)

J02459

Bacteriophage lambda, complete genome
 gil215104|gb|J02459|LAMCG [215104]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,87 MEDLINE links, 67 protein links, 190 nucleotide neighbors, or 1 genome link)

M64097

Bacteriophage Mu left end
 gil215543|gb|M64097|PMULEFTEN [215543]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,2 MEDLINE links, 39 protein links, or 15 nucleotide neighbors)

M18902

Bacteriophage D108 kil gene encoding a replication protein, 3' end; and containing three ORFs, complete cds
 gil166191|gb|M18902|D18KIL [166191]
 (View GenBank report,FASTA report,ASN.1 report,Graphical view,1 MEDLINE link, 1 protein link, or 3 nucleotide neighbors)

652021 22245460

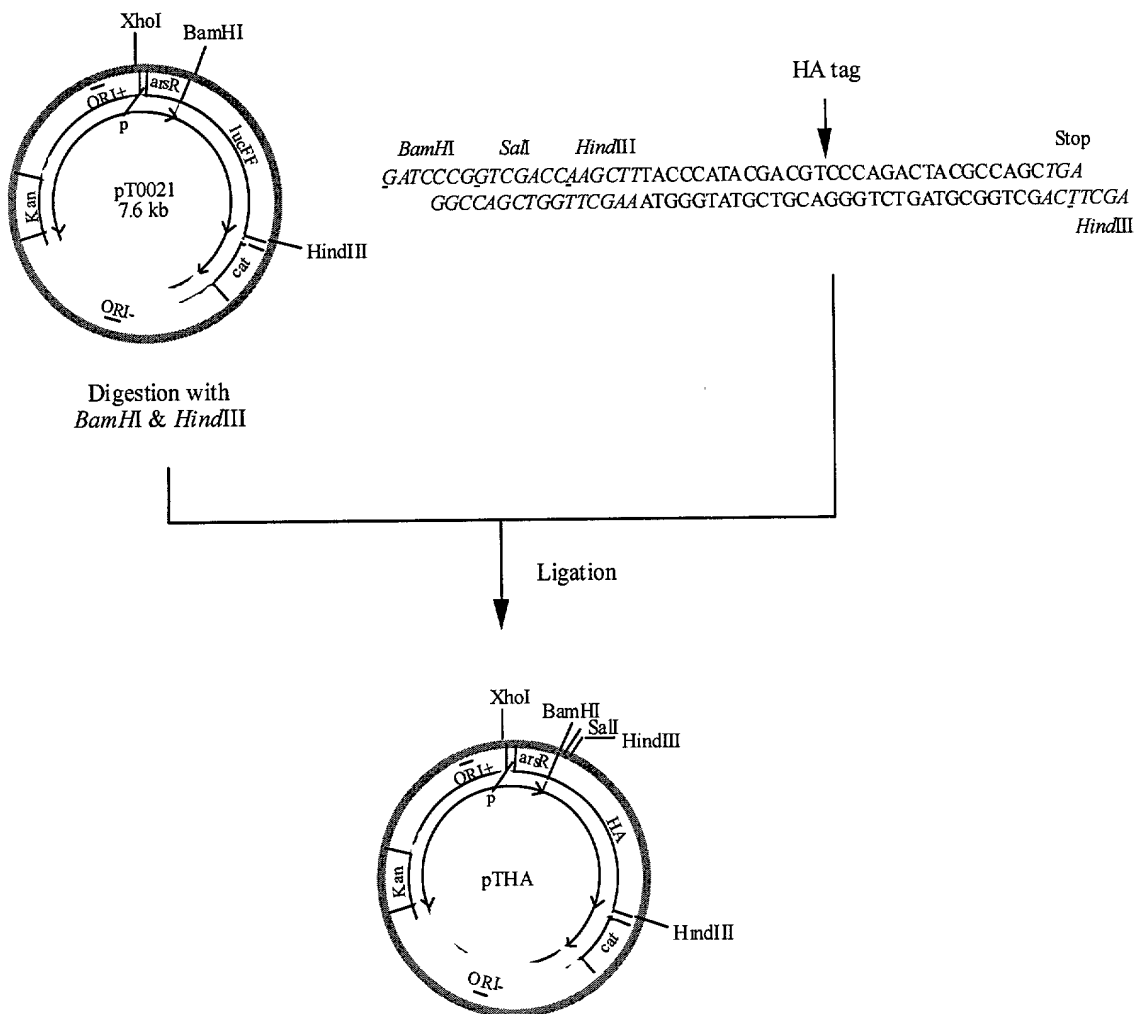


Fig. 1A

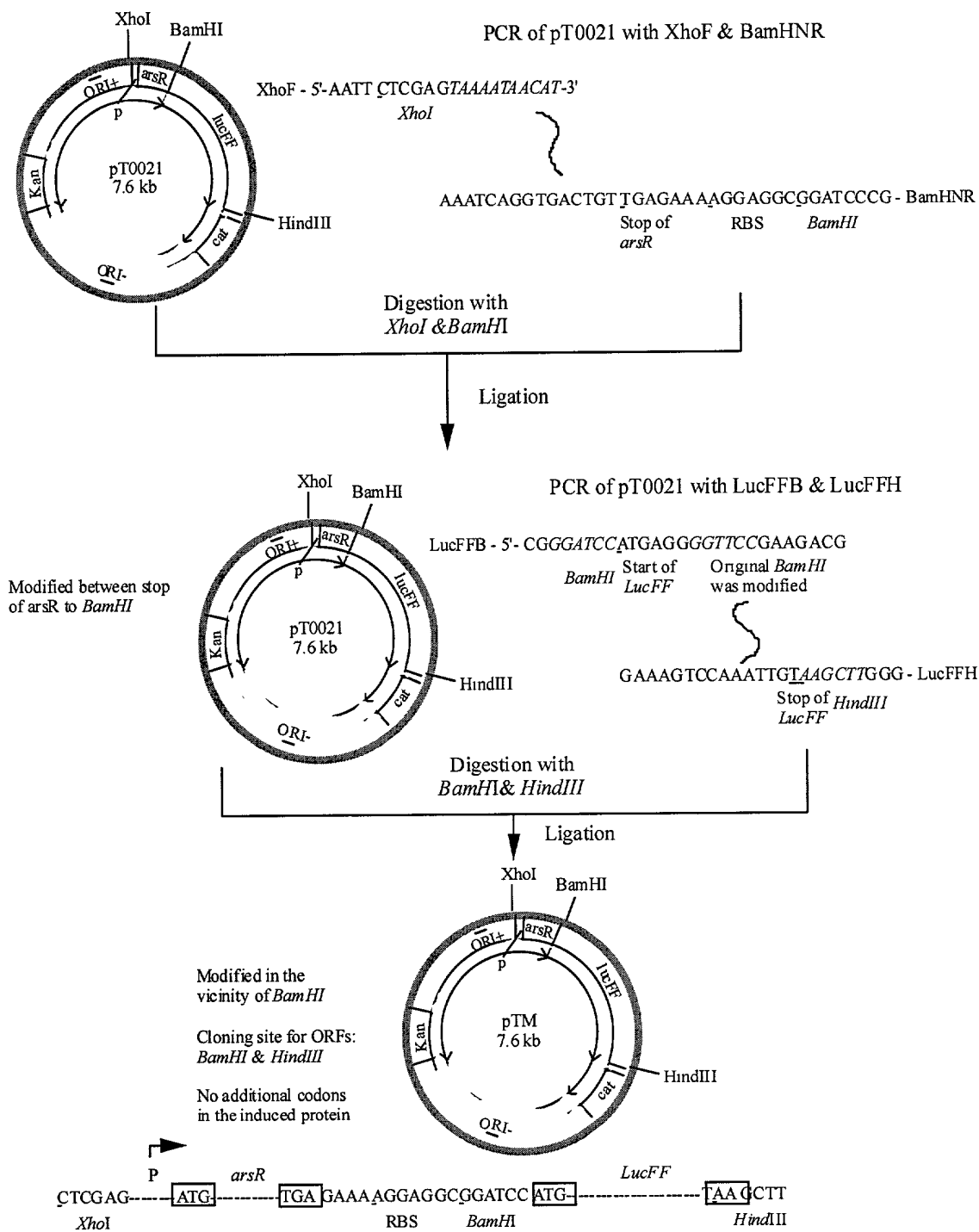


Fig. 1B

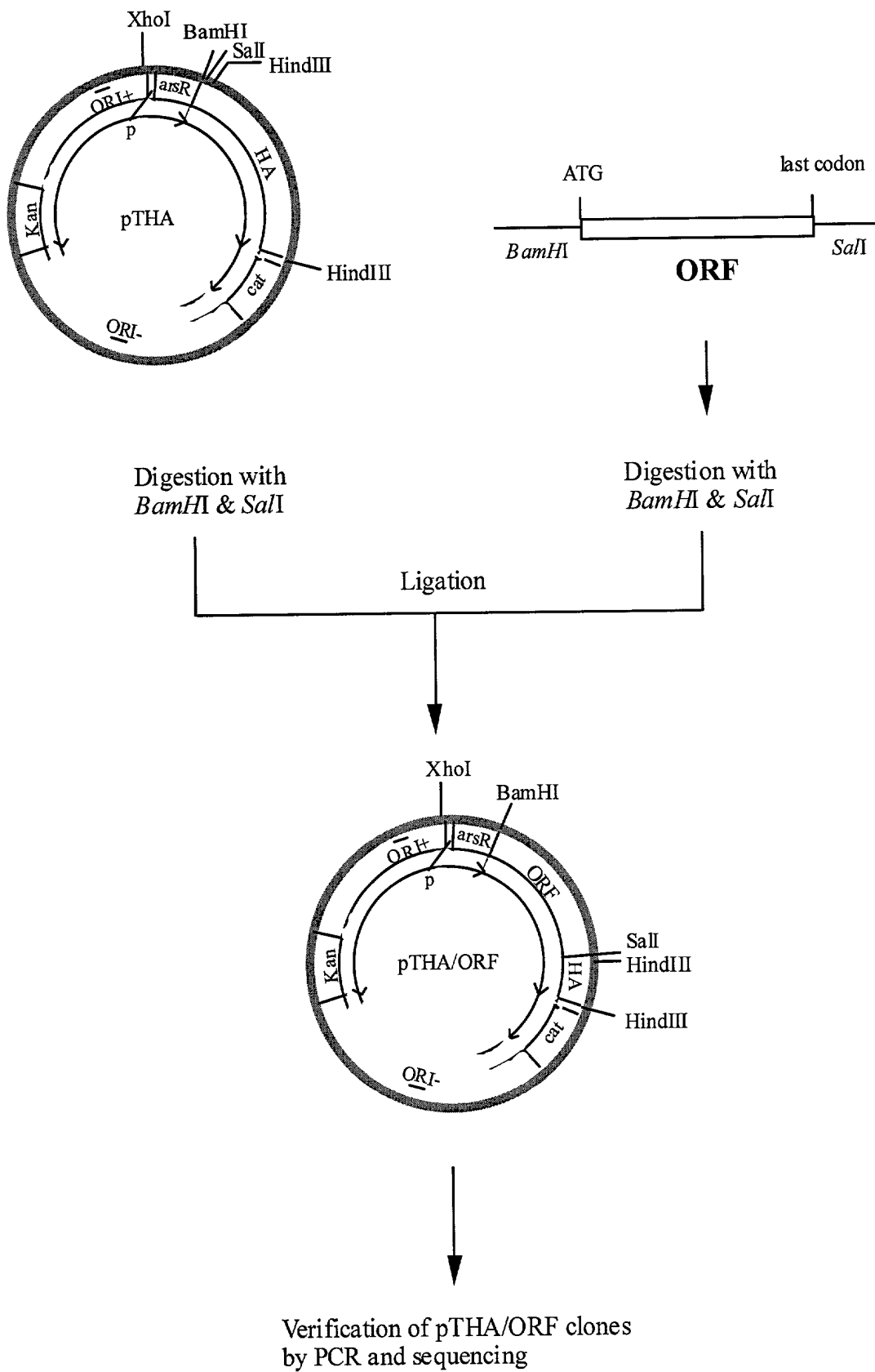
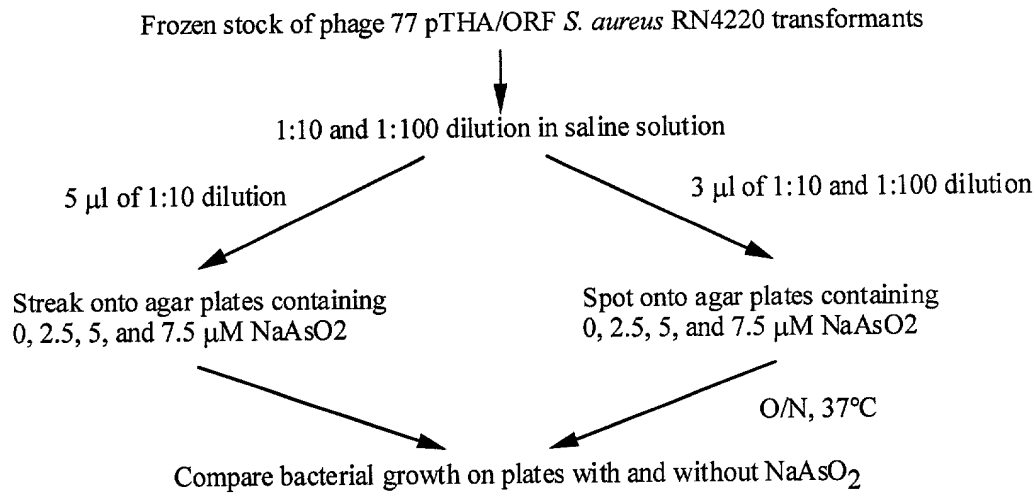


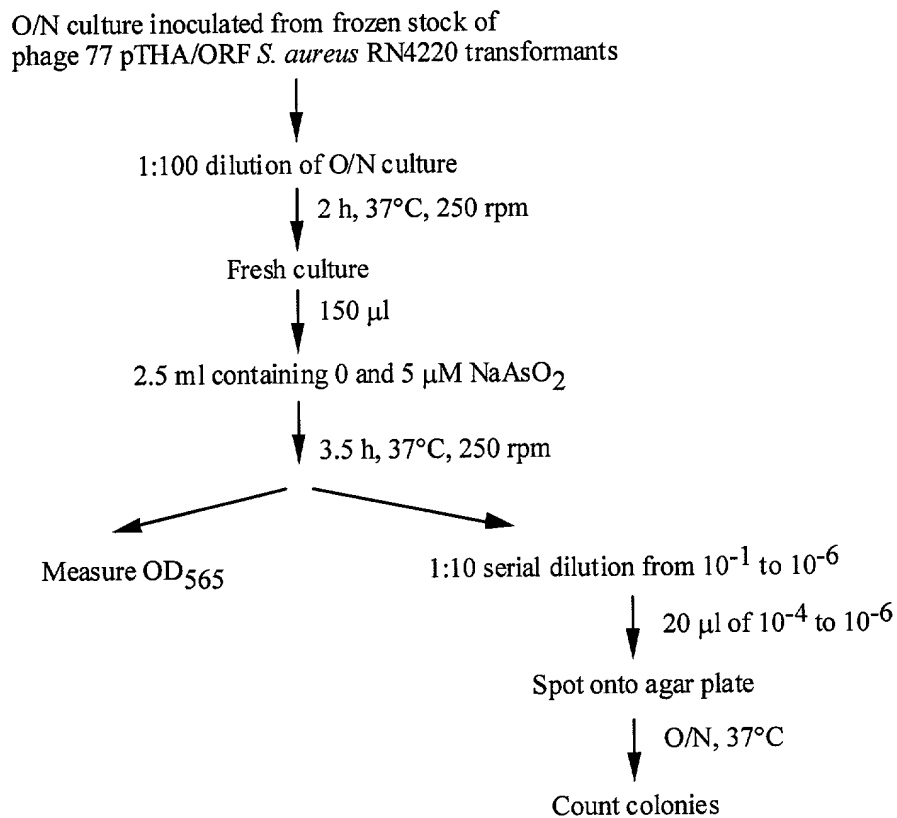
Fig. 2

Fig. 3

A) Functional assay on semi-solid support media



B) Functional assay in liquid medium



A. Inhibition of bacterial growth with individual ORFs of a *S. aureus* bacteriophage

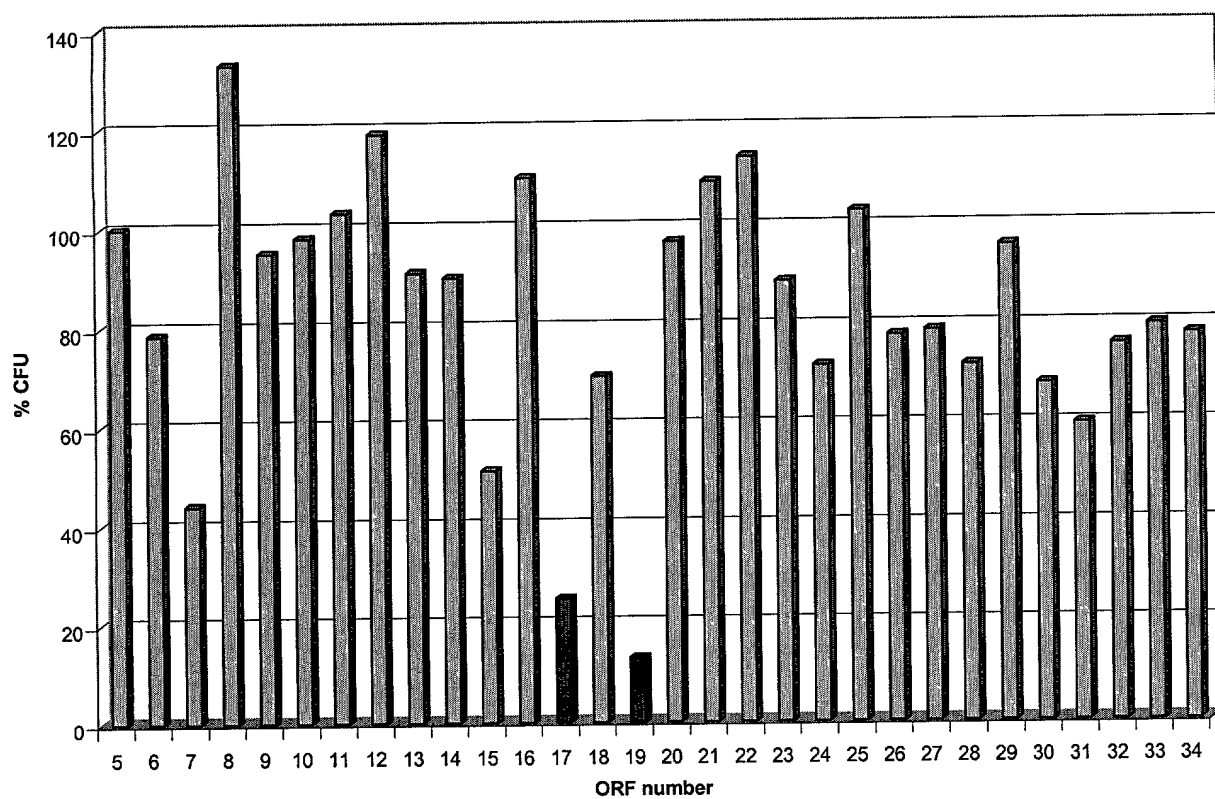


Fig. 4A

Fig. 4B

B. Inhibition of bacterial growth with individual ORFs of a *S. aureus* bacteriophage.

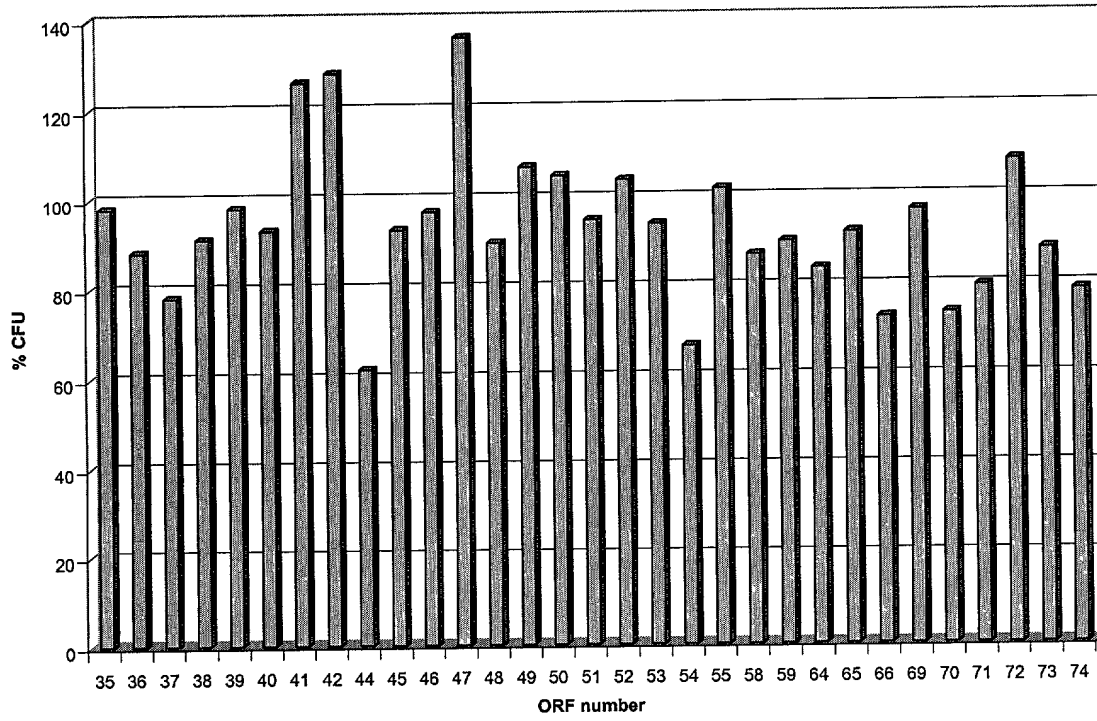


Fig. 4C

C. Inhibition of bacterial growth with individual ORFs of a *S. aureus* bacteriophage.

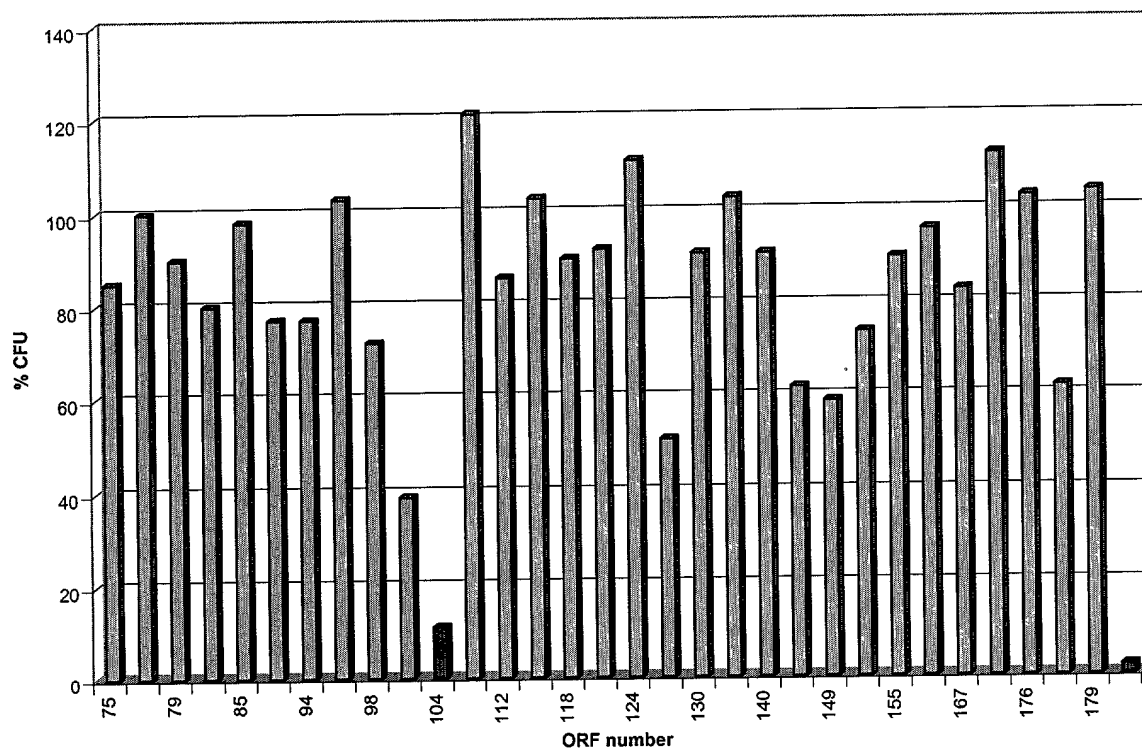


Fig. 5

